THE

A ACT

OF

Tonnage & Poundage,

AND

BOOK of RATES;

WITH

Several STATUTES at large relating to the Customs;

Carefully examined by the Records:

Out of which are Collected

The Variations from the *Book* of *Rates* and Act of *Tonnage* and *Poundage*, as now Practis'd.

With an Abridgment of several other Statutes concerning the Customs.

AS ALSO

The usual Tares, Ports of *England* and *Wales*, Lawful Keys, and Wharfs in the Port of *London*; With the Tables of Officers Fees, Scavage, Package, Balliage, and Packers-Porters Duties.

Together with

An Index of the whole Alphabetically digested.

LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* and *Christopher Barker*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1675.

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Anno XII

CAROLI II. Regis.

A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported.

THe Commons assembled in Parliament, reposing Trust and Confidence in Your Majesty, in and for the Guarding and Defending of the Seas, against all persons intending, or that shall intend the Disturbance of Your said Commons, in the intercourse of Trade, and the Invading of this Your Realm, For the better defraying the necessary Expences thereof, which cannot otherwise be effected, without great Charge to Your Majesty, Do, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords in this Your present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, to the intent aforesaid, Give and Grant unto Your our Supreme Leige Lord and Soveraign, one Subsidy, called Tonnage; that is to say, Of every Ton of Wine of the growth of France, or of any the Dominions of the French King, or Crown of France, that shall come into the Port of London, and the Members thereof, by way of Merchandize, by Your Natural-born Subjects, the sum of Four pounds and ten shillings of currant English money, and so after that rate; and by Strangers and Aliens Six pounds of like money; And of every Ton of the like Wine, which shall be brought into all and every the other Ports and places of this Kingdom, and the Dominions thereof, by way of

Grounds of granting this Subsidy.

Subsidy of Tonnage.

Rate of French Wines.

London.

Out-Ports.

of Merchandize, by Your Natural-born Subjects, the sum of Three pounds, and by Aliens Four pounds and ten shillings; And of every Butt or Pipe of Muscadels, Malmseys, Cutes, Tents, Alicants, Bastards, Sacks, Canaries, Malagaes, Maderaes, and other Wines whatsoever, commonly called Sweet Wines, of the growth of the Levant, Spain, Portugal, or any of them, or any of the Islands or Dominions to them, or any of them belonging, or elsewhere, that shall come, or be brought into the Port of London, by Your Natural-born Subjects, the sum of Forty five shillings of current English money, and so after that rate; And by Strangers and Aliens Three pounds of like money: And of every Butt and Pipe of the like Wine, which shall come, or be brought into all, every, or any the other Ports and Places of this Kingdom, and Dominions thereof, by way of Merchandize, by Your Natural-born Subjects, the sum of Thirty shillings, and by Strangers Forty five shillings: And of every Awm of Rhenish Wine, or Wine of the growth of Germany, that shall be brought into this Your Realm, and the Dominions thereof, by Your Natural-born Subjects, the sum of Twenty shillings of current English money, and by Strangers and Aliens Twenty and five shillings; which several rates are the same which are expressed in a certain Book of Rates herein after mentioned and referred unto.

Sweet Wines.

London.

Out-Ports.

Rhenish Wines.

Subsidy of Poundage by English and Aliens.

And also one other Subsidy called Poundage; That is to say, of all manner of Goods and Merchandize of every Merchant, Natural-born Subject, Denizen, and Alien, to be carried out of this Realm, or any Your Majesties Dominions to the same belonging, or to be brought into the same by way of Merchandize, of the value of every Twenty shillings, of the same Goods and Merchandize, according to the several and particular Rates and Values of the same Goods and Merchandizes, as the same are particularly and respectively Rated and Valued in the said Book of Rates herein after mentioned, and referred unto, Twelve pence, and so after that Rate: And of every Twenty shillings value of any the Native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufactures wrought of any such Native Com-

By Aliens for Native Commodities exported.

Commodities, to be carried out of this Realm, by every, or any Merchant Alien, according to the Value thereof in the said Book expressed, Twelve pence, over and above the Twelve pence aforesaid; Except and forprized out of this Grant of Subsidy of Poundage, all manner of Woollen Clothes, made or wrought, or to be made or wrought within this Realm of England, commonly called Old Draperies, and all Wines before Limited to pay Subsidy of Tonnage, and all manner of Fish English-taken, and brought by English Bottoms into this Realm, and all manner of fresh Fish, and Bestial, that shall come into this Your Realm, and all other Goods and Merchandizes, which in the said Book of Rates are mentioned to be Custom-free.

Old Draperies, Fish, &c. excepted.

And further, We Your said Commons, by the Advice, Assent, and Authority aforesaid, do Give and Grant unto You, our said Liege Lord and Sovereign, for the causes aforesaid, One other Subsidy, that is to say, of and for every short Woollen Cloth to be exported by Your Natural-born Subjects of this Your Realm, and the Dominions thereof, called Broad Cloth, not exceeding twenty eight yards in length, and three score and four pounds in weight, the sum of three shillings and four pence of currant English money, and of every Cloth of greater length and weight proportionably, according to the same rate: And of every other short Cloth of Old Drapery of lesser length and weight, accounting so many pieces to a short Cloth, as are limited and appointed thereunto by the said Book of Rates, to be likewise exported by Your said Natural-born Subjects, the like sum of Three shillings four pence, and so after that rate: And by Strangers and Aliens Six shillings and eight pence for every short Cloth, accounted as aforesaid, which several Rates are accordingly expressed in the said Book of Rates herein after mentioned, and referred unto. To have, hold, take, enjoy, and perceive the Subsidies aforesaid, and every of them, and every part and parcel of them, unto Your Majesty, from the Four and twentieth day of June inclusively, in the Twelfth Year of Your Majesties Reign, for and during Your Majesties life, which God long preserve.

Subsidy of short Clothes.

By English 3 s. 4 d. per Cloth.

By Aliens 6 s. 8 d. per Cloth.

Granted for life.

No Goods to be shipped to be carried beyond Sea, or unladen to be laid on land before the Custom be paid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Wines, Goods, or other Merchandize, whereof the Subsidies aforesaid are or shall be due, shall at any time after be Shipped or put into any Boat or Vessel, to the intent to be carried into the parts beyond the Seas, or else be brought from the parts beyond the Seas into any Port, Place, or Creek of this Realm, or other Your Majesties Dominions, by way of Merchandize, and unshipped to be laid on Land, the Subsidy, Customs, and other Duties due or to be due for the same, not paid, or lawfully tendred to the Collector thereof, or his Deputy, with the consent and agreement of the Controller and Surveyor there, or one of them at the least, nor agreed with for the same in the Custom-houle, according to the true meaning of this Act, that then, from the said Four and twentieth day of June, all the same Wines, Goods and Merchandizes whatsoever, shall be forfeit to Your Majesty, the Moiety of the Rate thereof to Your Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that will Seize the same, or sue for the same. And that it may please Your Majesty, That all Merchants, as well Denizens as Strangers, coming into this Your Realm, be well and honestly entreated and demeaned, for such things as Subsidy by this Act is granted, as they were in the time of Your Noble Progenitors and Predecessors, without oppression to them to be done, paying the Subsidies aforesaid.

The Penalty.

Merchants to be kindly entreated

Goods perished, or taken at Sea.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Goods or Merchandize, as aforesaid, of any Merchant being born Denizen, after the said Four and twentieth day of June, hath been, or at any time hereafter during Your Majesties life shall be taken by any Enemies or Pirates upon the Sea, or perished in any Ship or Ships that shall happen to be taken or perished, during Your Majesties life, whereof the Subsidies and other Duties aforesaid, are, or shall be duly paid or agreed for, as aforesaid, and that duly proved before the Treasurer of England, Commissioners of the Treasury, or Chief Baron of the Exchequer for the time being, by the Examination of the same Merchants, if they be alive, or of their Executors and Administrators,

niſtratoꝛs, if they be dead, oꝛ by Two credible Witneſſes at the leaſt Swoꝛn, oꝛ other reaſonable Witneſſe and Pꝛoof ſwoꝛn, then the ſame Merchant oꝛ Merchants, his oꝛ their Executoꝛs oꝛ Adminiſtratoꝛs, ſhall oꝛ may newly Ship, in the ſame Poꝛt where the Goods and Merchandize afoꝛeſaid were, oꝛ ſhall be Cuſtomed, ſo much other Merchandize oꝛ Goods, as the ſame Goods oꝛ Merchandize are, oꝛ ſhall be loſt as afoꝛeſaid, ſhall amount unto in Cuſtom, without paying of any thing foꝛ the ſame, ſo as the ſame Pꝛoof be Recoꝛded and allowed of in the Court of Exchequer, and Certified unto the Collectoꝛs of the Cuſtoms of the Poꝛt where the ſame Wares oꝛ Merchandize are to be newly Shipped without Cuſtom, as afoꝛeſaid. And further, That every Merchant-Denizen, who ſhall hereafter Ship any Goods oꝛ Merchandize in any Carꝛack oꝛ Galley, ſhall pay to Your Majeſty all manner of Cuſtoms, and all the Subſidies afoꝛeſaid, as any Alien boꝛn out of the Realm.

The like quantity to be ſhipped out free.

Merchants Denizens ſhipping Goods in a Carrack, &c.

Pꝛovided always, That it ſhall and may be lawful to all and every Your Subjects, at his and their will and pleaſure, to convey and tranſpoꝛt out of this Realm, in Ships and other Veſſels of any the Subjects of this Realm, all and every kind of Herrings, and other Sea-fiſh, to be taken on the Sea by any the Subjects afoꝛeſaid, fꝛom oꝛ out of any Poꝛt oꝛ Harbour of this Realm, to any place out of Your Majeſties Dominions, without paying any Cuſtom, Subſidy, oꝛ Poundage-moneys foꝛ the ſame Herrings, oꝛ other Fiſh ſo carried oꝛ tranſpoꝛted during Your Majeſties life, any thing herein befoꝛe contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Herrings and other Fiſh to be Exported by Engliſhmen, Cuſtom-free.

And becauſe no Rates can be Impoſed upon Merchandize, Impoꝛted oꝛ Expoꝛted by Subjects oꝛ Aliens, but by common conſent in Parliament, Be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authoꝛity afoꝛeſaid, That the Rates intended by this pꝛeſent Act, ſhall be the Rates mentioned and expꝛeſſed in one Book of Rates, Entituled, The Rates of Merchandize: That is to ſay, the Subſidy of Tonnage, the Subſidy of Poundage, and the Subſidy of Woollen Clothes, oꝛ Old Dꝛaperies, as they are Rated and Agꝛeed on by the Commons Houſe of Parliament, ſet down and expꝛeſſed

Rates of Merchandize.

in

in this Book, to be paid according to the Tenor of the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, from the Four and twentieth day of June inclusively, in the Twelfth year of His Majesties Reign, during His Majesties Life, and Subscribed with the Hand of Sir Harbottle Grimstone Baronet, Speaker of the House of Commons; Which said Book of Rates, composed and agreed on by Your Majesties said Commons, and also every Article, Rule and Clause therein contained, shall be and remain, during Your Majesties Life, as effectual to all intents and purposes, as if the same were included particularly in the Body of this present Act.

Granted for life.

And it is further Enacted, That during the continuance of this present Grant, where the Goods Exported or Imported amount to the value of Five pounds or more, the Customers and Collectors, and all other His Majesties Officers in the several Ports, shall take and receive such Fees, and no other, as were taken in the Fourth year of the late King James, until such time as the said Fees shall be otherwise setled by Authority of Parliament.

Customers and Officers Fees.

Provided always, That no person or persons, who after the Four and twentieth of June, in the year One thousand six hundred and sixty, and before the Four and twentieth of July in the same year, have paid, received, or collected any Duties, or Customs, according to the Rates used in April One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall be molested, or any way Impeached, for or concerning the Payment or Receipt of the said Duties, or any other Duties by this Act Imposed.

And it is hereby further Declared, That no person who hath shipped any Goods since the said Four and twentieth of June, and before the said Four and twentieth of July, shall be liable to the payment of any Duties therefore, other then such as were used to be paid in the said Moneth of April, One thousand six hundred and sixty.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, immediately from and after the passing of this Act, to transport, ship, and carry out of this Kingdom, or out of any Port thereof, by way of Merchandize,

Goods permitted to be exported.

dize any of these Commodities, Goods, and Merchandizes following, That is to say, Iron Armour, Bandeliers, Bridle-bits, Halbert-heads and Sharps, Holsters, Musquets, Carbines, Fowling-pieces, Pistols, Pike-heads, Sword or Rapier-blades, Saddles, Snaffles, Stirrops, Calve-skins dressed or undressed, Geldings, Oxen, Sheep-skins dressed without the Wooll, and all sorts of Manufactures made of Leather, paying the respective Rates appointed by this Act, and no other; Any Law, Statutes, Prohibitions, and Customs to the contrary notwithstanding.

Goods permitted to be exported when they do not exceed the Prices hereafter mentioned.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, immediately after the passing of this Act, for any person or persons to Ship, carry out, and transport by way of Merchandize, these several sorts of Goods following, That is to say, Gunpowder, when the same doth not exceed the price of Five pounds the Barrel: And Wheat, Rye, Peale, Beans, Barley, Malt and Oats, Beef, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Candles, when the same do not exceed in price at the Ports from whence they are Laden, and at the time of their Lading, these Prices following: That is to say, Wheat the Quarter, Fourty shillings; Rye, Beans and Peale the Quarter, Twenty four shillings; Barley and Malt the Quarter, Twenty shillings; Oats the Quarter, Sixteen shillings; Beef the Barrel, Five pounds; Pork the Barrel, Six pounds ten shillings; Bacon the pound, Six pence; Butter the Barrel, Four pounds ten shillings; Cheese the hundred, One pound ten shillings; Candles the dozen pounds, Five shillings; paying the respective Rates appointed by this Act, and no more; Any former Law, Statute, Prohibition or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

His Majesty may prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, &c.

Provided always, That it shall be free and lawful for His Majesty, at any time when he shall see cause so to do, and for such time as shall be therein expressed by Proclamation, to prohibit the Transporting of Gunpowder, or any sort of Arms or Ammunition, into any parts out of this Kingdom; Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An additional Duty upon

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That over and above the Rates herein before mentioned, there shall be paid unto

French Wines, &c.

unto Your Majesty, of every Ton of Wine of the growth of France, Germany, Portugal, or Madera, brought into the Port of London, or elsewhere, the sum of Three pounds current English Money, within the space of Nine Moneths after the Importing: And of every Ton of all other Wines brought in as aforesaid, the sum of Four pounds of like current Money, within the space of Nine Moneths after the Importing thereof. For the payment of which Duties accordingly, the Importer shall give good Security: And if any of the said Wines for which the Additional Duty in this Clause mentioned, is paid, or secured at the Importation, be Exported within Twelve Moneths after their Importation, then the aforesaid Additional Duty in this Clause mentioned, shall be returned, or the Security discharged, as to so much as shall be so Exported: And if at the Importation the Importer shall pay for the same ready Money, he shall be allowed after the rate of Ten per Cent. for a year.

3 l. per Ton.

All other Wines 4 l. per Ton.

To be repaid if the Wines be Exported within 12 Moneths.

Ten per Cent. to be allowed.

Wines freed from Excise.

And be it further Enacted, That from and after the said Four and twentieth day of July, all manner of Wines whatsoever to be Imported into the Port of London, or elsewhere, shall be freed and discharged of and from the Imposition of Excise.

Prize-Wines not to pay Tonnage or Custom.

Provided, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That the Prizage of Wines, or Prize-Wines, ought not to pay Tonnage or Custom, and shall not be charged with the payment of any Custom, Subsidy, or Sum of Money Imposed upon Wines by this Act, or any thing therein contained.

THE

THE RATES OF MERCHANDIZE;

THAT IS TO SAY,

The Subsidy of *Tonnage*; The Subsidy of *Poundage*; And the Subsidy of *Woollen Clothes*, or *Old-Drapery*,

As they are Rated and Agreed on by the *Commons House* of *Parliament*.

Set down and expreſt in this Book, to be paid according to the Tenor of the Act of *Tonnage* and *Poundage*, from the Twenty fourth day of *June* inclusively, in the Twelfth year of His Majesties Reign, during His Majesties Life; and Subscribed with the Hand of Sir *Harbottle Grimston* Baronet, Speaker of the *House* of *Commons*.

Rates Inwards.

A.

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
ADzes for Coopers the dozen	00	12	00
Aggets small as a bean, the C. dozen	00	13	04
Aggets large the piece	00	00	06
Alphabets the set, containing Twenty four	00	05	00

	l.	s.	d.
Allum the 100 weight, cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Alpisti, or Canary-seed, the 100 w. cont. 112 l.	03	15	00
Amber the pound	00	03	08
Amber the mast, cont. 2 l. & ½	00	08	04
Amber Beads the pound	00	10	00
Anchoves the little Barrel	00	07	06
Andirons or Creepers of Lattin the pound	00	01	00
Andirons of iron the pair	00	10	00
Andlets, or Mayles the pound	00	03	00
Anvils the 100 weight, cont. 112 l.	00	15	00
Aneile of Barbary, the pound	00	01	06
Annotto the pound	00	01	00
Apples the bushel	00	00	04
Apples the barrel cont. three bushels	00	01	00
Apples vocat. Pippins, or Rinnets, the barrel cont. three bushels	00	03	00
Aqua-vitæ the barrel	02	13	04
Aqua-vitæ the hogshead	04	00	00
Argal white and red, or powder, the 100 weight cont. 112 l.	01	03	04
Armor old, the 100 weight cont. 112 l.	01	00	00
Arrows for trunks, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	06	08
Ashes vocat. Potashes, the barrel cont. 200 l. wt.	01	05	00
Ashes vocat. Wood or Soap-ashes, the last cont. 12 barrels	06	00	00
Aul-blades the thousand	00	13	04
Aulgers for Carpenters the groce	01	00	00
Axes or Hatchets the dozen	00	06	08

B.

Babies or Puppets for Children, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	17	10
Babies heads of earth the dozen	00	13	04
All other toys for Children to pay 16 d. in 20 s. value.			
Bacon of Ireland the Flitch	00	05	00
Bacon of Westphalia and Hamborough, or the like, the 100 wt. cont. 112 l.	01	06	08
Balks great, the 100 cont. 120	12	00	00
Balks middle, the 100 cont. 120	05	00	00
Balks small, the 100 cont 120	02	00	00

Bags

		l.	s.	d.
Bags	with locks, the dozen	02	08	00
	with ſteel rings, without locks, the doz.	01	12	00
Balances, vocat.	Gold Balances, the groce containing 12 dozen pair	05	06	08
	Ounce Balances, the groce containing 12 dozen pair	02	13	04
	The ſort cont. 4 dozen	03	11	02
Balls, vocat.	Tennis-balls the thouſand	02	00	00
	Waſhing-balls the groce containing 12 dozen	02	00	00
Bandeliers the hundr. cont. 5 ſcore		00	16	08
Bandſtrings the dozen knots		00	10	00
Bands, vocat.	Flanders bands, of bonelace the band	10	00	00
	Bands cutwork, of Flanders, or any other Countrey	20	00	00
Bankers of Verdure the dozen pieces		04	00	00
Barbers aprons, or cheeks, the piece not above ten yards		00	13	04
Barlings the 100 cont. 120		01	13	04
Barley, *vide* Corn.				
Barillia, or Saphora to make glaſs, the barrel cont. 200 weight		01	00	00
Basket-rods the bundle		00	06	08
Baskets, vocat. hand-baskets, or ſports, the dozen		00	03	04
Baſons of Lattin the pound		00	01	04
Baſt	or ſtraw-hats knotted, the dozen	00	06	08
	or ſtraw-hats plain, the dozen	00	01	06
Baſt ropes	the rope	00	00	06
	the bundle cont. 10 ropes	00	05	00
	the 100 weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	08	00
Battery, Baſhrones, or Kettles, the 100 wt. cont. 112 *l.*		09	00	00
Bayes of Florence *per* yard		01	05	00
Beads	of Amber, the pound	00	10	00
	of bone, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce	01	10	00
	of Box, the great groce	01	10	00
	of Coral, the pound	00	10	00

		l.	s.	d.
Beads	of Cryſtal the Thouſand	03	00	00
	of Glaſs and Wood all ſorts, the great groce	00	10	00
	of Jaſper ſquare, the C. ſtones	02	00	00
Beaupers, the piece containing 24 or 25 yards		01	05	00
Beef	of *Ireland* or *Scotland*, the barrel	01	00	00
	or Pork of *Ireland* or *Scotland*, *per* Ton	06	00	00
Bells vocat.	Hawks Bells French making, the dozen pair	00	05	00
	Hawks Bells *Norembourgh* making, the dozen pair	00	02	00
	Horſe Bells the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	00	10	00
	Dog Bells the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	00	01	04
	Morrice Bells the ſmall groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	05	00
	Clapper Bells the pound	00	01	00
Bell-metal the hundred weight, containing 112 *l.*		01	13	04
Bellows the pair		00	03	04
Bits for Bridles the dozen		01	00	00
Blacking, or Lamp-black the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		04	00	00
Blankets vocat.	Paris mantles coloured, the mantle	01	06	08
	Paris mantles, or others, uncoloured, the mantle	01	00	00
Boards vocat.	Barrel boards the C. cont. 120	00	05	00
	Clapboards the C. cont. 120	00	15	00
	Paſteboards for Books the 1000	00	13	04
	Pipe-boards, or Pipe-holt, the C. cont. 120 boards	01	00	00
	White-boards for Shoemakers, the board	00	01	00
Bodkins the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen		00	05	08
Bomeſpars the C. cont. 120		01	13	04

Boratoes

		l.	s	d.
Boratoes or Bombaſines	narrow the ſingle piece not above 15 yards	06	00	00
	broad the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	07	00	00
	of Silk the yard, *vide* Silk.			
Books unbound	the Basket or maund, cont. 8 bales or 2 fats	08	00	00
	the fat, containing half a maund	04	00	00
Boſſes for Bridles, the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen		01	00	00
Boranoes *per* peice		00	10	00
Bottles	of earth or ſtone the dozen	00	05	00
	of Glaſs covered with Wicker, the dozen	01	00	00
	of Glaſs with vices, covered with leather, the dozen	04	10	00
	of Glaſs uncovered the dozen	00	04	06
	of Wood, voc. Sucking-bottles, the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	10	00
Boultel	Rains the piece	00	08	00
	the bale, cont. 20 pieces	08	00	00
Bowes vocat. Stone-bowes of Steel, the piece		00	10	00
Bowe-ſtaves the hundred, containing 120 ſtaves		04	00	00
Boxes	Fire, or Tinder-boxes, the groce cont. 12 dozen Boxes	01	00	00
	Neſt-boxes the groce, cont. 12 dozen neſts	03	00	00
	Pepper-boxes the groce, cont. 12 dozen boxes	01	02	06
	Spice-boxes the dozen	00	06	00
	Round boxes, or French boxes for Marmelade or Gelly, the dozen	00	04	06
	Sand-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen.	01	00	00
	Soap-boxes the ſhock, containing 60 boxes	02	00	00

		l.	s.	d.
Boxes.	Touch-boxes covered with leather, the dozen	00	03	00
	Touch-boxes covered with Velvet, the dozen	00	15	00
	Touch-boxes of Iron or other Metal gilt, the dozen	01	00	00
	Tobacco-boxes the groce, cont. 12. doz.	01	10	00
Bracelets or Necklaces	of glaſs, the ſmall groce, cont. 12 bundles or dickers	00	04	00
	Red, the ſmall groce cont. 12 bundles or dickers	00	04	00
Braſs	Laver-cocks the pound	00	01	04
	Pile-weights the pound	00	01	00
	Trumpets the dozen	00	12	00
	Lamps the dozen	00	10	00
Brickſtones, *vide* Earthen-ware.				
Bridles the dozen		01	00	00
Brouches of Lattin or Copper, the groce, cont. 12 dozen		00	12	00
Bruſhes vocat.	Beard-bruſhes the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	06	08
	of Heath courſe, the dozen	00	03	00
	of Heath fine, or head-bruſhes the doz.	00	06	08
	of Hair, called Head-bruſhes, the doz.	00	06	08
	of Heath, voc. Rubbing-bruſhes, the doz.	00	01	00
	of Hair, voc. Comb-bruſhes, the groce cont. 12. dozen.	00	13	04
	of Hair, voc. Weavers-bruſhes, the doz.	00	05	00
	of Hair, voc. Rubbing-bruſhes the doz.	00	01	04
Brimſtone, the 100 weight cont. 112 *l.*		00	06	08
Briſtles	rough or undreſt, the dozen pound	00	05	00
	dreſt, the dozen pound	00	10	00
Buckrams	of Germany, or fine, *per* piece	00	10	00
	of the Eaſt-country, the roll or half piece	00	05	00
	of French-making, the dozen pieces	02	10	00
	voc. Carrick Buckrams, the ſhort piece	00	02	00
Buckles	for Girdles, the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
	for Girthes, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	07	06

Buffins,

	l.	s.	d.
Buffins, Mocadoes, and Lile Grograms { narrow, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	03	00	00
Grograms { broad, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	04	10	00
Bugaſins, or Callico buckrams, the half piece	00	05	00
Bugle { great, the pound	00	04	00
Bugle { ſmall or Seed-Bugle, the pound	00	06	08
Bugle { Lace, the pound	00	08	00
Bullions for purſes the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	10	00
Bulruſhes the load	01	00	00
Burs for Milſtones the 100 cont. 5 ſcore	02	10	00
Buskins of leather the dozen pair	04	00	00
Buſtians the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	02	00	00
Butter { the barrel	01	00	00
Butter { of Ireland, the 100 wt. cont. 112 l.	00	10	00
Buttons { of Braſs, Steel, Copper, or Lattin, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce, every groce 12 dozen	02	13	04
Buttons { of Cryſtal, the dozen	00	08	00
Buttons { Of Glaſs, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce	01	06	08
Buttons { of thred the gr. groce, cont. 12 ſm. groce	01	00	00
Buttons { of ſilk, the gr. groce cont. 12 ſm. groce	02	00	00
Buttons { of fine damask-work the dozen	01	00	00
Buttons { of Bugle, the dozen	00	01	04
Buttons { for hankerchers, the groce cont. 12 dozen	04	00	00
Buttons { of Hair, the groce cont 12. dozen.	00	04	00

C.

Cabinets, or Counters { ſmall, the piece	02	00	00
Cabinets, or Counters { large, the piece	04	00	00
Cables tarred or untarred, the 100 weight cont. 112 l.	00	13	04
Caddas, or Crewel Ribband, the dozen pieces, every piece cont. 36 yards	03	00	00
Calve-ſkins in the hair, the piece	00	00	10
Cambogium, *vide* Drugs.			
Camaletto, half ſilk, half hair, the yard	00	10	00
Candles of Tallow the pound	00	00	03

	l.	s.	d.
Candle-plates, or Wallers of Braſs or Lattin the pound	00	01	04
Candle-ſticks of Braſs or Lattin the pound	00	01	04
Candle-ſticks of Wire the dozen	00	06	08
Candle-week the C. weight cont. 112 l.	03	10	00
Callicoes fine or courſe, the piece	00	10	00
Canes or Reeds the 1000	02	10	00
Canes of wood the dozen	00	04	00
Canes of wood the ſhock cont. 60 Canes	01	00	00
Cant ſpars the C. cont. 120	01	13	04
Capers the pound	00	00	06
Capravens the C. cont. 120	03	13	04
Cap-hooks or Hook-ends, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	15	00
Caps vocat. double turfed or Cockared Caps, the dozen	02	08	00
Caps vocat. for Children the dozen	01	00	00
Caps vocat. Night-caps of Sattin and Velvet the doz.	03	00	00
Caps vocat. Night-caps of Silk knit the dozen	04	00	00
Caps vocat. Night-caps of woollen the dozen	01	00	00
Caps vocat. Night-caps of Linen the dozen	00	08	00
Cards vocat. Playing Cards the groce, cont. 12 dozen pair	06	00	00
Cards vocat. Wooll-cards old, the dozen pair	00	06	00
Cards vocat. Wooll-cards new, the dozen pair	00	10	00
Carpets of Tonney the piece, cont. 2 yards and a half long	01	10	00
Carpets of Scotland the piece	00	13	04
Carpets of Cornix the Carpet cont. 2 yards and a half long	01	05	00
Carpets Brunſwick Carpets ſtript and unſtript the piece	00	10	00
Carpets China of Cotton courſe, the piece	00	04	00
Carpets Gentiſh the dozen	03	00	00
Carpets Turkey or Venice ſhort, the piece	01	10	00
Carpets Turkey or Venice long, cont. 4 yards and upwards	08	00	00
Carpets of Perſia the yard ſquare, the yard	02	05	00
Carrels the piece cont. 15 yards	01	06	08

Caſes

		l.	s.	d.
Cases for Looking-glasses gilt	of No. 3 and 4 the dozen	00	04	00
	of No. 5 and 6 the dozen	00	07	00
	of No. 7. and 8 the dozen	00	10	00
	of No. 9 and 10 and upwards the dozen	01	13	04
Cases for Looking-glasses ungilt	of No. 3 and 4 the dozen	00	02	00
	of No. 5 and 6 the dozen	00	03	06
	of No. 7 and 8 the dozen	00	05	00
	of No. 9 and 10 the dozen	00	16	08
Cases	with wooden Combs garnished the doz.	01	00	00
	with small Ivory Combs garnished the dozen	01	06	08
	with middle sort Ivory Combs garnished the dozen	02	00	00
	with large Ivory Combs garnished the dozen	04	00	00
	for Combs single the groce, cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
	for Combs double, the groce cont. 12 dozen	02	00	00
	for Spectacles gilt, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	06	08
	for Spectacles ungilt, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	13	04
	for Needles or Pin-cases, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	13	04
	for Needles French gilt, the dozen	00	05	00
Cattel great	Imported from *Ireland* into *England*, a piece after the rate of	02	10	00
Caskets	of Iron small the dozen	01	10	00
	of Iron middle sort, the dozen	02	08	00
	of Iron large, the dozen	03	00	00
	of Steel the dozen	06	00	00
Caviare the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*		01	00	00
Cauls	of linen for women the dozen	00	08	00
	of silk the dozen	01	06	08
Cisterns of Lattin the pound		00	01	04
Chafing-dishes	of Brass or Lattin the pound	00	01	04
	of Iron the dozen	00	13	04

		l.	s.	d.
Chains	for keys or purſes, fine, the dozen	00	08	00
	for dogs, courſe, the dozen	00	03	04
Chairs of Walnut-tree, the piece		00	10	00
Chamlets	unwatered, or Mohairs, the yard	00	03	00
	watered, the yard	00	05	00
	half ſilk, half hair, the yard	00	10	00
Cheeſe the hundr. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		00	06	08
Cherries the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		01	00	00
Cheſs-boards the dozen		01	00	00
Cheſs-men the groce, cont. 12 dozen		00	12	00
Cheſts	of Iron, ſmall or middle ſort, the piece	05	00	00
	of Iron large, the piece	06	13	04
	of Cyprus-wood, the neſt, cont. 3 cheſts	08	00	00
	of Spruce or Dansk the neſt, con. 3 cheſts	01	10	00
	painted, the dozen	02	00	00
Chimney-backs	ſmall, the piece	00	06	08
	large, the piece	00	13	04
China Peaſe the pound		00	03	04
Chizels for Joyners the dozen		00	04	00
Citterns the dozen		03	00	00
Claphoult, or Clapboard	the ſmall 100, cont. 120 boards	00	15	00
	the Ring, cont. 2 ſmall hund.	01	10	00
	the great 100 cont. 24 ſmall 100	18	00	00
Claricords the pair		00	13	04
Cloaks of Felt the piece		02	00	00
All manner of Woollen-cloth imported, *per* yard		08	10	00
Cocheneal	voc. Sylveſter, or Campechea Cocheneal the pound	00	01	08
	of all ſorts of Cocheneal, except Sylveſter or Campechea Cocheneal, the pound	00	06	08
Coals of Scotland the Ton		00	06	08
Coffers	covered with gilt leather, the dozen	02	00	00
	covered with Velvet, the dozen	04	00	00
	with Iron bars, the neſt cont. 3 coffers	01	12	00
	plain, the neſt cont. 3 coffers	00	13	04
	painted, the neſt cont. 3. coffers	00	16	00
Comaſhes out of Turkey, the piece		04	00	00

Combs

		l.	s.	d.
Combs	for wooll, the pair, old or new	00	05	00
	of bone, the pound	00	04	00
	of box the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	10	00
	voc. Lightwood Combs, the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	06	08
	of Horn, for Barbers, the dozen	00	02	00
	of Ivory the pound	00	10	00
	voc. Horſecombs the dozen	00	04	00
Comfets the pound		00	02	00
Compaſſes	of Iron for Carpenters, the dozen	00	02	00
	of Braſs the dozen	00	04	00
	for Ships the dozen	00	07	06
Copper	unwrought Bricks or Plates, round or ſquare, the 100 weight cont. 112 l. or Roſe-copper	00	10	00
	Chains, the Chain	00	02	00
	Purls or Plate, the mark	00	06	08
Copperas green, the 100 weight cont. 112 l.		00	15	00
Cordage or Ropes, tarr'd or untarr'd, the 100 wt. cont. 112 l.		00	13	04
Cork tacks	of Iron the thouſand	00	06	08
	of Steel the thouſand	01	13	04
Cork	for Shoemakers, the dozen pieces	00	04	00
	of all other ſorts, the 100 weight cont. 112 l.	00	16	08
Corn — Wheat	Imported, not exceeding the price of 5 s. 6 d. the buſhel at the place of Importat. by the buſhel	00	05	00
	When it ſhall exceed that rate, by the quarter	00	06	08
Corn — Rye	Imported, not exceeding the price of 4 s. 6 d. the buſhel at the place of Importation, by the buſhel	00	03	04
	When it ſhall exceed that rate, by the quarter	00	05	00
Corn — Beans, Barley, Malt,	Imported, not exceeding the price of 3 s. 6 d. the buſhel at the place of Importation, by the buſhel	00	03	04

	l.	s.	d.
When it ſhall exceed that rate, by the quarter	00	05	00
Coverlets of *Scotland* the piece	00	15	00
Counters of Lattin the pound	00	01	00
Croſs-bowe: Laths the pound	00	00	08
Croſs-bowe: Thred the pound	00	00	08
Croſs-bowe: Racks the piece	00	10	00
Cruſes: of ſtone without covers, the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	10	00
Cruſes: of ſtone with covers, the C. cont. 100	01	06	08
Cuſhens of *Scotland* the dozen	00	10	00
Cuſhen-cloths: courſe the dozen	02	10	00
Cuſhen-cloths: of Tapeſtry the dozen	04	10	00
Cuttle-bones the thouſand	01	06	08

D.

Daggs with Fire-locks or Snaphances the piece	01	00	00
Daggers: blades the dozen	01	06	08
Daggers: for children the dozen	00	04	00
Daggers: of bone for children the dozen	00	02	00
Daggers: black with velvet ſheaths, the dozen	03	00	00
Daggers: gilt with velvet ſheaths, the dozen	04	00	00
Deals voc.: Meabro-deals the C. cont. 120	04	00	00
Deals voc.: Norway-deals the C. cont. 120	05	00	00
Deals voc.: Burgendorp-deals the C. cont. 120	12	00	00
Deals voc.: Spruce-deals the C. cont. 120	15	00	00
Deſks: or ſlays for books the dozen	00	04	00
Deſks: for women to work on, covered with woollen, the piece	00	05	00
Deſks: for women covered wth Velvet the piece	00	10	00
Dials: of wood the dozen	00	03	00
Dials: of bone the dozen	00	12	00
Dimity the yard	00	03	00
Dogs of earth the groce cont. 12 dozen	04	00	00
Dornix: with caddas the piece cont. 15 yards	01	10	00
Dornix: with ſilk the piece cont. 15 yards	02	00	00
Dornix: with wooll the piece cont. 15 yards	01	05	00
Dornix: with thred the piece cont. 15 yards	01	00	00
Dornix: French-making the ell	00	02	06
Dornix: French-making the yard	00	02	00

Dudgeon

	l.	s.	d.
Dudgeon the C. pieces cont. 5 ſcore	01	00	00
Durance or with thred the yard	00	06	08
Duretty with ſilk the yard	00	10	00
Dutties the piece	01	00	00
Acacia the pound	00	04	00
Acorus the pound	00	01	00
Adianthum Album the pound	00	00	08
Adianthum Nigrum the pound	00	00	05
Agaricus, or Agarick, trim'd or par'd, the *l.*	01	00	00
Agaricus rough or untrim'd the pound	00	05	00
Agnus Caſtus ſeeds the pound	00	01	00
Alkanet-roots the pound	00	01	00
Alchernes Syrup the pound	00	06	08
Alchernes Confectio the ounce	00	04	00
Aloes Cicotrina the pound	00	05	00
Aloes Epatica the pound	00	02	00
Allum *Roniſh* or *Rœh*, the C. cont. 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Ambergreece black or grey, the ou. *Troy*	03	00	00
Ameos-ſeed the pound	00	00	08
Amomi-ſeed the pound	00	00	08
Anacardium the pound	00	03	04
Angelica the pound	00	01	00
Antimonium Crudum the C. wt. cont. 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Antimonium præparatum, or *Stibium* the *l.*	00	00	08
Argentum Sublime, or Limum the pound, or Quickſilver	00	03	00
Ariſtolochia longa & rotunda the pound	00	01	04
Arſnick white or yellow, or Roſalger, the pound	00	00	04
Aſarum roots the pound	00	01	00
Aſpalathus the pound	00	01	06
Aſſa fœtida the pound	00	01	02
Almonds bitter the C. wt. cont. 112. *l.*	02	00	00
Alumen plume the pound	00	01	00
Balauſtium the pound	00	02	06
Balſamum artificial the pound	00	03	04
Balſamum natural the pound	00	10	00
Bayberries the 112 pound	00	13	04
Barley hull'd, or French-barley, the 112 *l.*	01	00	00

Druggs vocat.

Bdellium

	l.	s.	d.
Bdellium the pound	00	02	06
Benalbum, or Rubrum, the pound	00	02	00
Benjamin of all ſorts, the pound	00	05	00
Beazer-ſtone of the Eaſt-India, the Ounce Troy	03	00	00
Beazer-ſtone of the Weſt-India, the Ounce Troy	00	10	00
Black-lead the 112 pound	01	10	00
Blatta Bizantia the pound	00	02	00
Bolus communis, or Armoniacus, the 100 wt. cont. 112 *l.*	00	06	08
Bolus verus the pound, or fine bole	00	00	08
Borax in paſte, or unrefined, commonly called Tinckul, the pound	00	03	04
Borax refined, the pound	00	13	04
Bunkins, Holliwortles, or Piſtolochia, the pound	00	02	06
Calamus the pound	00	00	08
Camphire refined, the pound	00	05	00
Camphire unrefined, the pound	00	02	06
Cancri oculus, the pound	00	04	00
Cantharides the pound	00	05	00
Caraway-ſeeds the 112 *l.*	01	04	00
Cardamons the pound	00	03	00
Carpo balſami the pound	00	04	00
Carabe, or Succinum, the pound	00	01	00
Carthamus-ſeeds the pound	00	00	08
Caſſia fiſtula the pound, of all ſorts	00	01	06
Caſſia lignea the pound	00	01	08
Caſtoreum, or Bever-cods, the pound	00	10	00
Ceruſſa the 112 *l.*	01	10	00
China roots the pound	00	06	08
Ciceres white and red the pound	00	00	06
Ciperus longus & rotundus, the 112 *l.*	01	13	04
Ciperus nuts the pound	00	00	08
Civet the ounce Troy	02	00	00
Coculus Indiæ the pound	00	02	00
Coloquintida the pound	00	02	00

Druggs vocat.

Coral

Druggs vocat.

	l.	s.	d.
Coral red or white, in fragments for phyſical uſe, the pound	00	03	04
Coral whole the pound	01	00	00
Coriander-ſeeds the 112 l.	01	00	00
Cortex guaci the 112 l.	03	00	00
Cortex Caperum the pound	00	01	00
Cortex Tameriſci the pound	00	00	08
Cortex Mandragoræ the pound	00	02	00
Coſcus dulcis & amarus the pound	00	01	08
Cubebs the pound	00	01	04
Cummin-ſeeds the 112 l.	01	13	04
Cuſcuta the pound	00	01	00
Cyclamen, or Panis porcinus the pound	00	02	00
Citrago the pound	00	01	00
Cetrach the pound	00	01	00
Cinabrum or Vermillion, the pound	00	02	06
Copperas white, the 112 l.	02	00	00
Copperas blue, of Dansk or Hungary, 112 l.	00	12	00
Cambogium, or Gutta Gambæ, the pound	00	03	04
Cryſtal, in broken pieces, for Phyſick uſes *per* pound	00	08	04
Carlina the pound	00	01	00
Carolina the pound	00	00	04
Cortex Winteranus the pound	00	00	08
Daucus Creticus the pound	00	04	00
Diagredium or Scamony, the pound	01	00	00
Diptamus leaves the pound	00	01	00
Diptamus roots the pound	00	01	06
Doronicum the pound	00	02	06
Eleborus albus & niger the pound	00	00	08
Epithemum the pound	00	01	00
Æs uſtum the pound	00	01	04
Euphorbium the pound	00	00	08
Fennel-ſeeds the pound	00	00	06
Fenugreek the 112 l.	00	15	00
Flory the pound	00	02	00
Folium Indiæ the pound	00	05	00
Fox lungs the pound	00	03	00

Fran-

	l.	s.	d.
Frankincenſe of France, or Roſin, the 112 l.	00	12	00
Galbanum the pound	00	01	06
Galanga the pound	00	01	06
General the pound	00	01	04
Gentiana the pound	00	00	06
Guiny Pepper the pound	00	01	00
Grana Pinæ the pound	00	01	00
Green Ginger the pound	00	02	00
Gum Animi the pound	00	01	00
Gum Armoniack the pound	00	01	00
Gum Carannæ the pound	00	04	00
Gum Tragagant the pound	00	01	00
Gum Elemni the pound	00	00	10
Gum Hederæ the pound	00	04	00
Gum Lack the pound	00	01	00
Gum Opopanax the pound	00	06	08
Gum Sarcocol the pound	00	01	06
Gum Serapinum the l. or Segapenum	00	01	06
Gum Taccamahacchæ the pound	00	04	00
Grana Tinctorum the pound	00	02	06
Grains of Guiney, or French Grains, the 112 l.	01	10	00
Gum Arabeck, or Gum Seneca, the 112 l.	01	10	00
Gum Sandrack, or gum Juniperi, the 112 l.	01	08	00
Gum Guiaci the pound	00	04	00
Gum Caramen the pound	00	00	06
Hermodactilus the pound	00	02	00
Hypociſtis the pound	00	02	00
Horns of Harts or Stags the hund.	01	10	00
Incenſe or Olibanum, the 112 l.	05	00	00
Ireos the 112 l.	02	10	00
Iſonglaſs the 112 l.	05	00	00
Jujubes the pound	00	01	00
Jolóp the pound	00	04	00
Juniper-berries the 112 l.	01	00	00
Labdanum or Lapadonum, the pound	00	01	00
Lapis Calaminaris the 112 l.	00	16	08
Lapis Hematitis the pound	00	01	00

Druggs vocat.

Lapis

Druggs vocat.

	l.	s.	d.
Lapis Judaicus the pound	00	01	00
Lapis Lazuli the pound	00	10	00
Lapis Tutiæ the pound	00	01	00
Leaves of Roſes the pound	00	01	00
Leaves of Violet or Flowers, the l.	00	00	08
Lintiſcus or Xylobalſamum, the l.	00	01	08
Lignum Aloes the pound	00	10	00
Lignum Aſphaltum the pound	00	01	00
Lignum Rhodium the 112 l.	00	10	00
Lignum vitæ the 112 l.	00	10	00
Litharge of gold the 112 l.	00	12	00
Litharge of ſilver the 112 l.	00	10	00
Locuſt the pound	00	01	04
Lupines 112 l.	00	10	00
Lentils the pound	00	00	03
Lapis Contra yerva the ounce	00	05	00
Lignum Nephreticum the pound	00	04	00
Madder-roots, or Rubea tinctorum, the l.	00	01	00
Manna the pound	00	02	06
Marmelade the pound	00	01	00
Maſtick white the pound	00	03	04
Maſtick red the pound	00	01	00
Mechoachan the pound	00	02	06
Mercury ſublimat. the pound	00	03	00
Mercury præcip. the pound	00	06	08
Methridate Venetiæ the pound	00	10	00
Millium ſolis the pound	00	01	00
Mirobolanes dry the pound	00	01	00
Mirobolanes condited the pound	00	01	08
Mirtle-berries the pound	00	01	00
Mummia the pound	00	01	00
Muſk the ounce Troy	02	00	00
Muſk-cods the dozen	02	00	00
Myrrha the pound	00	03	00
Nygella the pound	00	00	08
Nytrum the pound	00	02	00
Nutmegs condited the pound	00	04	00
Nux de Benne the pound	00	01	00
Nux Cupreſſi the pound	00	00	08

	l.	s.	d.
Druggs vocat. Nux Indica the piece	00	00	06
Nux Vomica the pound	00	00	08
Nux Pini, or Grana Pini the pound	00	01	00
Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana, the 112 l.	05	12	00
Olibanum, or Incenſe the 112 l.	05	00	00
Opium the pound	00	10	00
Oſipium Huirredum the pound	00	00	06
Orcant, or Almiet the pound	00	01	00
Oringe Flower Oyntment the pound	00	02	06
Oringe Flower Water the Gallon	00	05	00
Origanum the pound	00	00	08
Oſſa de Corde Cervi the pound	02	00	00
Oyl of Amber the pound	00	10	00
Oyl of Roſemary the pound	00	08	00
Oyl de Bay the 112 pound	02	00	00
Oyl of Mace or Nutmegs the pound	00	06	00
Oyl de Ben the pound	00	06	08
Oyl of Spike the pound	00	01	08
Oyl of Almonds the pound	00	01	00
Oyl de Scorpions the pound	00	02	08
Oleum Petroleum the pound	00	01	08
Oleum Turpentine the pound	00	00	06
Orabus the pound	00	00	06
Orpement, or Auripigmentum, the 112 l.	02	00	00
Panther the pound	04	00	00
Panis Porcinus, *vide* Cyclamen.			
Pearl beaten, the Ounce Troy	00	03	04
Pellitory the pound	00	00	06
Pepper long the pound	00	01	00
Perroſen, *vide* Frankincenſe.			
Pioney-ſeeds the pound	00	00	08
Piſtachias, or Nux Piſtachiæ, the pound	00	01	00
Pix Burgundiæ the 112 pound	00	15	00
Polium Montanum the pound	00	00	08
Polipodium the pound	00	00	04
Pomegranat Pills the 112 l.	02	00	00
Poppey-ſeeds the pound	00	00	08
Præcipitate, *vide* Mercury præcipitate.			

Pſyllium

Druggs vocat.

	l.	s.	d.
Pſyllium the pound	00	00	08
Prunellaes, or Pruans of Brunolia, the *l.*	00	01	00
Quickſilver, *vide* Argentum vivum.			
Rhaponticum the pound	00	13	04
Radix Eſulæ the pound	00	01	00
Red-lead the 112 *l.*	00	16	08
Rhabarbarum, or Rhubarb, the pound	01	00	00
Roſalger the pound, *vide* Arſnick.			
Roſſet the pound	00	00	06
Radix Contra yerva the pound	00	03	04
Radix Scorcionera the pound	00	03	04
Radix Peonæ the pound	00	00	08
Sal Alkali the pound	00	04	00
Sal Armoniacum the pound	00	01	08
Sal Gem the pound	00	00	08
Sal Nitre the pound	00	01	06
Sandracha, or Gum Sandracha, or Gum Juniperi, the 112 *l.*	01	08	00
Sandiver the 112 *l.*	00	10	00
Sanguis draconis the pound	00	03	04
Sarſaparilla the pound	00	03	04
Saſſafras Wood or Roots the 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Saunders white the pound	00	01	00
Saunders yellow the pound	00	02	00
Saunders red, *alias* Stock, the 112 *l.*	04	00	00
Scamonie, *vide* Diagredium.			
Scincus Marinus the piece	00	00	04
Scordium the pound	00	00	06
Scorpions the piece	00	00	03
Sebeſtines the pound	00	01	00
Seeds for Gardens, of all ſorts, the *l.*	00	00	08
Seler Montanus the pound	00	00	08
Semen Cucumeris, Cucurb. citral. melon the pound	00	00	08
Sena the pound	00	02	06
Sordonella the pound	00	00	08
Sperma cæti, fine, the pound	00	05	00
Sperma cæti, courſe, oyly, the 112 *l.*	04	00	00

	l.	s.	d.
Spica Celtica, *vide* Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana.			
Sanguis Hirci the pound	00	01	00
Spiknard the pound	00	06	08
Spodium the pound	00	01	06
Spunges the pound	00	03	04
Squilla the 112 *l.*	01	05	00
Squinanthum the pound	00	03	04
Stechados the pound	00	00	10
Staphiſager the 112 *l.*	02	00	00
Stibium, *vide* Antimonium præparatum.			
Storax Calamita the pound	00	05	00
Storax Liquida the pound	00	01	00
Succus Liquiritiæ the pound	00	01	00
Sulphur vivum the pound	00	00	08
Tamarindes the pound	00	00	10
Terra Lemnia the pound	00	05	00
Terra Sigillata the pound	00	03	00
Thlaſpii ſemen the pound	00	01	00
Tornſal the pound	00	00	08
Trociſci de vipera the ounce Troy	00	05	00
Treacle common the pound	00	02	00
Treacle of Venice the pound	00	10	00
Turbith the pound	00	05	00
Turbith Thapſiæ the pound	00	02	00
Turmerick the pound	00	01	00
Turpentine of Venice, Scio, or Cyprus the pound	00	01	08
Turpentine common the 112 *l.*	00	10	00
Talke white the pound	00	00	06
Talke green the pound	00	02	00
Verdigreece the pound	00	01	08
Verniſh the 112 *l.*	02	00	00
Vermilion, *vide* Cinabrium.			
Vitriolum Romanum the pound	00	01	00
Umber the 100 weight, cont. 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Viſcus quercinus the pound	00	04	00
White lead the 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Wormſeeds the pound	00	03	04

Druggs vocat.

		l.	s.	d.
Drugs vocat.	Xylobalſamum, *vide* Lentiſcus. Zedoaria the pound	00	03	04

All Drugs Imported directly from the place of their growth, in Engliſh-built Shipping, to be rated one Third part of what is charged in the Book of Rates, and no more.

E.

		l.	s.	d.
	Arlings the groce, containing twelve dozen	01	00	00
Earthen Ware	Brickſtones by the thouſand	01	00	00
	Flanders Tile to ſcour with, the 1000	02	00	00
	Gally Tiles the foot	00	01	00
	Paving Tiles the thouſand	03	00	00
	Tiles called Pan-tiles the thouſand	08	00	00
	All other ſorts of Earthen-ware not particularly mentioned, to pay for every 20 *s.* value	00	01	06
Eggs the C. cont. 120		00	01	08
Elephants teeth the C. cont. 112 *l.*		04	00	00
Emery ſtones the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		00	08	00
Ebony-wood the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		01	00	00

F.

		l.	s.	d.
Fannes	For Corn the piece	00	06	08
	of Paper the dozen	00	06	08
	for women and children, French-making the dozen	02	00	00
Feathers	for Beds the hundr. cont. 112 *l.*	06	00	00
	vocat. Eſtridge, or Oſtridge feathers undreſt the pound	01	00	00
	Eſtridge or Oſtridge dreſt, the *l.*	02	00	00
Feather-beds old or new the piece		02	13	04
Felts for Clokes, French-making, three yards and half long, one yard and half broad, the felt		04	00	00
Fiddles for children the dozen		00	04	00
Fire-ſhovels the dozen		00	13	04
Fire-ſhovel plates the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*		00	13	04
Figuretto the yard		00	08	04
Files the groce cont. 12 dozen		02	00	00

Fiſh

		l.	s.	d.
Fiſh vocat.	Cod-fiſh the barrel	00	13	04
	Cod-fiſh the laſt, cont. 12 barrels	08	00	00
	Cod-fiſh the 100, cont. 120	02	06	08
	Cods-heads the barrel	00	03	04
	Cole-fiſh the 100, cont. 120	01	00	00
	Eels vocat. Pimper-Eels the barrel	01	00	00
	Eels vocat. Shaft, Kine, or Dole-Eels the barrel	01	10	00
	Eels vocat. Spruce Eels the barrel	02	00	00
	Eels vocat. Stub Eels the barrel	02	06	08
	Eels vocat. Quick Eels the Ships lading	20	00	00
	Gull-fiſh the barrel	00	06	08
	Haddocks the barrel	00	06	08
	Herrings white, full or ſhotten, the barrel	00	08	04
	Herrings white, full or ſhotten, the laſt, cont. 12 barrels	05	00	00
	Herrings red, the cade cont. 500	00	08	04
	Herrings red, the laſt cont. 20 cades	08	06	08
	Lampreis the piece	00	01	00
	Lings of all ſorts, the 100 cont. 120	03	06	08
	New-land fiſh, ſmall, the 100 cont. 120	00	10	00
	New-land fiſh, middle ſort, the C. cont. 120	01	00	00
	New-land fiſh, great, the C. cont. 120	01	10	00
	Salmon the barrel	02	00	00
	Salmon Girles the barrel	00	15	00
	Seal-fiſh, the fiſh	00	13	04
	Stock-fiſh voc. Croplin the C. cont. 120.	00	13	04
	Stock-fiſh voc. Croplin the laſt, cont. 1000	06	13	04
	Stock-fiſh voc. Lubfiſh the C. cont. 120	01	06	08
	Stock-fiſh voc. Lubfiſh the laſt, cont. 1000	13	06	08
	Stock-fiſh voc. Titling the C. cont. 120	00	06	08
	Stock-fiſh voc. Titling the laſt cont. 1000	03	06	08
	Whitings the barrel	00	03	04

Note, that all ſorts of Fiſh Engliſh taken, and brought in Engliſh Ships, ought to pay no Cuſtom; as by the Stat. of 5 Eliz. Reg.

Flannel the yard		00	01	08
Flasks	covered with leather, the dozen	00	05	00
Flasks	covered with velvet, the dozen	02	00	00
Flasks	of horn, the dozen	00	06	08

Flax

		l.	s.	d.
Flax voc.	Spruce, Muſcovy, and all Flax undreſt the 100 wt. cont. 112 l.	01	00	00
	dreſt or wrought flax, the C. cont. 112 l.	15	00	00
Fleams to let blood, the piece		00	00	02
Flocks the C. wt. cont. 112 l.		02	00	00
Flutes courſe the groce, cont. 12 dozen		01	00	00
Freeze of Ireland the yard		00	00	09
Frizado the piece cont. 24 yards		08	00	00
Furrs vocat.	Armins the timber, cont. 40 ſkins	02	00	00
	Badger ſkins the piece	00	02	00
	Bear ſkins: black or red the piece	01	00	00
	Bear ſkins: white the piece	02	00	00
	Bever: ſkins the whole piece	00	06	08
	Bever: wombs the piece	00	01	08
	Budge: white tawed the C. cont. 100 ſkins	02	00	00
	Budge: black tawed the dozen ſkins	01	06	08
	Budge: untawed the C. cont. 100 ſkins	03	10	00
	Budge: Pouls the fur, cont. 4 panes	01	00	00
	Budge: Navern the C. legs, cont. 100	00	08	04
	Budge: Rumney the C. legs, cont. 100	00	06	08
	Calaber: untawed the timber, cont. 40 ſkins	00	06	08
	Calaber: tawed the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	08	00
	Calaber: ſeaſoned the pane	01	00	00
	Stag the pane	00	12	06
	Cats: ſkins the C. cont. 5 ſcore	02	00	00
	Cats: poults the C. cont. 5 ſcore	01	00	00
	Cats: the mantle	00	06	03
	Cats: wombs the pane or mantle	00	06	03
	Dockerers the timber, cont. 40 ſkins	00	13	04
	Fitches: the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	13	04
	Fitches: the pane or mantle	00	12	06
	Foxes: the black Fox ſkin	10	00	00
	Foxes: the ordinary ſkin	00	01	04
	Foxes: the pane or mantle	00	15	00
	Foxes: wombs, pouls, or pieces, the pane	00	10	00
	Foyns: backs the dozen	00	13	04
	Foyns: tails the pane or mantle	00	12	06
	Foyns: with tails the piece	00	03	04

		l.	s.	d.
Furrs vocat.	Foynes: without tails, the piece	00	04	00
	Foynes: raw the piece	00	01	00
	Foynes: Poults the C. cont. 5 ſcore	01	06	08
	Foynes: Wombs ſeaſoned, the pane or mantle	01	06	08
	Foynes: Wombs ſtag, the pane or mantle	00	15	00
	Grayes: untawed the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	08	04
	Grayes: tawed the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	12	06
	Jennets: black raw the ſkin	00	12	06
	Jennets: black ſeaſoned the ſkin	00	16	08
	Jennets: gray raw the ſkin	00	03	00
	Jennets: gray ſeaſoned the ſkin	00	04	00
	Letwis: tawed, the timber contain. 40 ſkins	00	08	04
	Letwis: untawed, the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	06	00
	Leopards: ſkins the piece	01	05	00
	Leopards: wombs the pane	05	00	00
	Lewzernes ſkins the piece	02	10	00
	Martrons: the timber cont. 40 ſkins	10	00	00
	Martrons: the pane or mantle	09	00	00
	Martrons: Poults the pane or mantle	00	10	00
	Martrons: Gills, the timber cont. 40 ſkins	00	12	00
	Martrons: Tails, the C. cont. 5 ſcore	02	00	00
	Miniver the mantle	00	13	04
	Minks: untawed, the timber containing 40 ſkins	03	00	00
	Minks: tawed, the timber containing 40 ſkins	04	00	00
	Moul ſkins the dozen	00	00	06
	Otter ſkins the piece	00	05	00
	Ounce ſkins the piece	00	12	06
	Sables of all ſorts, the timber contain. 40 ſkins	30	00	00
	Weazle ſkins the dozen	00	00	04
	Wolf ſkins: tawed the piece	01	10	00
	Wolf ſkins: untawed the piece	01	03	00
	Wolverings the piece	00	12	06

		l.	s	d.
Fuſtians vocat.	Amſterdam, Holland or Dutch Fuſtians, the piece cont. 2 half pieces of 15 yards the half piece	08	00	00
	Barmilians the piece, cont. 2 half pieces	03	00	00
	Cullen Fuſtians the piece containing 2 half pieces	08	00	00
	Holmes and Bevernex fuſtians, the bale cont. 45 half pieces	08	00	00
	Holmes and Bevernex fuſtians, the piece cont. 2 half pieces	03	14	00
	Jeane fuſtians, the piece cont. 2 half pieces	03	07	00
	Millain fuſtians, the piece containing 2 half pieces	08	00	0
	Naples fuſtians, tripe or velure plain, the half piece cont. 7 yards & a half	04	00	00
	Naples fuſtians, tripe or velure plain, the piece cont. 15 yards	08	00	00
	Naples fuſtians, tripe or velure plain, the yard	00	10	00
	Naples fuſtians wrought, voc. Sparta velvet, the half piece containing ſeven yards and a half	06	00	00
	Wrought, or Sparta velvet the yard	00	16	00
	O brow or Auguſta Fuſtians, the piece cont. 2 half pieces	04	10	00
	with ſilk, the yard	00	08	00
	of Weazle the piece, cont 2 half pieces	08	00	00
Fuſſes of Cloves the pound		00	03	06

G.

Gadza of all ſorts without gold or ſilver, the yard		00	02	08
Gadza ſtript with gold or ſilver, the yard		00	05	00
Gally diſhes, the dozen		00	02	06
Garnets	in all rough the pound	01	00	00
	ſmall or great cut, the pound	03	00	00
Gantlets the pair		00	04	00
Garters of ſilk French making, the dozen pair		03	00	00

		l.	s.	d.
Gauls the hundred weight containing 112 pound		02	00	00
Gimlets for Vintners the dozen		00	08	00
Girdles	of cruel, the groce containing 12 dozen	02	13	04
	of leather, the groce cont. 12 dozen	03	06	08
	of silk the dozen	02	00	00
	of velvet the dozen	04	00	00
	of woollen the dozen	01	12	00
	of counterfeit gold and silver the dozen	01	00	00
Glasses for windows vocat.	Burgandy white the chest	03	15	00
	Burgundy coloured the chest	05	05	00
	Normandy white the case	01	10	00
	Normandy coloured the case	03	15	00
	Rhenish the way or web cont. 60 bunches	04	10	00
	Muscovy glass or slude the pound	00	02	00
Drinking glasses vocat.	Venice drinking glasses the dozen	00	18	00
	Flanders drinking glasses the hundred glasses	01	05	00
	Scotch & French drinking glasses the C. cont. 5 score	00	15	00
	course drinking glasses the dozen	00	03	00
Glasses vocat.	Burning glasses the dozen	00	03	00
	Balme glasses the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	07	06
	Vials the the C. cont. 5 score	00	15	00
	Water glasses the dozen	00	12	00
Looking glasses	half-peny ware the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	08	00
	peny ware the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	16	00
	of Steel small the dozen	00	13	04
	of Steel large	01	06	08
	of Crystal small the dozen under N° 6.	01	10	00
	of Crystal middle sort the dozen N° 6.	03	00	00
	of Crystal small the dozen N° 7, 8, 9, 10.	06	00	00
	of Crystal the dozen N° 11, 12.	45	00	00

Hour

Gloves

Gold and silver thred counterfeit vocat.

		l.	s.	d.
Hour glaſſes	of Flanders making courſe, the groce cont. 12 dozen	03	00	00
	of Flanders making, the dozen fine	01	00	00
	of Venice making, the dozen	03	00	00
Glaſs ſtone plates for ſpectacles rough the dozen		01	00	00
Glaſs plates or ſights for looking glaſſes unfiled	of Cryſtal ſmall, under N° 6. the dozen	01	00	00
	of Chr. N° 6. the dozen	02	00	00
	of Chr. N° 7, 8, 9, 10, the doz.	04	00	00
	of Chr. N° 11, 12, the dozen	30	00	00
Glaſs pipes	ſmall, the pound	00	07	05
	great the C. weight cont. 112 l.	07	10	00
All other glaſs Manufactures not above particularly rated, except glaſs Beads, rated at *per* pound		00	01	06
Glew the hundr. weight cont. 112 l.		01	00	00
Globes	ſmall, the pair	03	00	00
	large, the pair	06	00	00
Gloves	of Bridges or French making, the groce cont. 12 dozen	02	10	00
	of Canary, Millen, or Venice, unwrought, the dozen pair	01	00	00
	of Canary, Millen, Venice or French, wrought with gold or ſilver, the dozen pair	04	00	00
	of Vandon, the dozen pair	00	10	00
	of ſilk knit, the dozen pair	02	00	00
	of Spaniſh plain, the dozen pair	00	15	00
Gold and ſilver thread counterfeit vocat.	Bridges gold and ſilver, the pound cont. 16 ounces Hab. de poiz	00	13	04
	Cap gold and ſilver, the pound cont. 16 ounces Hab. de poiz	01	00	00
	Copper, gold and ſilver upon quills, & rolls or rolles, or in ſkain the pound cont. 16 ounces Hab. de poiz	00	10	00
	Cullen gold and ſilver, the maſt cont. 2 pound and a half at twelve ounces to the pound	01	06	08

		l.	s.	d.
Gold and silver thread counterfeit, &c.	French copper, gold and silver, the mark containing 8 ounces Hab. de poiz	00	05	00
	Lyons copper, gold and silver double gilt, the mark cont. 8 ounces Hab. de poiz	01	06	08
Gold & silver threed right, voc.	Venice, Florence, or Millain gold and silver, the pound cont. 12 ounces Venice weight	03	06	08
	French and Paris gold and silver, the mark cont. 11 ounces and a half Venice weight	02	00	00
Gold foil, the small groce cont. 12 dozen		00	06	08
Gold paper, the small groce cont. twelve dozen		00	13	04
Grains French or Guiney, the pound		00	00	08
Grain	or scarlet powder, the pound	00	06	08
	of Sevil in berries and grains of Portugal or Rotta, the pound	00	03	04
Grindlestones the chalder		01	06	08
Grocery Wares, vocat.	Almonds, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	06	00	00
	Anniseeds, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	03	00	00
	Cloves the pound	00	10	00
	Corrants, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	06	00	00
	Dates the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	06	00	00
	Ginger of the East-Indies, the pound	00	03	00
	Ginger of the West-Indies, the pound	00	01	04
	Licoris, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	10	00
	Maces the pound	01	00	00
	Nutmegs the pound	00	08	00
	Pepper the pound	00	03	04
	Pepper Imported directly from the place of its growth in English-built shipping, the pound	00	01	08

Sinnamon

		l.	s.	d.
Grocery Wares, vocat.	Sinnamon the pound	00	06	08
	Raisins: great, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	01	10	00
	Raisins: of the Sun, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
	Raisins of Smyrna: black the C. weight cont. 112 pound	01	00	00
	Raisins of Smyrna: red, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	00	00
	Figs, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	01	13	04
	Prunes, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	15	00
	Sugar: Candy brown, the hundr. weight containing 112 pound	10	00	00
	Sugar: Candy white, the hundr. weight cont. 112 pound	15	00	00
	Sugar: Muscovadoes, the hundr. weight containing an hundred and twelve pound	04	00	00
	Sugar: Refined double or single in loaves, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	17	00	00
	Sugar: Saint Thome, and Pannelles, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	02	00	00
	Sugar: White the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	07	06	08
	Sugar: White Sugars from the English Plantations, the hundr. weight cont. 112 pound	05	00	00
	Sugar: Brown Sugars, and Muscovades, from the English Plantations, the hundr. weight cont. 112 l.	01	10	00
	All Spicery, except Pepper, imported directly from the place of its growth in English-built Shipping, to be Rated one Third part of what is charged in the Book of Rates, and no more.			

		l.	s.	d.
Guns vocat.	Callivers the piece	00	05	00
	Muſkets the piece	00	10	00
Grograins Turkey, the yard		00	03	09
Gunpowder voc.	Serpentine the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	05	00	00
	Corn-powder, the C. weight cont. 112 l.	08	00	00

H.

Halberds	gilt, the piece	00	13	04
	ungilt, the piece	00	03	04
Hammers	with wooden handles or without, the dozen	00	04	00
	Vocat. Horſemens hammers the dozen	00	13	04
Handkerchers, the dozen		03	00	00
Harneſs Roſes the thouſand		00	01	00
Harneſs vocat.	Corſelets compleat, the piece	01	00	00
	Curats, the piece	00	12	06
	Morians, or Head-pieces graven, the piece	00	10	00
	Morians, or Head-pieces plain, the piece	00	05	00
Harpſtrings, or Catlings the groce, cont. 12 dozen		00	05	00
Hatbands, the groce cont. 12 dozen		05	00	00
Hats	of beaver, wool or hair, the Hat	10	00	00
	of Bridges, the dozen	10	00	00
	Dutch-felts, or hats made of wooll, the piece	01	00	00
	Spaniſh or Portugal felts, the dozen	05	00	00
	of ſilk French making, the dozen	03	00	00
	of ſtraw, *vide* Baſt			
	Of Venice the dozen	03	00	00
	of wooll or worſted trimmed, the dozen	03	00	00
Hawks vocat.	Faulcons, the Hawk	04	00	00
	Goſhawks, the Hawk	03	06	08
	Jerfaulcons, the Hawk	04	10	00
	Jerkins, the Hawk	03	06	08

		l.	s.	d.
Hawks vocat.	Lanners the Hawk	04	00	00
	Lannarets, the Hawk	02	00	00
	Taſſels of all ſorts, the Hawk	02	00	00
Hawks hoods, the groce cont. 12 dozen		01	06	08
Hair bottoms for ſieves, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	10	00
Hair voc.	Camels hair the pound	00	03	00
	Elks hair for Saddles the 100 wt. cont. 112 l.	00	12	06
	Goats hair, the pound	00	01	02
Headings for Pipes, Hogſheads or Barrels, the C. cont. 6 ſcore		00	06	08
Heath for bruſhes, the hundred cont. 112 pound		01	00	00
Hemp vocat.	Hemp ſhort dreſt, the C. weight cont. 112 l.	08	00	00
	Cullen and Steel hemp, and all other ſorts of dreſt Hemp, the hundr. weight cont. 112 l.	10	00	00
	Spruce, Muſcovia, and all other rough hemp, the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	00	13	04
Hides voc.	Buff hides, the hide	00	10	00
	Cow hides of Barbary and Muſcovia, the hide	00	02	06
	Cow or horſe hides tanned, the piece	00	10	00
	India hides, the hide	00	04	02
	Cow or horſe hides in the hair, the piece	00	02	06
	Loſh hides, the piece	00	05	00
All other hides in the hair or undreſt, half Cuſtom.				
Hides red, or Muſcovia hides, tanned, coloured or uncoloured, the hide		00	06	08
Hilts for ſwords or daggers, the dozen		02	00	00
Honey	the barrel	02	00	00
	the ton	12	00	00

		l.	s.	d.
Hoops	of Iron for Pipes or Hogſheads, the hund. weight cont. 112 pound	01	06	08
	for Coopers the thouſand	01	06	08
Hops, the C. weight cont. 112 pound		15	00	00
Horſes and Mares, the Horſe or Mare		10	00	00
Hoſe of Cruel, voc. Mantua hoſe, the pair		00	10	00

I.

JEt, the pound	00	03	04
Jews-trumps, the groce cont. 12. dozen	00	10	00
Ink for Printers, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Imperlings blew or red, the dozen	01	10	00
Ink-horns: the groce cont. 12 dozen	03	00	00
Ink-horns: of braſs, the dozen	00	12	00
Incle: unwrought, the pound	00	02	06
Incle: wrought, the dozen pound	08	00	00
Incle: Rouls, the dozen pieces cont. 36 yards the piece	06	00	00
Indico of Turky of the Weſt-Indies, or rich Indico the pound	00	03	04
Indico duſt, the pound	00	01	08
Indico of Engliſh Plantations, the pound	00	01	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Bullet ſcrues, the dozen	00	04	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Inciſion ſheers, the dozen	00	05	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Sets the bundle, cont. 16	00	02	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Paices or Tooth-drawers, the dozen	00	05	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Plulicanes the dozen	00	05	00
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgions, voc.: Trepans, the dozen	02	10	00
Iron: Amys, Spaniſh, Spruce, and Swediſh, the Ton	07	00	00
Iron: Backs for Chimneys ſmall, the piece	00	06	08
Iron: Backs for Chimneys large, the piece	00	13	04
Iron: Bands for Kettles the hundred weight, cont. 112 l.	02	00	00
Iron: Fire-irons the groce, cont. 12 dozen	00	10	00
Iron: Hoops, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	06	08
Iron: Stoves, the piece	05	00	00

Juice

	l.	s.	d.
Juice of Lemons, the Pipe	04	00	00
Ivory the pound	00	10	00

K.

KEy knops the groce, containing 12 dozen	01	00	00
Knives: Almain, Bohemia, and all other course Knives, the dicker containing ten Knives	00	03	00
Knives: Butchers Knives, the dicker containing ten Knives	00	03	00
Knives: Carving Knives, the dozen	03	00	00
Knives: Collen Knives, the groce cont. 12 dozen	08	00	00
Knives: French Knives the groce cont. 12 dozen	04	00	00
Knives: Glovers Knives, the bundle cont. six Knives	01	10	00
Knives: Pen-knives, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	10	00
Knives: Sker-knives, the dicker cont. ten Knives	00	03	00
Knives: Stock-knives ungilt, the dozen stocks	04	00	00
Knives: Stock-knives gilt, the dozen stocks	06	00	00

L.

LAce, vide: Bone-lace of threed, the dozen yards	04	00	00
LAce, vide: Brittain-lace, the groce cont. 12 dozen yards	06	00	00
LAce, vide: Cruel-lace, the small groce cont. 12 dozen	08	00	00
LAce, vide: Gold and silver lace the pound cont. 12 ounces Troy	12	00	00
LAce, vide: Gold and silver lace, the ounce Troy	01	00	00
LAce, vide: Pomet-lace, the groce cont. 12 dozen yards	02	00	00
LAce, vide: Purle or antlet lace of threed, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
LAce, vide: Silk bone-lace, the pound cont. 16 ounces	40	00	00
LAce, vide: Silk lace of all other sorts, the pound cont. 16 ounces	10	00	00

	l.	s.	d.
Ladles, vocat. melting Ladles the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	02	00	00
Lapis magnatu falce, the pound	00	03	00
Lattin voc. black Lattin the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	02	00	00
Lattin voc. ſhaven Lattin, the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	03	06	08
Lead-ore the Ton	04	00	00
Lemons pickled, the Pipe	04	00	00
Lemon water the Ton	10	13	04
Lemon water the Gallon	00	00	11
Leather vocat. Baſil leather, the dozen	20	00	00
Leather vocat. Spaniſh leather or Cordevant, the dozen ſkins	05	00	00
Leather vocat. Hangings gilt, the piece	04	00	00
Leather vocat. Spruce or Danſk leather the dozen ſkins	02	00	00
Leather vocat. Leather for Maſks, the pound	00	06	08
Leather vocat. Turkey and Eaſt-India Cordevant, the dozen	02	00	00
Leaves of gold, the hundred leaves cont. 5 ſcore	00	05	00
Lewers for Hawks, the piece	00	01	04
Lyme for Dyers, the barrel	00	05	00
Lines of Hamborough for ſhips, the piece	00	00	06
Linſeed the buſhel	00	05	00
Linnes blew or red, the dozen	01	10	00
Linen cloth, or Callicoes fine or courſe, the piece	00	10	00
Linen cloth, or Cambrick the half piece, cont. ſix ells and a half	01	00	00
Linen cloth, or Cambrick the piece cont. 13 ells	02	00	00
Linen cloth, or Canvas voc. Dutch Barras and Heſſens Canvas, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	03	10	00
Linen cloth, or Canvas voc. French or Normandy Canvas, and line narrow, brown or white, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	06	00	00
Linen cloth, or Canvas voc. French Canvas and line broad for tabling, being an ell and half quarter and upwards, the 100 ells cont. 6 ſcore	15	00	00

Linen

			l.	s.	d.
Linen cloth, or	Canvas vоc.	Packing canvas, guttings, and Spruce canvas the C. ells, cont. 6 ſcore	02	10	00
		Poledavies the bolt, cont. 28 ells	01	00	00
		Spruce, Elbing, or Quinſborough canvas, the bolt cont. 28 ells	00	15	00
		Stript or tufted canvas with threed, the piece cont. 15 yards	02	00	00
		Stript tufted or quilted canvas with ſilk, the piece cont. 15 yards	04	00	00
		Stript canvas with copper, the piece cont. 15 yards	04	00	00
		Vandalos or Vittery canvas, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	05	00	00
		Working canvas for cuſhions narrow, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	03	00	00
		Working canvas broad, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	05	00	00
		Working canvas of the broadeſt ſort, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	06	00	00
	Damaſk	Tabling of Holland making, the yard	01	00	00
		Towelling and Napkening of Holland making, the yard	00	07	00
		Tabling of Sileſia making, the yard	00	04	00
		Towelling and Napkening of Sileſia making, the yard	00	01	04
	Diaper	Tabling of Holland making the yard	00	09	00
		Towelling and Napkening of Holland making, the yard	00	03	00
		Napkins of Holland making, the dozen	01	16	00
		Tabling of Sletia making, the yard	00	03	04
		Towelling and Napkening of Sletia making, the yard	00	01	04

		l.	s.	d.
Linen-cloth, or	Lawns: the half piece, containing ſix ells and a half	03	00	00
	Lawns: the piece cont. thirteen ells	06	00	00
	Lawns: Callico lawns, the piece	01	06	08
	Lawns: French lawns the piece	01	10	00
	Lawns: Sletia lawns, the piece containing between 4 and 8 yards	00	10	00
	Flanders Holland cloth: Flemiſh cloth, Gentiſh cloth, Iſingham cloth, Overiſils cloth, Rouſe cloth, Brabant cloth, Embden cloth, Freeze cloth, Bag Holland, Brown Holland — the ell	00	05	00
	Britiſh the C. ells, cont. 5 ſcore	06	13	04
	Cowsfield cloth or plats the ell	00	01	08
	Drilling and pack-duck the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	02	00	00
	Elbing or Danſk cloth double ploy the ell	00	01	08
	Hamborough and Sletia-cloth broad, the hundred ells containing an hundred and twenty, white or brown	10	00	00
	Hamborough cloth narrow, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	08	00	00
	Hinderlands, Middlegood, Headlake, and Muſcovia linen narrow, the C. ells cont. 6 ſcore	02	13	04
	Iriſh cloth, the hundred ells containing 6 ſcore	02	00	00
	Lockerams voc.: Treager, greſt and narrow, or common dowlace, the piece containing an hundred and 6 ells	05	00	00
	Lockerams voc.: broad dowlace, the piece cont. 106 ells			

Minſters

	l.	s.	d.
Linen-cloth, or			
Minſters, the Roul cont. 1500 ells, at 5 ſcore to the hundred	56	13	04
Ozenbrigs, the roul cont. 1500 ells at 5 ſcore to the C.	60	00	00
Soulthwich, the hundred ells, cont. 6 ſcore	04	00	00
Polonia, Ulſters, Hannovers, Lubeck, narrow Sletia, narrow Weſtphalia, narow Harford, plain Napkening, and all other narrow cloth of high-Dutchland and the Eaſt-Countrey, white or brown, not otherwiſe rated, the hundred ells cont. 6 ſcore	04	00	00
All Linen of Germany, or high-Dutchland and Sileſia, not above three quarters and a half broad, ſhall be accounted narrow Linen; and all above that breadth ſhall be accounted broad, and pay accordingly.			
Strafborough or Hamborough linen, the ell	00	03	00
Twill and Ticking of Scotland, the hundred ells cont. 6 ſcore	03	00	00

All Linen ſhall pay one full Moiety over and above what is before rated; for which Additional Duty the Importer, giving Security at the Cuſtom-houſe, ſhall have Twelve Moneths time for payment of the ſame, from the time of the Importation; or in caſe ſuch Importer ſhall pay ready Money, he ſhall have Ten *per Cent.* of the ſaid Duty abated to him: And if any of the ſaid Linens for which this ſaid Duty is paid or ſecured at the Importation, be Exported within Twelve Moneths after their Importation; then the aforeſaid Duty ſhall be wholly repaid, or the Security vacated as to what ſhall be ſo Exported.

Lockers or Chapes for Daggers the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	13	04

Locks

		l.	s.	d.
Locks voc.	Budgets or hanging-locks ſmall, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	10	00
	Hanging-locks large, the groce cont. 12 dozen	03	00	00
Lutes	Cullen making with caſes, the dozen	08	00	00
	Venice making with caſes, the dozen	24	00	00
Lute-ſtrings voc.	Catlings, the groce cont. 12 dozen knots	00	02	08
	Minikins, the groce cont. 12 dozen knots	01	06	08
Litmus, the C. weight cont. 112 pound		01	00	00

M.

Madder voc.	Crop Madder, and all other bale Madder, the hundr. weight cont. 112 *l.*	01	10	00
	Fat Madder, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	16	08
	Mull Madder, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	00	00
Magnus, the C. weight cont. 112 pound		01	00	00
Maps printed, the Ream		04	00	00
Masks	of Velvet, the dozen	03	00	00
	of Sattin, the dozen	02	00	00
Maſts	for Ships ſmall, the maſt	00	03	04
	middle, the maſt	00	10	00
	great, the maſt	01	00	00
Match for Guns, the pound		00	00	02
Mats of Ruſſia, the Mat		00	00	06
Malt and Barley, *vide* Corn.				
Meal of Wheat or Rie, the Laſt containing 12 barrels		03	00	00
Medlars, the baſket cont. 2 buſhels		00	10	00
Mellaſſes of Rameales, the Ton		13	06	08
Meſſelanes, the piece cont. 30 yards		09	00	00
The ſingle piece cont. 14 yards of Sletia making.		01	16	00
Metheglin, the Hogſhead		02	00	00
Mithridate, the pound		01	00	00
Mocado ends, the dozen pound		04	00	00

Mortars

	l.	s.	d.
Mortars and Peſtles of braſs the pound	00	01	04
Muſtard-ſeed, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	10	00
Mittins of Wadmoll, the dozen pair	00	09	00

N.

Nails voc.	Chair-nails, the thouſand	00	13	04
	Copper-nails, Roſe-nails, and Sadlers-nails, the ſum cont. 10000	00	13	04
	Head-nails the barrel	08	00	00
	Harneſs-Nails, the ſum containing 10000	01	00	00
	Small nails, the half barrel	08	00	00
	Spring-nails, the ſum cont. 10000	00	06	08
	Tenter-hooks, the thouſand	05	00	00
Napkins French making, the dozen		00	12	00
Neats-tongues	of Ruſſia, the piece	00	00	02
	the barrel	00	10	00
	the dozen	00	02	06
Neckerchers of Flanders making, the dozen		06	00	00
Needles	the dozen thouſand	03	00	00
	voc. Pack-needles the thouſand	00	13	04
	voc. Sail-needles the thouſand	00	06	08
Nutmegs pickled, the piece		00	00	04
Nuts voc.	Small-nuts the barrel	00	10	00
	Wall-nuts the barrel	00	06	08

O.

Oakham, the hundr weight cont. 112 pound		00	10	00
Oaker the barrel		01	06	08
Oars	the piece	00	01	00
	the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	05	00	00
Oats, the quarter cont. 8 buſhels		00	04	00
Oyl voc.	Rape and Linſeed Oyl, the Ton	70	00	00
	Sivil oyl, Majorca oyl, Minorca oyl, Apuglia, Province oyl, and Portugal oyl, the Ton	32	00	00
	Sallet-oyl the gallon	00	05	00

Oyl

		l.	s.	d.
Oyl voc.	Train oyl of Greenland, the Ton	08	00	00
	Train oyl of New-found-land, and the like ſort, the Ton	06	00	00
All Train oyl, or Fiſh oyl of Foreign fiſhing the Ton		50	00	00
Olives, the hogſhead		08	00	00
Onions	the barrel	00	03	04
	the hundred bunches	00	16	08
	ſeed, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	04	00	00
Orchal, the hundred wt. containing 112 pound		02	00	00
Orenges and Lemons the thouſand		01	00	00
Orſedew, the dozen pound		01	06	08

P.

Pack-threed	In ſkeins, the hundr. pound	03	00	00
	voc. Bottom threed the hundr. pound	02	10	00
Pans voc.	dripping-pans and frying-pans, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	03	00	00
	Warming-pans the dozen	03	00	00
Paper, vocat.	Blew paper the ream	00	10	00
	Brown paper the bundle	00	03	00
	Cap-paper the ream	00	07	06
	Demy paper the ream	00	12	00
	Ordinary printing and copy-paper the ream	00	04	06
	Painted paper the ream	00	13	04
	Preſſing paper the 100 leaves	00	13	04
	Rochel paper as large as Demy paper the ream	00	09	00
	Royal paper the ream	01	00	00
Parchment	the dozen cont. 12 ſheets	00	07	00
	the roul cont. 6 dozen	02	02	00
Paſte of Jene the pound		00	07	06
Pears or Apples dried, the barrel		00	10	00
Peaſe, the quarter cont. 8 buſhels		00	04	00
Petticoats of ſilk the piece		03	00	00
Penners, the groce cont. 12 dozen		02	00	00

Percer

	l.	s.	d.
Percer bits, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
Pheasants: the dozen from Chriſtmas to Midſommer	04	00	00
Pheasants: Ponts, from Midſommer to Chriſtmas	02	10	00
Pike heads, the piece	00	00	06
Pikes: without heads, the piece	00	03	06
Pikes: with heads, the piece	00	04	00
Pins the dozen thouſand	02	10	00
Pincers and Pliers the dozen	00	04	00
Pintados or Callico cupbord-clothes, the piece	00	06	08
Pipe or Hogſhead ſtaves, the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	00	06	08
Pipes for Tabors, the dozen	00	04	00
Pipes for children, the groce cont. twelve dozen	00	08	00
Pitch vocat.: Small band, the Laſt cont. 12 barrels	02	10	00
Pitch vocat.: Great band, the laſt cont. 12 barrels	02	10	00
Plaiſter of Paris, the mount cont. 3000 weight	02	00	00
Plane Irons the dozen	00	02	00
Planks of Ireland, the 100 foot cont. five-ſcore	00	12	06
Plate: Silver white or ungilt, the ounce	00	04	00
Plate: of ſilver parcel gilt, the ounce	00	04	06
Plate: of ſilver gilt, the ounce	00	05	00
Plates, vocat.: ſingle white or black, the hundred plates	00	13	04
Plates, vocat.: double white or black, the hundred plates	01	06	08
Plates, vocat.: ſingle white or black, the barrel cont. 300 plates	02	00	00
Plates, vocat.: double white or black, the barrel cont. 300 plates	04	00	00
Plates, vocat.: Harneſs plates or iron doubles, the plate	00	01	00
Plates, vocat.: Harneſs plates or iron doubles, the bundle cont. ten plates	00	10	00
Playing-tables of Walnut-tree, the pair	00	06	08

		l.	s.	d.
Points	of threed, the great groce cont. 12 small groce	01	00	00
	of capiton, the great groce containing 12 small groce	02	00	00
	of fine silk, the small groce cont. 12 dozen	01	10	00
Pomystones, the Ton		00	13	04
Pomegranates, the thousand		02	00	00
Pork	the side	00	05	00
	the ton	06	00	00
Potatoes, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		00	16	08
Pots	of earth or stone covered, the C. cont. 5 score	01	06	08
	of earth or stone uncovered, the hundred cast containing a gallon to every cast, whether in one pot or more	02	10	00
	voc. Gallipots, the C. cont. 5 score	02	00	00
	voc. Melting-pots for Goldsmiths, the hundred	00	03	00
	of Iron, French or Flemish making, the dozen	03	00	00
Pullies	voc. Pullies of Iron, the groce cont. 12 dozen	05	00	00
	of Brass, the dozen	00	04	00
	of Wood, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
Punsons and Gravers for Goldsmiths the pound		00	01	00

Q.

Quails, the dozen		00	08	00
Quils, voc. Goose-quills the 1000		00	02	00
Quilts	French making, the dozen	04	16	00
	of Callico, the piece	02	00	00
	of Sattin or other silk, the piece	06	13	04
Quinces, the hundred		00	08	00

R.

Rackets, the piece		00	00	08
Rape of Grapes, the Ton		03	00	00

Rapeseed

	l.	s.	d.
Rapeſeed, the quarter	01	00	00
Raſhes, voc. Bridges or Leyden Raſhes, the ſingle piece cont. 15 yards	04	00	00
Raſhes, voc. Bridges or Leyden Raſhes, the double piece cont. 2 ſingle pieces	07	00	00
Raſhes, voc. Cloth Raſhes, the piece	18	00	00
Rattles for children, the groce containing 12 dozen	01	06	08
Rattles with bells, the dozen	00	06	00
Razers, the dicker cont. ten	01	00	00
Recorders the ſet or caſe, cont. five Recorders	01	00	00
Ribband of ſilk of all ſorts, the pound	04	00	00
Rice, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	01	06	08
Rozen, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	06	08
Rugs, voc. Iriſh Rugs, the piece	00	13	04
Rugs, voc. Poliſh Rugs, the piece	01	00	00
Ryms for Sieves, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	06	00
Rings, voc. for Keys, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	09	00
Rings, voc. for Curtains, the pound	00	01	04
Rings, voc. of Wyer, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	04	00
Rings, voc. of Braſs, Copper, or S. Martins gilt, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
Rings, voc. ſmall the box, cont. 2 groce, 12 dozen to each groce	00	10	00
Rings, voc. of Hair, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	03	00

S.

Sackcloth the hundr. ells cont. 6 ſcore	08	00	00
Sackcloth of ſingle threeds, the piece cont. 15 yards	00	10	00
Sackcloth with white threeds, the yard	00	01	00
Sackcloth with ſilk the yard	00	01	06
Saddles of ſteel, the piece	01	00	00
Saffora, *vide* Barilia.			
Safflore, the pound	00	01	00
Saffron the pound	01	10	00
Salt, voc. White or Spaniſh Salt, the buſhel	00	00	08

Salt

		l.	s.	d.
Salt, voc.	white or Spaniſh Salt, the Wey cont. 40 buſhels	01	06	08
	Bay or French ſalt the buſhel	00	00	06
	Bay or French ſalt, the wey cont. 40 buſhels	01	00	00
Salt-petre, the C. weight containing 112 pound		01	00	00
Saws, vocat.	Hand-ſaws the dozen	00	06	08
	Tenant-ſaws the dozen	00	13	04
	Whip-ſaws the piece	00	05	00
	Leg-ſaws the piece	00	06	08
Sayes	Double Says, or Flanders Serges the piece cont. 15 yards	09	00	00
	Double Say or Serge, the yard	00	12	00
	Mill'd Sayes the piece	06	00	00
	Hounſcot Say, the peice cont. 24 yards	06	00	00
Scamoty the yard		00	01	00
Scamoty, the piece cont. 7 yards and an half		00	07	06
Sciſſers the groce, cont. 12 dozen		03	00	00
Sea-holly roots, the C.wt. cont 112 pound		01	00	00
Sea-morſe teeth, the pound		00	03	00
Serge	of Athens the yard	00	02	00
	of Florence the yard	01	00	00
Shears	for Shear-men new, the pair	01	00	00
	for Shear-men old, the pair	00	13	04
	for Glovers the pair	00	01	00
	for Seamſters the dozen	00	03	04
	voc. Forceps, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	13	04
for Taylors the dozen		00	16	00
Sheep Imported from Ireland to England by the ſcore		05	00	00
Shubs of Calaber, the piece or Shub		02	00	00
Shumack, C. weight cont 112 l.		00	13	04
Shruff or old braſs, C. weight cont. 112 pound		03	00	00
Sider the Ton		04	00	00

		l.	s.	d.
Silk vocat.	Bridges ſilk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	00	00
	Ferret or Floret ſilk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	01	00	00
	Fillozel, or Paris ſilk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	00	15	00
	Naples Granado: Silk black, the pound cont. 16 ounces	03	00	00
	Naples Granado: Silk in colours, the pound cont. 16 ounces	04	00	00
	Naples: Silk black, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	00	00
	Naples: Silk in colours, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	10	00
	Orgaſine ſilk, and all thrown ſilk in the Gum, the pound containing 16 ounces	00	16	08
	Pole and Spaniſh ſilk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	00	00
	Raw China ſilk, the pound cont. 24 ounces	01	00	00
	Raw Morea ſilk, the pound cont. 24 ounces	00	10	00
	Raw long ſilk of all ſorts (except China) the pound cont. 24 ounces	00	10	00
	Raw ſhort ſilk or Capiton, the pound cont. 24 ounces	00	06	08
	Sattin ſilk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	00	00
	Sleave ſilk courſe, the pound cont. 16 ounces	00	13	04
	Sleave ſilk fine, or Naples ſleave, the pound cont. 16 ounces	02	13	04
	Silk nubs or huſks of ſilk, the pound cont. 21 ounces	00	02	00
	Thrown ſilk, the pound dyed cont. 16 ounces	05	00	00
Silk wrought	Imported in ſhips Engliſh-built, directly from the Eaſt-Indies, the pound weight cont. 16 ounces	00	15	00
	Of the Manufacture of Italy Imported from thence in Engliſh-built ſhips, the pound weight cont. 16 ounces	01	13	04

		l.	s.	d.
Silk wrought	Imported from the East-India's, in other Bottoms, the pound weight cont. 16 ounces	01	00	00
	From Italy	02	00	00
	From any other parts of the world, the pound wt. cont. 16 ounces	02	00	00

Provided, that all Foreign silks wrought, Exported within one year from the Importation, shall have two Thirds of the aforesaid Rates repaid at the Custom-house.

All silk wrought, shall pay one full Moiety over and above what it stands Rated in this Book, for which Additional Duty, the Importer giving Security at the Custom-house, shall have twelve Moneths time for payment of the same, from the time of the Importation: Or in case such Importer shall pay ready money, he shall have Ten pounds *per Cent.* of the said Duty abated to him. And if any of the said Silks, for which the said Duty is paid or secured at the Importation, be exported within twelve Moneths after their Importation, then the aforesaid Duty shall be wholly returned, or the Security vacated, as to what shall be so Exported.

Skins, vocat	Buck skins in the hair, the skin	00	02	06
	Buck skins dreſt, the skin	00	05	00
	Calf-skins of Ireland raw, the dozen	00	06	08
	Calf-skins tanned	00	10	00
	Cordivant of Turkey, East-India, or Scotland, the dozen	01	06	08
	Dog-fish skins for Fletchers the dozen	00	00	06
	Fox-skins dreſt, the dozen	00	16	00
	Gold-skins, the skin	00	00	06
	Goat-skins of Barbary, or the East Countrey in the hair, the dozen skins	01	00	00
	Goat-skins of Scotland and Ireland, in the hair, the dozen	00	06	08
	Goat-skins tanned, the dozen	02	00	00
	Huſſe-skins for Fletchers, the skin	00	00	06

Skins

		l.	s.	d.
Skins, voc.	Kids skins in the hair, the C. containing 5 score	01	00	00
	Kids skins dreſt, the C. containing five score	02	00	00
	Portugal ſkins the dozen	02	00	00
	Seal ſkins, the ſkin	00	01	08
	Shamway ſkins, the dozen	01	06	03
	Sheep ſkins in the wool, the ſkin	00	00	03
	Spaniſh, Sevil, or Cordovant ſkins the dozen	05	00	00
	Spruce ſkins tawed, the dozen	02	00	00
Skeets for Whitſters, the ſkeet		00	01	00
Slip the barrel		00	03	04
Smalts the pound		00	01	06
Snuffers of all ſorts the dozen		00	06	08
Soap vocat.	Caſtle or Venice, the C. weight contain. an hundred and twelve pound	03	00	00
	Flemmiſh the barrel	04	00	00
Spangles of Copper the thouſand		00	01	00
Spars ſmall the hundred, containing ſixſcore		01	00	00
Spectacles without caſes, the groce cont. 12 dozen		01	00	00
Spoons of horn, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	16	00
Spunges, *vide* Druggs.				
Standiſhes	of Wood the dozen	00	04	00
	of Braſs the dozen	00	12	00
	covered with Leather gilt, the piece	00	06	08
	voc. Pocket Standiſhes, the dozen	02	00	00
Starch white the C. wt. cont. 112 pound		05	00	00
Staves, vocat.	barrel ſtaves the C. containing ſixſcore	00	03	04
	Firkin ſtaves the hundred, cont. ſixſcore	00	02	00
Steel vocat.	Long ſteel, Wiſp ſteel, and ſuch like, the C. weight containing 112 pound	01	10	00
	Gad ſteel the half barrel	10	00	00

	l.	s.	d.
Stockings of Wadmoll the pair	00	01	00
Stone-birds or Whiſtles, the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	00	04	00
Stones vocat. Blood-ſtones, the pound	00	15	00
Cane-ſtones, the Ton	00	15	00
Dog-ſtones, the Laſt cont. 3 pair to the Laſt	39	00	00
Milſtones the piece	10	00	00
Stones voat. Quern ſtones ſmall, the Laſt	02	05	00
Quern ſtones large, the Laſt	04	10	00
Slick ſtones the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	15	00
Sturgion the Firkin	01	10	00
the Cagg	00	15	00
Stuffs of all ſorts, made of, or mixt with wooll, *per* yard	01	05	00
Succad wet or dry, the pound	00	03	00
Sword blades of Venice, Turkey, or fine blades the dozen	01	10	00
courſe of Flanders making, the dozen	01	00	00

T.

Table-books courſe the dozen	00	10	00
fine the dozen	01	00	00
Tables vocat. Playing tables of wainſcot, and all other ſorts courſe the pair	00	05	00
Tacks of Iron the thouſand	00	06	08
Tallow the hundr. weight containing 112 pound	00	16	08
Tannets of Cruel, the yard	00	06	00
Tapiſtry with hair, the Flemiſh ell	00	02	08
with Caddas, the Flemiſh ell	00	08	00
with Silk, the Flemiſh ell	00	13	04
with Gold or ſilver, the Flemiſh ell	08	00	00
with Wooll, the Flemiſh ell	00	04	00
Tarras the barrel	00	06	08
Tarr ſmall band, the Laſt cont. 12 barrels	02	10	00
great band, the Laſt cont. 12 barrels	02	10	00
Tazels the thouſand	00	05	00
Thimbles the thouſand	00	03	00

Threed

		l.	s.	d.
Threed	Bridges threed the dozen pound	02	05	00
	Crosbow threed the C. pound cont. 5 score	03	06	08
	Lions or Paris threed, the bale cont. a C. bolts	30	00	00
	Outnal threed the dozen pound	03	00	00
	Piecing threed the dozen pound	04	00	00
	Sisters threed the pound	00	15	00
	Whited brown the dozen pound	04	00	00
Thrums	of Linen or Fustian, the pound	00	00	06
	of Woollen the pound	00	01	00
Tikes, vocat.	Brizel Tikes and counterfeit Brizel, the Tike	01	10	00
	Turnal Tikes, the Tike	01	10	00
Tiking of the East-country, the yard		00	00	08
Tikes of Stoad, the Tike		01	10	00
Tincal the pound, *vide* Drugs.				
Tinfoil, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	03	04
Tinglass, the hundred weight contain. 112 pound		03	00	00
Tinsel with	Copper, the yard	00	05	00
	right gold and silver, the yard	00	10	00
Tinshore, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	01	06
Tobacco, vocat.	Spanish and Brazeil Tobacco, or any not English Plantation, the pound	00	10	00
	Spanish or Brazeil Tobacco, in pudding or roul, the pound	00	10	00
	St. Christophers, Barbadoes, or any of the Carib Islands, Virginia, and Summer Islands Tobacco, the pound English Plantation	00	01	08

All Tobacco of the English Plantation shall pay over and above the last mentioned Rate by the Merchant Importer 1 *d. per* pound at nine Moneths after Importation, and give Security for the same.

Provided, that such Tobacco as shall be Ex-

ported by any perſon within 12 Moneths from the Importation, ſhall have this whole duty of one peny *per* pound repaid.

And in caſe any Merchant or Importer ſhall deſire to pay ready money, he ſhall have an abatement after the rate of 10 *l. per Cent. per annum.*

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
Tools, vocat. Carving-tools, the groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
Tow, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	10	00
Trayes of wood, the ſhock containing ſixty Trayes	01	00	00
Treacle: Flanders Treacle the barrel	04	00	00
Treacle: of Jeane the pound	00	01	04
Trenchers: white ſort common the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	04	00
Trenchers: red or painted the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	12	00
Treen nails the thouſand	00	10	00
Trunnels the thouſand	00	10	00
Tweezes of France the dozen	03	00	00
Twine: of Hamborough the pound	00	00	06
Twine: the hundr. weight containing 112 pound	02	10	00
Twiſt for Bandſtrings, the dozen knots	00	10	00

V.

VAllances of Scotland the piece	00	08	00
Verditor the C. weight cont. 112 pound	01	06	08
Verders of Tapiſtry with hair, the Flemiſh ell	00	02	00
Vellum for Table-books, the ſkin	00	10	00
Viols the piece	00	13	04
Vice haſps the dozen	00	02	00
Vice tongues or hand-vices the dozen	00	12	00
Vinegar the Ton	05	00	00
Vizards the dozen	01	04	00

W. Wadmoll

	l.	s.	d.
W.			
Wadmoll the yard	00	00	09
Wainſcots the hundr. containing fix-ſcore	10	00	00
Wax the C. weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Wax vocat. hard wax the pound	00	03	04
Whale Fins of Engliſh Fiſhing, Imported by Engliſh in Engliſh ſhipping directly from the place, by the Ton	50	00	00
Whale Fins not of Engliſh fiſhing, by the Ton	100	00	00
Whetſtones the hundred ſtones cont. five-ſcore	00	16	08
Whipcord the pound	00	00	08
Whiſtles, cocks or bellows, the groce	01	04	00
Whiſtles, cocks, or birds of ſtone, the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	00	04	00
Woad voc. Iſlands or green Woad, the Ton cont. twenty hundred weight	15	00	00
Woad voc. Tholoſe woad the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	13	04
Wormſeed, *vide* Druggs.			
Worſteds vocat. Saint Omers narrow, or half worſted the piece	01	00	00
Worſteds vocat Ruſſels worſted or broad worſteds the piece	02	00	00
Wood voc. Box-wood for Combs the thouſand pieces	01	13	04
Wood voc. Brazeil, or Fernambuck wood, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	01	15	00
Brazeletto or Gemeaco wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	01	08
Ebony wood, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Fuſtick the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	05	00
Lignum vitæ, *vide* Druggs.			

		l.	*s.*	*d.*
Wood, vocat.	Planks of Ireland the foot	00	00	1½
	Red or Guinny-wood the Ton	30	00	00
	Speckled-wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	13	04
	Sweet-wood of Weſt-India, the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*	01	05	00
	Timber of Ireland, the Ton or load	00	13	04
Wooll, vocat.	Bever Wooll free			
	Cotton-wooll not of the growth of the Engliſh Plantations, the pound	00	00	04
	Cotton-wooll of the Engliſh Plantation, free			
	Eſtridge Wooll Imported in Engliſh-built Ships, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.* free			
	Iriſh Wooll comb'd the pound, free			
	Iriſh Wooll uncomb'd, the C. weight cont. 112 *l.* free			
	Lambs Wooll the C. weight cont 112 pound, free			
	Polonia Wooll the C. weight cont. 112 pound, free			
	Spaniſh Wooll for clothing, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.* free			
	Spaniſh Felt-wooll the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.* free			
	Red Wooll the pound, free			
	Wooll mixt in Stuffs, *vide* Stuff.			
Wreſt for Virginals the groce containing 12 dozen		01	04	00
Wyer, vocat.	Dagger and quartern Wyer the pound	00	03	04
	Iron Wyer the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	07	10	00
	Lattin Wyer the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	06	13	04
	Steel Wyer the pound	00	03	00
	Strawſborough Wyer the pound	00	03	04
	Virginal Wyer the pound	00	05	00
Wine lees the Ton		04	00	00

Yarn

		l.	s.	d.
	Y.			
Yarn, voc.	Cable yarn the hundred weight cont. 112 l.	00	13	04
	Camel or Mohair yarn the pound	00	02	06
	Cotton yarn the pound	00	01	00
	Grograin yarn the pound	00	03	00
	Iriſh yarn the pack, cont. 400 weight, at ſixſcore pound the C.	05	00	00
	Raw-linen yarn Dutch or French the pound	00	01	00
Sail-yarn the pound		00	00	06
Spruce or Muſcovia yarn, the C. weight cont. 112 l.		02	13	04
Scotch yarn the pound		00	01	00
Woollen or bay-yarn the C. weight cont. 112 l.		03	06	08

THE SUBSIDY OF TONNAGE,

Upon all Wines to be brought into the Port of *LONDON*, and all other Ports of *ENGLAND*, and Dominions thereof, by Engliſh-men.

Gaſcogin and French Wines brought into the Port of *London*, the Ton to pay		04	10	00

	l.	s.	d.
Brought into all other Ports, to pay	03	00	00
Rheniſh Wines brought into any Port, the Awme	01	00	00
Muſcadels, Malmeſies, and other Wines of the Levant, brought into the Ports of *London*, *Briſtoll*, or *Southampton*, the Butt or Pipe to pay	02	05	00
Brought into all other Ports, to pay	01	10	00
Sacks, Canaries, Malagaes, Maderaes, Romneys, Hollocks, Baſtards, Tents and Allicants brought into the Port of *London*, the Butt or Pipe to pay	02	05	00
Brought into all other Ports, to pay	01	10	00

ALl Merchant-ſtrangers bringing in any ſorts of the ſaid Wines, are to pay Thirty ſhillings in the Ton, over and above the aforeſaid Rates which the Native pays; Including Twenty ſhillings the Ton formerly paid to His Majeſty, by the name of *Southampton* Duties for Muſcadales, Malmſies, and all other Wines of the growth of the *Levant*.

For which ſorts of Wines, the Stranger is alſo to pay to the uſe of the Town of *Southampton* for every Butt or Pipe, the Sum of Ten ſhillings.

Moreover, the Stranger is to pay the ancient Duty of Butlerage, which is Two ſhillings upon every Ton.

Note, that ſuch Wines as ſhall be Landed in any of the Out-Ports and Cuſtom paid, and afterwards brought to the Port of *London* by Certificate, ſhall pay ſo much more Cuſtom, as they paid ſhort of the Duty due in the Port of *London*.

THE

THE RATES OF MERCHANDIZE.

Rates Outwards.

A.	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*
Alabaſter the Load	02	00	00
Allom Engliſh, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	00	00
Apothecary and Confectionary Wares of all ſorts, the C. weight	02	00	00
Anvils the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	10	00
Apples the buſhel	00	01	00
Apples, voc. Pippins, the buſhel	00	01	00
Aqua vitæ the hogſhead	02	00	00
Aſhes of Engliſh wood, the Laſt containing 12 barrels	01	13	04
B.			
Bacon the Flitch	00	10	00
Baggs the dozen	00	10	00
Bandaliers the hundred Collars	00	10	00
Beef the barrel	03	00	00
Beer the Ton, *vide* after Merchandize outwards			
Beer eager the Ton	01	00	00
Bell-metal the C. weight, containing 112 pound	04	00	00
Bellows the dozen	00	06	00
Billets the thouſand	02	00	00
Birding-pieces, the piece, *vide* Iron Ware.			
Birdlime the C. cont. 112 pound	01	10	00
Boxes vocat. Tobacco-boxes, *vide* Haberdaſhery			
Bodies { Voc. Stitched-bodies with ſilk the pair			

		l.	s.	d.
Bodies	of Whale-bone the pair, *vide* Garments			
Bones, voc. Ox-bones the thouſand		00	06	08
Books Printed, unbound or bound the hundred weight at 112 *l.*		00	05	00
Braſs manufactures of all ſorts the hundred weight at 112 *l.*		00	16	08
Bridles the dozen		00	01	08
Bruſhes Engliſh of Heath, the dozen		00	10	00
Buckweed the quarter, *vide* Corn.				
Buttons of hair the ſmall groce containing 12 dozen		00	00	06
Butter good or bad, the barrel		03	00	00
Bays	Barnſtable courſe of Twenty pound weight and under, the Bay	00	12	06
	Mancheſter or Barnſtable fine, and all other ſingle Bays not exceeding 34 pound weight, the piece	01	00	00
	Double Bays the piece in weight from 34 pound weight, to 60 pound wt.	02	00	00
	Minikin Bays, containing in weight from ſixty pound weight to ninety pound weight, to pay as three ſingle Bays	03	00	00
	And if they do contain above ninety pound in weight, and not above 112 pound, to pay all Duties as for four ſingle Bays and no more	04	00	00

C.

Calve-ſkins the dozen, of 36 pound weight, undreſt and dreſt		02	10	00
By ſtrangers		05	00	00
No one ſkin in any dozen dreſt or undreſt to exceed four pound in weight.				
Cambodium the pound		00	01	06
Candles	the dozen pound	00	05	00
	the barrel cont. 10 dozen pound	02	10	00
Canvas Engliſh tufted, the piece cont. 30 yards, *vide* Linen				

Canvas

		l.	s.	d.
	Canvas Shropſhire-making, the C. ells cont. 5 ſcore,	*vide* Linen.		
Caps, voc.	Monmouth Caps plain, the dozen	00	06	00
	Monmouth Caps trimm'd, the dozen	00	12	00
	Button'd Engliſh-making, the dozen	00	08	04
	of Wooll black, the dozen	00	10	00
Cards	vocat. Stock Cards the dozen	01	04	00
	vocat. Tow Cards new, the dozen	00	05	00
	Wooll Cards, voc. new the dozen	00	10	00
	Wooll Cards, voc. old the dozen	00	06	00
	Playing Cards the hundr. weight at 112 *l.*	00	05	00
	Card-boards the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	01	00	00
	Carpets Northern the piece	00	11	08
	Catlings, or Engliſh Hatmakers ſtrings, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	16	00
	Cheeſe the hundr. weight cont. 112 pound	01	00	00
	Cloaks old the piece, (*vide* Garments)			
	Cloak-bags the dozen	00	15	00
	Coaches and Chariots of all ſorts, the piece	05	00	00
Coals, vocat.	Sea-coals the Chalder Newcaſtle meaſure exported by Engliſh in Engliſh built bottoms	08	00	00
	Sea-coals the Chalder, Lond. meaſure, exported by Engliſh in Engliſh built bottoms	05	00	00
	Sea-coals of Wales, or the Weſt Country, which ſhall be Tranſported into Ireland, the Iſle of Man, or Scotland, to pay Twelve pence the Chalder water-meaſure.			
	The Officers of the Ports to take good Security for the Landing of the ſaid Coals reſpectively.			
	The Merchant-ſtranger to pay double Cuſtom if he carry out Coals in a Foreign Bottom, but if in any Engliſh Bottoms, then Fourteen ſhillings the Chalder.			
	That if any Engliſh Tranſport Coals in ſtrange built Bottoms, to pay Strangers Cuſtom.			

	l.	s.	d.
Combs of wood, bone or horn, or any other sort, *Vide* Haberdashery.			
Cobweb Lawns the yard	00	00	08
Comfits the pound, *vide* Confectionary.			
Coney-hair, or wooll black or white, the pound	00	06	00
Copper manufactures of all sorts, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	16	08
Cordage tarr'd or untarr'd, the hundred weight containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	10	00
Coverlets of Wool and Hair the piece	00	01	08
Coverlets of Caddas the piece	00	01	03
Currycombs, *vide* Iron ware.			
Cushions of *Yorkshire* the dozen	01	00	00
Cottons, *Northern*, *Manchester*, *Taunton*, and *welsh*-Cottons, the hundred Goads	02	00	00
Cottons called *welsh*-plains, the C. Goads	02	10	00
Corn: Barley the quarter, containing eight bushels	00	10	00
Corn: Beans the quarter	00	10	00
Corn: Malt the quarter	00	10	00
Corn: Oats the quarter	00	06	08
Corn: Pease the quarter	00	10	00
Corn: Wheat the quarter	01	00	00
Corn: Rye the quarter	00	10	00
Corn: Buck-wheat the quarter	00	10	00

D.

Darnix voc. of English-making the yard	00	00	09
Darnix voc. Coverlets English the piece	00	03	04
Dice, *vide* Haberdashers ware.			
Dimity the yard	00	00	04
Doublets of Leather the piece, *vide* Garments.			
Dust of Cloves, of Ginger, of Lignum vitæ, of Mace, of Nutmeg, of Pepper, of all Spices, and the like, are to be exported Custom free, having paid at the Importation.			
Emery-stones, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	03	04

Earthen-

		l.	s.	d.
Earthen-ware.	Bricks and Tyles of all sorts, the thousand	00	03	04
	All other sorts of Earthen and stone ware made in *England*, the hundred parcels (not rated.)	00	03	04

F.

Fennel-seed the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		01	10	00
Figurettoes	with Silk or Copper, *vide* Silks.			
	narrow the piece	00	15	00
	broad the piece	01	10	00
Filozelloes broad of silk the yard, *vide* Silks.				
Fire-locks the piece, *vide* Iron wrought.				
Fitches the Timber, cont. 40 skins		01	13	04
Flannel the yard		00	00	04½
Flasks of Horn, *vide* Haberdashers ware.				
Flax the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		01	00	00
Freezes the yard		00	00	06
Fustians of English making of all sorts, to go out free				

G.

Garments, or wearing apparel of all sorts, ready made, to go out free				
Garterings of Cruel, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	08	04
Garters of Worsted, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	02	06
Geldings or Nags, *vide* Horses.				
For English Plantations, *vide* Horses.				
Girdles	of leather for men, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	16	08
	for children the groce cont. 12 doz.	00	10	00
	of *Norwich* the dozen	00	06	08
Glass broken, the barrel		00	03	04
Glass for Windows *per* Chest		00	10	00
Glasses to drink in, bottles, and all other sorts of Glasses, the C.		00	03	04
Glew English, the hundr. weight containing 112 pound		00	16	08

		l.	s.	d.
Gloves	plain of Sheep, Kid, or Lambs leather the dozen pair	00	04	00
	fringed and ſtitched with ſilk, the dozen pair	00	06	08
	furr'd with Coney-wooll the dozen pair	00	06	08
	of Buck-leather the dozen	01	00	00
Glovers Clippings the Fat or Maund		02	00	00
Gooſe-quills the thouſand		00	02	00
Grindleſtones the Chalder		00	13	04
Gunpowder the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*		02	00	00
Guts, vocat. Ox-guts the barrel		01	00	00

H.

Haberdaſhers Wares.	Packthred, Inckle, Tape, Filleting, Buttons of all ſorts, Hooks and Eyes, and other Haberdaſhery Engliſh making, not particularly rated, by the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*	01	00	00
Hair, voc.	Harts hair the C. weight cont. 112 pound	01	12	00
	Horſe hair the C. weight cont. 112 pound	06	00	00
	Ox or Cow hair the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Hair-cloth the piece		00	13	04
Hakefiſh the hundred cont. 6 ſcore		00	03	04
Harneſs, vocat. Coach-harneſs, the pair with bridles		01	00	00
Harts-horn the hundred weight containing 112 pound		01	12	00
Hatbands of Cruel the groce cont. twelve dozen		00	05	00
Hatches the dozen, *vide* Iron Ware				
Hats	Beavers and Demicaſtors of Engliſh making, the dozen	02	00	00
	Felts and all other hats the dozen	00	10	00
Hawks hoods the dozen		00	02	06
Hemp-ſeed the quarter, containing eight buſhels				

Herrings

				l.	s.	d.
Herrings, voc. Winter Herrings	white full		Packed the barrel	00	13	04
			Packed the laſt, cont. 12 barrels	08	00	00
			Unpacked or Sea-ſticks, the laſt, cont. 18 barrels	08	00	00
	white ſhotten		Packed the barrel	00	06	08
			Packed the laſt, cont. 12 barrels	04	00	00
			Unpacked or Sea-ſticks the laſt, cont. 18 barrels	04	00	00
	red, full		the Cade, containing 5 hundred	00	06	00
			the laſt cont. twenty Cades, or 10 thouſand	06	00	00
Herrings, voc.	Wint. her. red, ſhott.		the Cade containing five hundred	00	03	00
			the laſt, containing twenty Cades, or 10 thouſand	03	00	00
	Summer herrings ſhotten	white	packed the barrel	00	06	08
			packed the laſt containing 12 barrels	04	00	00
			unpackt or Sea-ſtick, the laſt cont. 18 barrels	04	00	00
		Red	the Cade containing five hundred	00	03	00
			the laſt cont. twenty Cades, or 10 thouſand	03	00	00
Holſters the dozen pair				00	10	00
Hops the hundred weight, at 112 pound				01	10	00
Horns, voc.			Blowing horns ſmall the dozen	00	04	00
			of Bucks the C.	00	04	00
			Inkhorns the dozen, *vide* Haberdaſhery.			
			Horns for Lanthorns the thouſand leaves	01	00	00
			Ox-horns the thouſand	02	10	00
			Powder-horns the dozen	00	04	00
			of Rams the thouſand	01	00	00
			of Sheep the thouſand	00	03	04
			Shooing-horns the dozen	00	00	08

		l.	s.	d.
Horns vocat.	Stags horn the C	01	12	00
	Tips of horns the thouſand	00	15	00
Horſe-litters and Sedans, the piece		02	10	00
Horſes, voc.	Stone-horſes the piece	66	13	04
	Geldings or Nags, the piece	20	00	00
	Geldings or Nags to the Engliſh Plantations	10	00	00
	Mares, the Mare	126	13	04
Horſe-tails with hair, the C. weight cont. 5 ſcore		04	00	00
Horſe-collars, the hundred containing five-ſcore		02	00	00
Hoops for barrels the thouſand		00	13	04

I.

Jewels, Precious ſtones and Pearls, free				
Iron wrought, *viz.* Axes, Adzes, Hoes, Armour, Bitts, Knives, Locks, Fowling-pieces, Muſquets, Piſtols, Ciſſors, Stirrops, and all Carpenters and Gravers Tools, Jack-work, Clock-work, and all Iron-mongers Wares perfectly manufacted, the C. weight cont. 112 pound		00	10	00
Iron the Ton		16	00	00
Old Iron the Ton		16	00	00
Iron Ordnance, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		02	00	00
Iriſh Mantles, the Mantle		00	03	04

K.

Knives, vocat.	Shoe-makers paring-knives	*Vide* Iron Ware.
	Cutting-knives	
	Sheffield-knives	
	London-knives	

L.

Lace of Gold and Silver, the pound		01	16	00
Lace of Velvet the pound, *vide* Silk				
Statute Lace the groce cont. 12 dozen, *vide* Silk				

Letharge

	l.	s.	d.
Letharge of Lead the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	04	00
Lamperns the thouſand	01	06	08
Leather manufactures of any ſort, not particularly rated, the pound	00	00	10
Loom-work the yard	00	00	06
Lime the Chalder	00	13	04
Linen, *viz.* all ſorts of Cloth made of Hemp or Flax, fine or courſe, of Engliſh manufacture, the piece not exceeding 40 ells	00	10	00
Linſeed the quarter, cont. 8 buſhels	03	00	00
Linſey-woolſey, *vide* Stuff.			
Linen ſhreds the Maund or Fat	02	00	00
Liſts of Cloth the thouſand yards	01	10	00
Lead caſt and uncaſt, the Fodder containtwenty hundred weight	20	00	00

Note, that every Stranger is to pay for Lead double Cuſtom.

M.

Maps and Sea-cards of all ſorts the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	05	00
Muſtard-ſeed the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	10	00
Melaſſes or Rameales the Ton	10	00	00

N.

Nails of all ſorts, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	05	00
Nuts ſmall the barrel, containing three buſhels	00	06	08

O.

Oat-meal the buſhel	00	03	04
Oat-meal the barrel cont. 3 buſhels	00	10	00
Oyl vocat. Train-oyl made in *England*, the Ton	10	00	00
Oyſters the ſmall barrel in pickle	00	01	04
Oker yellow or red, the C. weight. containing 112 pound	01	00	00
Oxen, the Ox	06	13	04

Parchment

	l.	s.	d.
P.			
Parchment the Roll	00	13	04
Paſt-boards the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	12	00
Pictures of Engliſh making the hundred weight Printed or painted	00	05	00
Pilchers the Ton by Strangers	20	00	00
Points of leather the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	00	00	06
Purls of Broad-cloath the piece	00	00	02
Pork the barrel	04	00	00
R.			
Rape cakes the thouſand	00	10	00
Rape-ſeed the quarter, containing 8 buſhels	03	00	00
Rugs, voc. Iriſh Rug the yard	00	00	04
Iriſh Rugs for Beds, the Rug	00	06	08
Ruſſetring for Painters, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	05	00
Raſhes, vocat. ſilk Raſhes broad or narrow the yard, *vide* Silk Ware			
Ribbon, *vide* Silk manufactures.			
S.			
Saddles: Great Saddles the piece	00	05	00
Saddles: All other Saddles of all ſorts a piece	00	03	00
Saddle-trees the dozen	00	03	04
Sackcloth to make Sacks, *vide* Linen.			
Saffron the pound	01	10	00
Salt-petre the C. weight cont 112 *l.*	04	00	00
Seamorſe teeth the pound	00	03	04
Scabbards for Swords the dozen	00	01	08
Shag: with threed the yard — *Vide*			
Shag: with threed the piece — Linen.			
Shovels: ſhod the dozen	00	04	00
Shovels: unſhod the dozen	00	03	04
Shreds and pieces of Broad-cloth the pound	00	00	06
Shoes: Old, the hundred dozen pair	04	00	00
Shoes: All new Shoes, Boots, and Slippers the pound weight	00	00	10

Silk

	l.	s.	d.
Silk vocat. Engliſh Thrown ſilk the pound cont. 16 ounces	00	03	04
All other ſilk manufactures made of Silk onely, or of Silk and Worſted, or of Silk and Threed, or Hair, the pound weight	00	01	08
Skins, vocati — Coney-ſkins — Tawed and dyed into colours, the hundred cont. 120	01	00	00
Gray Stag the C. cont. 6 ſcore	00	10	00
Gray ſeaſon'd the C. cont. 6 ſcore	01	00	00
Gray taw'd, the C. containing 6 ſcore	00	13	04
Black with ſilver hairs, or without, the hundred containing 6 ſcore	02	13	04
Kid-ſkins — In the hair, the C. cont. fiveſcore	00	10	00
Dreſt the C. cont. fiveſcore	00	13	04
Lamb-ſkins — vocat. Morekins, untawed the C. cont. 6 ſcore	00	16	08
vocat. Morekins tawed with the Wooll, the hundred cont. fixſcore	00	06	08
white or black untawed the C. cont. fixſcore	01	06	08
white or black tawed with the Wooll, the C. cont. 6 ſcore	01	10	00
Otter-ſkins — raw the piece	00	01	00
tawed the piece	00	01	04
wombs the mantle	00	10	00
Sheep & Lamb-ſkins — tawed with the Wooll, the C. cont. 6 ſcore	03	00	00
dreſt without Wooll, the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	02	10	00
Pelts the hundred containing 5 ſcore	03	06	08
Rabbit-ſkins black the C.	00	15	00
Hare-ſkins the piece	00	00	03
Cat-ſkins the C.	01	06	08

Fox-

		l.	s.	d.
Skins voc.	Fox-ſkins the piece	00	00	08
	Swan-ſkins the piece	00	02	06
	Dog-ſkins the dozen	00	02	06
	Elk-ſkins the piece raw	01	00	00
	Wolf-ſkins tawed the piece	00	06	00
	Badger-ſkins the piece	00	01	00
	Squirrels-ſkins the thouſand	02	10	00
Sleeves of leather, *vide* Garments.				
Soap	hard Engliſh-make, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	10	00
	the barrel	01	00	00
Spaniſh Sattins	Engliſh-making, the ſingle piece cont. 15 yards — *Vide* Silk.			
	the double piece cont. 30 yards — *Vide* Silk.			
Sprats the Cade, cont. a thouſand		00	01	08
Starch the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		01	00	00
Steel voc. Gad-ſteel, the hundred weight cont 112 pound		01	00	00
Stockings	Iriſh the dozen	00	05	00
	Kerſie long, the pair	00	01	03
	Kerſie ſhort the dozen pair	00	03	09
	Leather the dozen, *vide* Garments.			
	Silk-ſtockings, *vide* Silk manufactures.			
	Woollen for Children the dozen	00	01	08
	Worſted for Children the dozen	00	03	04
	Woollen for men the dozen	00	05	00
	Worſted for men the dozen	00	12	06
	Lower ends of Worſted-ſtockings the dozen	00	06	08
Stones vocat.	Hilling-ſtones the thouſand	00	03	04
	Slate the thouſand	00	15	00
Stuffs, vocat.	Perpetuana's and Serges, in regard of their courſeneſs, the pound weight	00	01	03
	All other Stuffs made of wooll, or mixed with hair or threed, the pound weight	00	01	04

	l.	s.	d.
Sugars of all ſorts formerly brought into this Kingdom, and after refined and made into Loaves, and exported by way of a Merchandize, the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	10	00

T.

TAllow Engliſh, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	02	00	00
Tapiſtry or Dornix-hangings, of what ſort ſoever made in *England*, whereof any part of wooll, the pound weight	00	00	10
Threed, voc. Black the pound			
Threed, voc. Brown the pound			
Threed, voc. Blew, voc. Coventry-blew the pound — *Vide* Haberdaſh. ware.			
Thrums the hundred containing fiveſcore pound	00	13	04
Tiking Engliſh the piece, *vide* Linens.			
Tiffiny made of Threed, the yard, *vide* Linen			
Tobacco-pipes the ſmall groce containing 12 dozen	00	01	00
Tuftafatae Engliſh broad the yard			
Tuftafatae Engliſh narrow the yard			
Tuftafatae with Threed the yard — *Vide* Silk.			
Tinne unwrought the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	07	06	08
Tinne wrought, vocat. Pewter, the hundred cont. 112 pound	05	00	00

Note, that every Merchant-ſtranger is to pay for Tinne double Cuſtom.

V.

VElures Engliſh, the ſingle piece cont. ſeven yards	00	10	00
Velures the double piece containing fifteen yards	01	00	00
Vinegar of Wine the Ton	02	06	08
Virginals the pair	01	00	00

Watches

W.

	l.	s.	d.
Watches of all sorts, the piece	00	10	00
Wadmoll the yard	00	00	4½
Waſtcoats of Wadmoll, the dozen			
Waſtcoats of Cotton the dozen			
Waſtcoats of Kerſies, of Flannel the piece			
Waſtcoats of Worſted knit the piece			
Waſtcoats of Woolled knit the piece			
	vide Garments.		
Wax Engliſh the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	06	00	00
Wax Engliſh hard Wax the pound	00	02	00
Weld the hundred weight containing 112 pound	01	05	00
Whale-bone cut or wrought, *vide* Haberdaſhery			
Whale-fins the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	02	00
Woad Engliſh the Ton	15	00	00
Woadnets the hundred containing five-ſcore	00	10	00
Wood Red wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	10	00
Wood Gambray wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	01	04	06
Wood Box wood the Ton	04	00	00
Worſteds Narrow Engliſh the piece	00	15	00
Worſteds Broad Engliſh the piece	01	00	00
Wine-Lees the Butt	01	00	00
Wooll Spaniſh, free			

Y.

Yarn, vocat. Grograin Yarn the pound	00	04	00

Tonnage.

Beer For every Ton of Beer to be Exported in Shipping Engliſh-built, in money	00	02	00
Beer For every Ton of Beer Exported in any other Shipping, in money	00	06	00

Goods Inward not Rated, to pay 5. *per Cent.*

And

And if there ſhall happen to be brought in, or carried out of this Realm, any Goods liable to the payment of Cuſtom and Subſidy, which either are omitted in this Book, or are not now uſed to be brought in, or carried out, or by reaſon of the great diverſity of the value of ſome Goods could not be Rated; That in ſuch caſe every Cuſtomer or Collector, for the time being, ſhall Levy the ſaid Cuſtom and Subſidy of Poundage, according to the Value and Price of ſuch Goods to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Merchant in the preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Controller, and Surveyor, or any two of them.

Directions for the payment of the Subſidy upon Woollen Cloths, or Old Drapery.

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
EVery Engliſh-man ſhall pay for every ſhort Cloth containing in length not above Twenty eight yards, and in weight not above Sixty four pound, white or coloured, by him to be Shipped and carried out of this Kingdom	00	03	04

Being after the rate of two farthings, and half a farthing the pound weight;

And ſo after that rate for all other ſorts of Cloths of greater length and weight, allowing not above twenty eight yards, and ſixty four pounds to a ſhort Cloth; that is to ſay, For every pound weight over and above 64 pounds, two farthings and half a farthing, and for all other ſorts of leſſer Cloths to be allowed to a ſhort Cloth, as hereafter is expreſſed.

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
Every Stranger ſhall pay for every ſhort Cloth containing in length not above 28 yards, and in weight not above 64 pounds, white or coloured, by him to be Shipped and carried out of this Kingdom	00	06	08
beſide the old	00	01	02

And ſo after that rate for all other ſorts of Cloth of greater length and weight, and for all ſorts of leſſer Cloths

clothes to be allowed to a ſhort cloth, as hereafter is expreſſed.

What and how many ſorts of the leſſer Woollen-cloths hereafter ſpecified, ſhall be allowed to a ſhort cloth.

Seven
- Dorſet and Somerſet dozens rudge waſht
- Cardinals
- Pin whites
- Straits
- Statutes
- Stockbridges
- Taverſtocks

Five
- Tauntons, Bridgwaters and Dunſters, the five not exceeding 64 pounds in weight
- Devon dozen cont. 12 or 13 yards, in weight 13 pounds

Four
- Ordinary Peniſtones or Foreſt Whites, containing between twelve and thirteen yards, and in weight twenty eight pound
- Sorting Peniſtones containing 13 or 14 yards, and in weight 35 pound unfrized

Three
- Narrow Yorkſhire Kerſies whites and reds, containing not above 17 or 18 yards, and in weight 22 pounds
- Hampſhire ordinary Kerſies
- Newberry whites, and other Kerſies of like making, cont. 24 yards, and in weight 28 pounds
- Sorting Hampſhire Kerſies, cont. 28 yards, and in weight 32 pound

Two
- Northern dozens ſingle ſorting Peniſtones containing between 13 and 14 yards, and in weight 35 pound frized

One
- Northern dozen double

ſhall go and be accounted for a ſhort cloth, and ſhall pay after the Rate of the ſhort cloth before rated, and for overweight two Farthings & half the pound.

The

The new ſort of Cloth called Spaniſh-cloth, otherwiſe Narrow Liſt: Weſtern Broad-cloth not exceeding 25 yards in length, and 43 pounds in weight, to be accounted two Thirds of the ſhort Cloth before Rated.

And for every pound weight exceeding Fourty three pounds, two farthings and half a farthing the pound weight.

Cloth-Raſhes, *alias* Cloth-Serges, containing Thirty yards, weighing Fourty pounds, to be accounted two Thirds of the ſhort Cloth before Rated.

And for every pound exceeding Fourty pound weight, Two farthings and half a farthing the pound weight.

And for any other ſort of Woollen-cloth of the old or new Drapery, and not mentioned in this Book, to pay Two farthings and half a farthing for the Subſidy of every pound weight thereof.

Certain

Certain Rules, Orders, Directions, and Allowances for the Advancement of Trade, and Encouragement of the Merchant, as alſo for the Regulating as well of the Merchants in making due Entries and juſt payments of their Cuſtoms, as of the Officers in all the Ports of this Kingdom, in the faithful diſcharge of their Duty.

I.

EVery Merchant ſhall have free liberty to break Bulk in any Port allowed by the Law, and to pay Cuſtom and Subſidy for no more then he ſhall Enter, and Land; Provided that the Maſter, or Purſer of every Ship, ſhall firſt make Declaration upon Oath, before any Two principal Officers of the Port, of the true content of his Ships Lading, and ſhall likewiſe after declare upon his Oath, before the Cuſtomer, Collector, Controller, or Surveyor, or two of them, at the next Port of this Kingdom where his Ship ſhall arrive, the quantity and quality of the Goods Landed at the other Port, where was Bulk firſt broken, and to whom they did belong.

II.

ALl foreign Goods and Merchandizes (except Wines, Currants, and Wrought Silks) firſt Imported, ſhall be again Exported by any Merchant Engliſh within twelve Moneths, or Stranger within nine Moneths. And ſuch Merchant or Merchants as ſhall Export any ſuch Foreign Goods or Merchandize (except before excepted) ſhall have allowance, and be repaied by the Officer which received the ſame, the one Moiety of the Subſidy which was paid at the firſt Importation of ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes, or any part thereof, ſo as due proof be firſt made by Certificate from the Officers, of the due Entry and payment of the Cuſtom and Subſidy of all ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes Inwards, together with the Oath of the Merchants Importing and Exporting the ſame, affirming the truth thereof, and the Name of his Majeſties Searcher and Under-ſearcher in the Port of London, *and of the Searcher of any other the Out-Ports, teſtifying the Shipping thereof to be Exported.*

Exported. After all which duly performed in manner before expreſſed, the Moiety of the Subſidy firſt paid Inwards, ſhall without any delay or reward, be repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants who do Export ſuch Goods and Merchandiſes, within one Moneth after demand thereof: As alſo the whole Additional Duty of Silks, Linen and Tobacco, in manner as before is directed.

III.

And if there be any Agreement now in force, which was formerly made by the late Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies, with the Merchants-Strangers or their Factors, or ſhall hereafter be made by any Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies, or any other Power, (except by Conſent of Parliament) with any Merchant or Merchants-Strangers, or their Factors, for any Foreign Goods and Merchandiſes to be brought into the Port of London, *or any other Port or Haven of this Kingdom of* England, *or Principality of* Wales, *and to be Exported again by way of Compoſition; all other Merchants being his Majeſties Subjects, ſhall be admitted into the ſame Compoſition, and not be excluded from any other Priviledge whatſoever, granted to the Stranger by any private Agreement or Compoſition, under the ſame Conditions, and with the ſame reſtriction as ſhall be made with the Merchant-Stranger.*

IV.

Every Merchant, as well Engliſh as Stranger that ſhall Ship and Export any kind of Wines, which formerly have paid all the Duties of the Tonnage Inwards, ſhall have repayed or allowed unto them all the Duties of Tonnage paid Inwards: except to the Engliſh-man Twenty ſhillings the Ton, and except to the Stranger Five and twenty ſhillings the Ton, upon due proof of the due Entry and payment of the Tonnage Inwards, and of the Shipping thereof to be Exported, to be made in manner as in the Second Article is mentioned and expreſſed.

V.

If any Merchant, Denizen or Stranger, ſhall Export any Spaniſh or Foreign Woolls, he ſhall have liberty ſo to do, with this further Condition, That ſuch Spaniſh or other Foreign Woolls whatſoever be not Exported in any other Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, with intent to be arrived beyond the

Seas out of the Kingdom of England, *and Dominion of* Wales, *then onely in Engliſh Shipping upon pain of Confiſcation.*

VI.

EVery Merchant, as well Engliſh as Stranger, which ſhall Ship and Export any Currants, which formerly were duly entred and paid the Subſidy and Cuſtom inwards, ſhall have allowed or repayed unto them reſpectively, all the Cuſtom and Subſidy paid inwards for the ſame (except Eighteen pence for every hundred weight to the Engliſh, and two and twenty pence half-peny for every hundred weight to the Stranger) upon due proof of the due Entry and payment of the Cuſtom and Subſidy thereof Inwards, and of the Shipping thereof to be Exported, to be made in manner as in the ſecond Article is declared.

VII.

IF any Merchant having duly paid all Duties inwards for Foreign Goods, and in regard of bad ſales, ſhall be enforced to keep the ſame or any part thereof in his hands, after the ſpace of a year ſhall be Elapſed, in this caſe he, or any other perſon is to be permitted to Ship the ſame out for the parts beyond the Seas, (if they ſo think fit) without payment of any Subſidy for the ſame Outwards, upon due proof that the ſame was duly Entred, and Subſidy paid Inwards.

VIII.

EVery Merchant bringing in any ſort of Wines into this Kingdom, by way of Merchandize, and ſhall make due Entries of the ſame in the Cuſtom-houſe, ſhall be allowed 12 per Cent. *for Leakage.*

IX.

EVery Hogſhead of Wine which ſhall be run out, and not full ſeven Inches or above left therein: And every Butt or Pipe not above Nine Inches, ſhall be accounted for Outs, and the Merchant to pay no Subſidy for the ſame.

X.

IF any Wines ſhall prove corrupt and unmerchantable, and fit for nothing but to diſtil into Hot-waters, or to make Vinegar, then every Owner of ſuch Wines ſhall be abated in the Subſidy, according to ſuch his damages in theſe Wines,

wines, by the discretion of the Collectors of the Customs, and one of the principal Officers.

XI.

IF *any Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandize brought into this Kingdom, shall receive any damage by Salt water or otherwise, so that the Owner thereof shall be prejudiced in the sale of such Goods, the principal Officers of the Custom-house, or any two of them, whereof the Collector for the time being to be one, shall have power to choose two indifferent Merchants, experienced in the values of such Goods, who upon visiting the said Goods, shall certifie and declare upon their corporal Oaths, first administred by the said Officers, what damage such Goods have received, and are lessened in their true value, and according to such damage in relation to the Rates set on them in this Book, the said Officers are to make a proportionable abatement unto the Merchant or Owner, of the Subsidy due for the same.*

XII.

THE *Merchant-stranger, who according to the Rates and values in this Book contained, do pay double Subsidy for Lead, Tin, Woollen-clothes, shall also pay double Custom for Native Manufactures of Wooll, or part Wooll, and the said Strangers are to pay for all other Goods as well Inwards as Outwards, rated to pay the Subsidy of Poundage, three pence in the pound, or any other Duty payable by* Charta Mercatoria, *besides the Subsidy.*

XIII.

THAT *the Merchants trading into the Port of* London, *have free liberty to lade and unlade their Goods at any the lawful Keys and places of Shipping and landing of Goods between the Tower of* London *and* London-*bridge, and between Sun-rising and Sun-setting, from the Tenth day of* September, *to the Tenth day of* March, *and between the hours of Six of the Clock in the Morning, and Six of the Clock in the Evening, from the Tenth day of* March *to the Tenth day of* September, *giving notice thereof to the respective Officers appointed to attend the lading and unlading of Goods. And such Officer as shall refuse upon due calling to be present, he shall forfeit for every default Five pounds, the one Moiety to the King, and the other Moiety to the Party agrieved, and suing for the same.*

XIV.

THe Merchants of York, Kingſton upon Hull, and Newcaſtle upon Tyne, and the Members thereof, ſhall be allowed free of Cuſtom and Subſidy, Two of the Northern Cloths and Kerſeys in Ten to be Shipped in thoſe Ports in the Names of Double Wrappers, as formerly hath been there allowed them.

XV.

THe Merchants of Exeter, and other Weſtern Parts, ſhall be allowed free of Subſidy, One Perpetuanoe in Ten for a Wrap, and Three Devon dozens in Twenty for Wrappers, the ſame to be Shipped out of the Ports of Exeter, Plymouth, Dartmouth, Barnſtable, Lyme-Regis, or the Members thereof.

XVI.

ALl Merchants Tranſporting any ſorts of Woollen, whether New or Old Drapery, as alſo Bays and Cottons, ſhall be allowed One in Ten for a Wrapper, free of Cuſtom and Subſidy.

XVII.

EVery Merchant ſhall be allowed upon all other Goods and Merchandizes appointed to pay to any the Subſidy of Poundage, according to the Rule of this Book, to be Imported, Five in the Hundred of all the ſaid Subſidies of Poundage ſo appointed to be paid.

XVIII.

THe Officers who ſit above in the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port of London, ſhall attend the Service of their ſeveral places, from Nine to Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon; and one Officer, or one able Clerk ſhall attend with the Book in the Afternoon, during ſuch time as the Officers are appointed to wait at the Waters-ſide, for the better deciding of all Controverſies that may happen concerning Merchants Warrants: All other the Officers of the Out-Ports ſhall attend every day in the Cuſtom-houſe of every reſpective Port for diſpatch of Merchants and Shippers, between the Hours of Nine of the Clock and Twelve in the Morning, and Two and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon.

XIX. Every

XIX.

EVery Merchant making an Entry of Goods, either Inwards or Outwards, ſhall be diſpatched in ſuch Order as he cometh; and if any Officer or his Clerk ſhall either for favour or reward put any Merchant or his Servant, duly attending, by his turn, or otherways delay any perſon ſo duly attending, and making his Entries aforeſaid, to draw any other Reward or Gratuity from him than is limited in the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, and this Book, if the Maſter-officer be found faulty herein, he ſhall upon complaint to the Chief Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, be ſtrictly admoniſhed of his Duty; but if the Clerk be found faulty therein, he ſhall upon complaint to the ſaid Chief Officers be preſently diſcharged of his Service, and not permitted to ſit any more in the Cuſtom-houſe.

XX.

THe Lord Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London, *their Officers or Deputies, for and touching the Offices of Package, Scavage, Baleage, or Portage of any Goods or Merchandize of Aliens, or their Sons born within this Kingdom, or Un-freemen, Imported or Exported into, or out of the City of* London, *or the Liberties or Ports thereof, unto, or from the parts beyond the Seas, for, or concerning the receiving or taking of any Fees or Rates heretofore uſually taken, for or in reſpect of the ſaid Offices, or any of them, might and may receive and take the ſame, any thing in the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, or this Book, or any former Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.*

XXI.

ALl ancient Duties heretofore lawfully taken by any City, or Town-Corporate, their Farmers, Deputies, or Officers, under the Name of Town-Cuſtom, or the like, for the Maintenance of Bridges, Keys, Harbours, Wharfs, or the like, ſhall and may be received and enjoyed as formerly; any thing in the ſaid Act, or any other Act or Book to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XXII.

THe under-ſearcher, or other Officers of Graveſend, *having power to Viſit and Search any Ship Outward bound, ſhall not without juſt and reaſonable cauſe de-*

stain any such Ship, under colour of searching the Goods therein laden, above three Tides after her arrival at Gravesend, *under pain of loss of their Office, and rendring damage to the Merchant and Owner of the Ship. And the Searcher or other Officer of the Custom-house in any of the Out-ports, having power to search and visit any Ship Outward bound, shall not without just and reasonable cause detain any such Ship under colour of searching the Goods therein laden, above one Tide after the said Ship is fully laden and ready to set Sail, under pain of loss of the Office of such Offender, and rendring damage to the Merchant and Owner of the Ship.*

XXIII.

NOte, That all Timber in Balks, which shall be of eight Inches square or upwards, that shall be Imported or brought from any part beyond the Sea into the Realm of England, *Dominion of* Wales, *Port and Town of* Berwick, *or any of them, shall be rated according to the measure of Timber, the Foot square Three pence for the value thereof, and according to that Rule shall pay for Subsidy Twelve pence in the pound according to Poundage, and all under eight Inches square, and above five Inches square, shall pay for Subsidy according to the Rates mentioned in this Book of Rates for middle Balks, and all of five Inches square or under, shall pay according to the Rates of small Balks.*

XXIV.

FOr avoiding of all Oppression by any of the Officers of the Customs in any Port of this Kingdom, in exacting unreasonable Fees from the Merchant, by reason of any Entry, or otherwise, touching the Shipping or Unshipping of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize: It is ordered, That no Officer, Clerk or other, belonging to any Custom-house whatsoever, shall exact, require, or receive any other or greater Fee of any Merchant or other whatsoever, then such as are or shall be established by the Commons in Parliament assembled: If any Officer or other shall offend contrary to this Order, he shall forfeit his Office and Place, and be or ever after uncapable of any Office in the Custom-house.

XXV. *All*

XXV.

All Fees aypointed to be paid to the Customer, Controller, Surveyor, or Surveyor-general in the Port of London *for any Cocquet or Certificate outwards, ſhall be paid altogether in one Sum to that Officer from whom the Merchant is to have his Cocquet or Certificate above in the Cuſtom-houſe; and after the Merchant hath duly paid his Cuſtom and Subſidy, and other duties above in the Cuſtom-houſe, as is appointed by this Book of Rates, he is to be Maſter of, and keep his own Cocquet or Certificate, until he ſhall ſhip out his Goods ſo entred, when as he is to deliver the ſame to the Head-ſearcher, or his Majeſties Under-ſearcher in the Port of* London, *or other Ports, together with the mark and number of his Goods.*

XXVI.

The Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe for the time being, ſhall allow and make good unto all perſons, all ſuch Moneys as are or ſhall be due unto them for the half Subſidy; and alſo the Argier *duty of Foreign Goods formerly exported, now due and unpaid.*

XXVII.

The Duties and Sums of Money appointed to be paid by the Act of Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage paſſed this Parliament, and by the Book of Rates therein mentioned, and no other, ſhall be paid to his Majeſties Officers, during the continuance of the ſaid Act upon Goods Imported or Exported; any Law, Statute, or uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding. Nevertheleſs it is declard, That Prizage of Wines, the Duty called Butlerage, and the duty of Twelve pence upon every Chalder of Sea-coal Exported from Newcaſtle *upon* Tyne, *to any other Port or Ports of this Realm, ſhall be continued.*

HARBOTTLE GRIMSTONE Baronet,

Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

A Collection of ſuch Statutes, and part of Statutes now in force, as relate to His Majeſties Cuſtoms.

Anno III HENRICI ſeptimi.

A Certificate ſhall be made of Goods brought into one Port and removed to another. One man ſhall not enter Goods in the Name of another.

A Certificate of Goods brought into one Port, and cuſtomed, and then removed into another.

ITem, The King our Sovereign Lord, by the advice and aſſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons aſſembled in this ſaid Parliament, and by Authority of the ſame, hath Ordained and Enacted, That every Merchant, as well Denizen as Stranger, which ſhall bring from henceforth any manner of Goods into any Port within this Realm by way of Merchandiſe, and there do enter the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes in the Books of the Cuſtomers of the ſaid Port where the Goods and Merchandizes ſhall firſt come to, and the Kings Duty thereof, the ſaid Cuſtomers contented,

tented, or therefore with him agreed, and afterward that done, will convey or carry the same Goods or Merchandizes from thence in any other Port within the said Realm: that then the Owner of the said Goods and Merchandises, his Factor or Attorney, shall bring from the Customers of the Port where the said Goods or Merchandises be so entred, a Certificate under the same Customers Seals, directed to the Customers of the Port whereto the said Goods or Merchandises shall be conveyed or carried, making mention within the same Certificate, as well of the natural colour, length and value of all Merchandises so entred, used to be measured with Eln or Yard, as of the natural weight, content or value of all manner other Merchandises, used to be weighed or valued: and that the same Certificate so made, be delivered to the said Customers, before the said Goods be discharged, so that they may see whether the nature, colour or length, value, content or weight of the same, do agree with the said Certificate, so that the King be not deceived of his Customs and Subsidies thereof due. And if any Certificate from henceforth be made by any Customer of any Port whereto any such Merchandises or Goods shall be first brought, and there in their Books entred, not making mention according as is aforesaid: that then the said Customer or Customers, for their misbehaving, shall lose their Office, and make fine with the King for the same at his pleasure. And furthermore if any such Goods or Merchandises, or any parcel thereof be discharged, unpacked, or put to sale within any Port than within the same where they shall be first entred, before the said Certificate shall be delivered, and the same Goods and Merchandises seen, according as above is expressed: that then all the said Goods or Merchandises be forfeited to the King our Sovereign Lord; the one half thereof to remain to his Highness, and the other half to him or them which shall prove any such Goods or Merchandises so forfeited; And that the Customer or Customers, nor no Deputy to any such common Officer to whom such Certificate shall come, take nothing for the sight of the same Goods so certified. Also it is ordained and established by Authority aforesaid, that no manner of Merchant, Denizen ne Stranger, do take upon him to enter, or cause to be entred in

The penalty of a Customer omitting his duty.

The forfeiture if the Goods be sold before the Certificate delivered.

No Goods shall be entred in any

other persons name, but in the Owners.

the Books of any Customer of any Port within this Realm, any manner Merchandises coming into this said Realm, or going out of the same, in any other Merchants name, saving onely the name of the true Merchant-owner of the same, upon pain of forfeiture of all such Goods and Merchandises so entred. And every of the said Merchants, which so shall take upon him to cause such untrue Entry to be made, to have Imprisonment, and make Fine therefore at the Kings pleasure: And that no person take upon him to be Customer, Controller, or Searcher in any Port, in any City, Borough or Town, where he is common Officer, nor no Deputy to any such common Officer, upon pain of forfeiture for every half year that he occupieth the said common Office, and Office of Customership, Controller or Searcher, the Sum of Fourty pounds, the one half thereof to the King, and the other half to him that will sue for it by Writ, Bill or Information.

A common Officer in a City, Borough, &c. shall be no Customer, Controller or Searcher there.

Anno

ANNO PRIMO

Elizabethæ Reginæ.

An Act limiting the time for laying on Land Merchandiſes from beyond the Seas, and touching Cuſtoms for Sweet Wines.

MOſt humbly ſhewing, beſeechen your Highneſs, your Lords and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, That where the Sums of Money paid in the name of Cuſtoms, Subſidies of Wares and Merchandiſes, Tranſported out, and brought into this your Highneſs Realm of England, by any Merchant, Stranger or Denizen, is an ancient Revenue annexed and united to your Imperial Crown, and hath in the time of King Edward the Third, and other your moſt noble Progenitors, amounted to great and notable Sums of Money, till of late years many greedy and covetous perſons reſpecting more their private Gain and Commodity, then their Duty and Allegiance, or the common Profit of the Realm, have and do daily as well by conveying the ſame their Wares or Merchandiſes out of Creeks and Places where no Cuſtomer is reſident, as alſo by or through the negligence or corruption of the Cuſtomer, Searcher, or other Officer, where they be reſident, as by divers other fraudulent, undue and ſubtil practices and devices, convey their Goods and Merchandiſes as well brought from the parts beyond the Sea, as Tranſported out of this your Realm of England, without payment or agreeing for the payment of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies therefore due, whereby the yearly Revenue aforeſaid is very much impaired and diminiſhed, to the great loſs and damage of your Highneſs, and to the great burden and charge of your loving Subjects, who by occaſion there-

Several cauſes of the diminiſhing of the Queens Cuſtoms.

ol, have of late years been more charged with Subsidies and payment for the supplement of the said loss and damage, than else should have been.

No Goods shall be laden or discharged but in the day-light, and in open place.

That it may therefore be Enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament, That it shall not be lawful to or for any person or persons whatsoever, from and after the First day of September, next coming, to lade or put, or cause to be laden or put off or from any Wharf, Key, or other place on the Land, into any Ship, Vessel, Crayer, Lighter or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises whatsoever (Fish taken by your Highness Subjects onely excepted) to be Transported into any place of the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Realm of Scotland, or to take up, discharge and lay on land, or cause or procure to be taken up, or discharged out of any Lighter, Ship, Crayer, Vessel or Bottom, being not in a leke or wrack, and laid on land, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes whatsoever (Fish taken by any of your Highness Subjects, and Salt, onely excepted) to be brought from any the parts beyond the Sea, or the Realm of Scotland, by way of Merchandises, but onely in the day-light; that is to say, from the First of March, until the last of September, betwixt the Sun-rising and Sun-setting; and from the last of September, until the first of March, between the hours of Seven in the Morning, and Four at the Afternoon, and in and upon some such open Place, Key or Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, as your Highness, your Heirs or Successors, shall on this side the said First day of September, therefore assign and appoint by vertue of your Highness Commission or Commissions, within your Graces Ports of London, Southampton, Bristow, Westchester, Newcastle, and the Suburbs of the same, and every of them, and in some open Place, Key, Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, in all other Ports, Creeks, Havens, or Roads (Hull onely excepted) where a Customer, Controller, and Searcher of such Ports, Havens, Creeks or Roads, and every of them, or the Servants of any of them, have by the space of Ten years last past been accustomably resident, or hereafter shall be resident, upon pain of forfeiture of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises so laden or discharged,

ged, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or the value thereof.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no manner of person or persons after the said day, shall receive or take into any Ship, Crayer or other Vessel, any Goods, Wares or Merchandises (except before excepted) to be Transported into any place beyond the Sea, or into the Realm of Scotland, by way of Merchandise: nor shall discharge and lay on land out of any Ship, Crayer, or other Vessel, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, (except before excepted) being brought from any place beyond the Sea, or out of the Realm of Scotland, by way of Merchandise, in any other place or places, or at any other hours or times, than is before limited and appointed, upon pain that the Owner and Owners, Master and Masters, or other person or persons which shall take charge or guiding of any such Ship, Crayer, or Vessel, or of the Merchants Goods during and for that Voyage, shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence One hundred pounds of lawful Money of England. At what times and places onely the Master of a Ship shall receive or discharge his Lading.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Master, Shipper or Purser, or other person or persons taking charge of the Voyage, or of the Merchants Goods, shall after the said day receive or take into any Ship, Crayer or other Vessel, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise (except before excepted) to be carried or transported into any of the parts beyond the Sea, or into the Realm of Scotland, before he shall have signified to the Customer of the Port where he lades, and other Officers there, in the open Custom-house, if any such be there, or else where the said Officers, their Deputies or Servants, or any of them, be, or shall be usually resident, that he intendeth to lade, and to what place he intendeth to pass; nor shall after his or their full Lading depart out of the Port, Creeks or Stream where he shall so lade, before he do in like manner signifie unto the Customer and other Officers, as is aforesaid, of his Lading, and what Merchants and other persons shall have laden with him or in his Ship, Crayer, Vessel or Bottom: and further truly do answer to such questions as shall be ministred to him or them by the Customer or other Officer, concerning such A Shipper shall give notice to the Customer of his departure.

Wares

Wares and Merchandiſes as he ſhall have laden, being examined upon his or their Oath, or otherwiſe, in the open Cuſtom-houſe, or otherwiſe as is aforeſaid, upon pain to forfeit for every ſuch default, not truly advertiſing nor anſwering as is aforeſaid, a hundred pound.

No Maſter of a Ship ſhall diſcharge the ſame, before he hath certified the Cuſtomers.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon, taking charge of any Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, wherein any Goods, Wares or Merchandiſes (except before excepted) ſhall be laden and brought from any the parts beyond the Sea, or the Realm of Scotland, ſhall after the ſaid day diſcharge into any Lighter or Bottom, and lay on land, or procure, cauſe or willingly ſuffer to be diſcharged into any Lighter or Bottom, and to be laid on land out of ſuch Ship, Crayer, Veſſel or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandiſe whatſoever, before ſuch Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon or perſons, taking charge of the Ship, Crayer, Bottom or Veſſel, or the Merchants Goods for that Voyage, ſhall have ſignified and declared to the Cuſtomer or other Officer of the Port, Haven or Creek where he arriveth, the Names of every of the Merchants or Lader, and ſhall have truly anſwered to ſuch Queſtions and Interrogatories touching or concerning ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandiſe, as ſhall be then laden in any ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, as ſhall be to him miniſtred by ſuch Cuſtomer or other Officer, openly in the Cuſtom-houſe, or in ſuch other places as is aforeſaid, upon his or their Oath if need ſo require, upon pain that every Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon or perſons, taking charge of ſuch Ship, Crayer or other Veſſel for that Voyage, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch default not truly advertiſing nor anſwering as is foreſaid, an hundred pound.

No man ſhall enter Goods in the Cuſtomers Book, but in the Owners name.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid day, no perſon, Denizen ne Stranger, do take upon him to enter or do, or cauſe to be entred into the books of any Cuſtomer, or any other Officer and Officers of any Port or Haven within this Realm, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servant or Servants, any manner of Goods, Wares or Merchandiſe whatſoever, coming or brought into your Highneſs Realm from any the

the parts beyond the Sea, or from the Realm of Scotland, or going to be Tranſported out of the ſame your Highneſs Realm, into any the parts beyond the Sea, or into the Realm of Scotland, in the Name or Names of any other perſon or perſons, then the very Owner or Owners of the ſame Goods, Wares or Merchandiſes, being not ſold, bargained or contracted for, to or with any perſon or perſons, before ſuch Entry, or before the arrival of ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, in the parts beyond the Sea, upon pain of forfeiture of the value of the Goods ſo entred.

The penalty of an Officer of the Cuſtom-houſe concealing an offence.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Wharfinger, Crane-keeper, Searcher, Lighter-man, Weighter or other Officer, pertaining to the Subſidy, Cuſtom or Cuſtom-houſe, do at any time after the ſaid day, conſent or know any Offence or thing to be committed or done contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or any Article therein contained, and do not within one Moneth next after knowledge thereof had, diſcloſe the ſame to the chief Cuſtomer or other Officer of the Port, where or wherein whoſe Office or Charge any ſuch Offence ſhall be committed or done; or elſe to the Lord Treaſurer, Chancellor, Under-treaſurer, or one of the Barons of the Exchequer, or the Attorney-General for the time being, ſhall for every ſuch concealment, or not diſcloſing ſuch Offence, as is aforeſaid, forfeit and loſe an hundred pounds of good and lawful money of England.

Where a Cuſtomer ſhall have a Deputy in another place.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Cuſtomer of Hull ſhall have a Servant or Deputy continually reſident at the City of York: and every other Cuſtomer, Controller and Searcher of every Port, ſhall from and after the day aforeſaid, aſſign and appoint to and in every of the places above-mentioned, and in all and every Port, Creek or Road, where the Servant or any of them have been continually reſident by the ſpace of ten years, or hereafter ſhall be, as is aforeſaid, one able and ſufficient Deputy or Servant at the leaſt, and that as well all and every of the Cuſtomers, Controllers and Searchers, as all and every his or their Deputy or Deputies, Servant and Servants, ſhall from time to time, do his and their diligent attendance

at

at the hours, times and places afore appointed, as well in the Custom-house, as elsewhere, as it shall be most expedient and convenient for the speedy dispatch of the Merchant, and his Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and for the due execution of this Act, in such things as to him or them shall appertain, without concealment or consenting to any thing or things which may be to the hurt or damage of your Highness, your Heirs or Successors, in the just answering of your Highnes due Customs and Subsidies, upon pain that every such Customer, Controller and Searcher, shall forfeit and lose for every Offence by him or them committed or done, his or their several Office or Offices, and an hundred pounds of lawful Money of England: the one Moiety of all which forfeiture, shall be to your Highness, your Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will sue for the same in any your Highnes Courts: wherein no Essoyn, Protection, Wager of Law, or Injunction shall be admitted and allowed.

And where of late years there hath been much greater quantity of sweet Wines brought into this Reelm than in time past hath been accustomed, which have been also brought from the same place where the Wine commonly called Malmsey is brought, and is of the same nature of Grape; and nevertheless either by negligence, ignorance or corruption of the Officers, there hath not been such Custom and Subsidy received for the same, to the use of your Highness, and your Progenitors, as is due, and ought of very right to be paid for such sweet Wines, coming through the Straights, commonly called the Straights of Marrock, otherwise Mallegay, to the great loss and hindrance of your Highness, and the burden of us your loving Subjects.

Such Custom shall be paid for sweet Wines, as had wont to be paid for Malmsies.

For the avoiding of all ambiguities and doubts, and to the intent the Officers may more certainly know what they ought to receive for such kind and nature of Merchandise; Be it Enacted and declared by this present Act, and by the Authority aforesaid, That like Custom and Subsidy is of very right to be paid, and shall from henceforth be paid for such sweet Wines as is aforesaid, as is and hath been accustomed to be paid for Malmsies: any negligence, non-payment, usage

uſage or cuſtom to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding. Saving to all and every Lord Warcher, and other perſon and perſons whatſoever, Body Politick and Corporate, all and every ſuch Right, Title and Intereſt, as they or any of them have, and of Right ought to have, in the payment or having of any ſuch Franchiſe, Liberty, Cuſtom and Subſidy, or any of them; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

When Corn may be tranſported out of Norfolk & Suffolk.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That it ſhall be lawful to Ship, Lade, and Tranſport into the Ports beyond the Sea, all manner of Corn and Grain, out of the Counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, and either of them, at ſuch places as heretofore hath been accuſtomed, and between the hours in this Act appointed, when the ſame Corn and Grain ſhall not exceed the ſeveral Prices mentioned in the Statute made in the Fifth and ſixth year of our late Sovereign Lord King Edward the Sixth, Intituled, An Act againſt Regrators, Foreſtallers and Ingroſſers, the Cuſtoms and Subſidies therefore due, being well and truly paid: any thing in this Act, or any other Act or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

A Proviſo for the Inhabitants of Angleſey, Flint and Caernarvan.

Provided always, That this Act, nor any thing therein contained, be not prejudicial or hurtful to the Iſle of Angleſey, the Shires of Caernarvan and Flint in North-Wales: but that the Inhabitants thereof, and every of them, may receive, lade and diſcharge, according to their old ancient Uſes, Cuſtoms or Liberties granted to them or any of their Predeceſſors, by the late King of famous memory, King Henry the Eighth, or any of his Progenitors: ſo that they and every of them pay the Cuſtoms and Subſidies that ſhall be due, and diſcharge and load within the times and hours before mentioned: any thing in this preſent Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno XII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for the Encouraging, and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation.

The Ground of the Act.

FOr the Increase of Shipping, and Encouragement of the Navigation of this Nation, wherein, under the good Providence and Protection of God, the Wealth, Safety and Strength of this Kingdom is so much concerned; Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and by the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and the Authority thereof; That from and after the First day of December, One thousand six hundred and sixty, and from thenceforward, no Goods or Commodities whatsoever shall be Imported into, or Exported out of any Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories to His Majesty belonging, or in His possession, or which may hereafter belong unto, or be in the possession of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Asia, Africa or America, in any other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such Ships or Vessels as do truly and without fraud belong onely to the people of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or are of the built of, and belonging to any the said Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, under the penalty of the Forfeiture and loss of all the Goods and Commodities which shall be Imported into, or Exported out of any the aforesaid places in any other Ship or Vessel; as also of the Ship or Vessel, with all its Guns,

No Goods to be Imported into, or Exported out of any the English Plantations in Asia, Africa or America, but in English or Irish Vessels,

Or in Vessels of that Countrey;

And three Fourths of the Mariners to be English.

The forfeiture.

Guns, Furniture, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparel; one third part thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; one third part to the Governor of such Land, Plantation, Island or Territory, where such Default shall be committed, in case the said Ship or Goods be there seized; or otherwise, that Third part also to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Third part to him or them who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. And all Admirals and other Commanders at Sea of any the Ships of War, or other Ship, having Commission from His Majesty, or from his Heirs or Successors, are hereby Authorized, and strictly required to seize and bring in as Prize, all such Ships or Vessels as shall have offended contrary hereunto; and deliver them to the Court of Admiralty, there to be proceeded against; and in case of condemnation, one Moiety of such Forfeitures shall be to the use of such Admirals or Commanders, and their Companies, to be divided and proportioned amongst them, according to the Rules and Orders of the Sea in case of Ships taken Prize; and the other Moiety to the use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

And how to be disposed.

Admirals and other Commanders required to seize, &c.

How to be divided, one half to the Commanders & Companies, according to the rules of the Sea.

And be it Enacted, That no Alien, or person not born within the Allegiance of our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, or Naturalized, or made a free Denizen, shall from and after the First day of February, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, exercise the Trade or Occupation of a Merchant or Factor in any the said Places, upon pain of the Forfeiture and loss of all his Goods and Chattels, or which are in his possession; one Third to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; one Third to the Governor of the Plantation where such person shall so offend; and the other Third to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same, in any of His Majesties Courts in the Plantation where such Offence shall be committed: And all Governors of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories, and every of them are hereby strictly required and commanded, and

No Alien not Naturalized, or made Denizen, shall after the First of February, 1661. be a Factor in any of those Plantations. The forfeiture. And how to be disposed.

All Governors of the Plantations shall take an Oath to observe the aforementioned Clauses.

and all who after shall be made Governours of any such Islands, Plantations, or Territories by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall before their Entrance into their Government, take a Solemn Oath to do their utmost, that every the aforementioned Clauses, and all the Matters and Things therein contained, shall be punctually, and Bona fide observed, according to the true intent and meaning thereof: And upon complaint and proof made before His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or such as shall be by Him or them thereunto Authorized and appointed, that any the said Governors have been willingly and wittingly negligent in doing their Duty accordingly, that the said Governor so offending shall be removed from his Government.

In Case any Governor shall not do his Duty, he shall be removed from the Government.

Goods of the growth, &c. of Africa, Asia or America.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Goods or Commodities whatsoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Africa, Asia or America, or of any part thereof, or which are described, or laid down in the usual Maps or Cards of those Places, be Imported into England, Ireland or Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such as do truly and without fraud belong only to the People of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or of the Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories in Asia, Africa or America, to His Majesty belonging, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Master, and three Fourths at least of the Mariners are English, under the Forfeiture of all such Goods and Commodities, and of the Ship or Vessel in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel; one Moity to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and the other Moiety to him or them who shall Seize, Inform or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

In what Ships to be Imported.

With what Mariners.

The Forfeiture.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Goods nor Commodities,

modities that are of Foreign Growth, Production or Manufacture, and which are to be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English-built Shipping, or other Shipping belonging to some of the aforesaid Places, and Navigated by English Mariners as aforesaid, shall be shipped or brought from any other Place or Places, Countrey or Countreys, but onely from those of their said Growth, Production or Manufacture, or from those Ports where the said Goods and Commodities can onely, or are, or usually have been first shipped for Transportation, and from none other Places or Countreys, under the penalty of the Forfeiture of all such of the aforesaid Goods, as shall be Imported from any other Place or Countrey, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, as also of the Ship in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; one Moiety to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Seize, Informe or Sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be recovered as is before expressed.

All Goods, &c. of Foreign growth, &c. in what shipping, and from whence to be Imported.

The Penalty.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any sort of Ling, Stockfish, Pilchard, or any other kind of dried or salted Fish, usually fished for and caught by the People of England, Ireland, Wales, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any sort of Cod-fish or Herring, or any Dyl or Blubber made, or that shall be made of any kind of Fish whatsoever, or any Whale-fins or Whale-bones, which shall be Imported into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, not having been caught in Vessels truly and properly belonging thereunto as Proprietors, and right Owners thereof, and the said Fish cured, salted or dried, and the Dyl and Blubber aforesaid (which shall be accounted, and pay as Dyl) not made by the People thereof, and shall be Imported into England, Ireland or Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall pay double Aliens Custom.

Fish, Fins, and Oyl, not made and cured by Englishmen, shall pay double Strangers Custom.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from henceforth it shall not be lawful to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to Load, or cause to be loaden and car-

No Ship to go from Port to Port in

ried

England, Ireland, &c. but English, and Manned with English-men.

ried in any Bottom or Bottoms, Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, whereof any Stranger or Strangers born (unleſs ſuch as be Denizens, or Naturalized) be Owners, Part-owners, or Maſter, and whereof three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt ſhall not be Engliſh, any Fiſh, Victual, Wares, Goods, Commodities or things, of what kind or nature ſoever the ſame ſhall be, from one Port or Creek of England, Ireland, Wales, Iſlands of Guernſey or Jerſey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to another Port or Creek of the ſame, or of any of them, under penalty for every one

The Forfeiture.

that ſhall offend contrary to the true meaning of this branch of this preſent Act, to forfeit all ſuch Goods as ſhall be loaden, and carried in any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, together with the Ship or Veſſel, and all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel; one Moiety to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall Inform, Seize or Sue for the ſame in any Court of Record, to be recovered in manner aforeſaid.

Interpretation of what muſt be underſtood by Engliſh-built Shipping mentioned in the Book of Rates.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Cale, Abatement, or Priviledge is given in the Book of Rates to Goods or Commodities Imported or Exported in Engliſh-built Shipping, that is to ſay, Shipping built in England, Ireland, Wales, Iſlands of Guernſey or Jerſey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in any the Lands, Iſlands, Dominions or Territories to His Majeſty in Africa, Aſia or America belonging, or in his Poſſeſſion, That it is always to be underſtood and provided, that the Maſter and three Fourths of the Mariners of the ſaid Ships at leaſt be alſo Engliſh; And that where it is required, that the Maſter and three Fourths of the Mariners be Engliſh, that the true intent and meaning thereof is, that they ſhould be ſuch during the whole Voyage, unleſs in caſe of Sickneſs, Death, or being taken Priſoners in the Voyage, to be proved by the Oath of the Maſter, or other chief Officer of ſuch Ship.

Goods of the growth of Muſcovy.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Goods or Commodities of the growth, production, or manufacture of Muſcovy, or of any the Countries, Dominions or Territories, to the Great Duke or Emperor of Muſcovy

Muſcovy or Ruſſia belonging; As alſo that no ſorts of Maſts, Timber or Boards, nor foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rozin, Hemp or Flax, Raiſins, Figgs, Prunes, Olive-oyls, no ſorts of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-aſhes, Wines, Vinegar, or Spirits called Aqua-vitæ, or Brandy-Wine, ſhall from and after the First day of April, which ſhall be in the year of our Lord One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, be Imported into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, but in ſuch as do truly and without fraud belong to the people there of, or of ſome of them as the true Owners and Proprietors thereof, and whereof the Maſter, and three Fourths at leaſt of the Mariners are Engliſh; and that no Currants nor Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Countreys, Iſlands, Dominions or Territories to the Othoman or Turkiſh Empire belonging, ſhall from and after the First day of September, which ſhall be in the year of our Lord One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, be imported into any the foremencioned places in any Ship or Veſſel, but which is of Engliſh-built, and Navigated as aforeſaid, and in no other; Except onely ſuch foreign Ships and Veſſels as are of the built of that Countrey or Place, of which the ſaid Goods are the Growth, Production, or Manufacture reſpectively, or of ſuch Port where the ſaid Goods can onely be, or moſt uſually are firſt Shipped for Tranſportation, and whereof the Maſter and three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are of the ſaid Countrey or Place, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, to be diſpoſed and recovered as in the foregoing Clauſe.

Ruſſia, Timber, & Maſts, &c.

In what Veſſels to be Imported.

Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the prevention of the great frauds daily uſed in colouring and concealing of Aliens Goods, all Wines of the Growth of France or Germany, which from and after the Twentieth day of October, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty, ſhall be Imported into any the Ports or places aforeſaid, in any other Ship or Veſſel, then which doth truly and without fraud belong to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Navigated with the Mariners thereof, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed Aliens Goods, and

Proviſo for preventing of frauds in colouring of Strangers goods.

pay

pay all Strangers Customs and Duties to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; as also to the Town or Port into which they shall be Imported; And that all sorts of Masts, Timber or Boards; as also all Foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rosin Hemp, Flax, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-oyls, all sorts of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-ashes, Spirits commonly called Brandy-wine, or Aqua-vitæ, Wines of the Growth of Spain, the Islands of the Canaries, or Portugal, Madera, or Western-Islands, and all Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Muscovy, Russia, which from and after the First day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty one, shall be Imported into any of the aforesaid Places in any other than in such Shipping, and so Navigated; And all Currants and Turkey Commodities which from and after the First day of September, One thousand six hundred sixty one, shall be Imported into any the Places aforesaid, in any other than English-built shipping, and Navigated as aforesaid, shall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay accordingly to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to the Town or Port into which they shall be Imported.

A Clause to prevent the Colouring or Buying of Foreign Ships.

And for prevention of all Frauds which may be used in colouring or buying of foreign Ships, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the First day of April, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty one, no Foreign-built Ship or Vessel whatsoever shall be deemed, or pass as a Ship to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick, or any of them belonging, or enjoy the benefit or priviledge of such a Ship or Vessel, until such time that he or they claiming the said Ship or Vessel to be theirs, shall make appear to the Chief Officer or Officers of the Customs in the Port next to the Place of his or their Abode, that he or they are not Aliens, and shall have taken an Oath before such Chief Officer or Officers who are hereby Authorized to Administer the same; That such Ship or Vessel was Bona fide, and without Fraud by him or them bought for a valuable Consideration, expressing the Sum, as also the Time, Place & Persons from whom it was bought, and who are his Part-owners, (if he have any) all which Part-owners shall be liable

Owners of Foreign Ships to prove by Oath they are not Aliens.

And that the Ships were bought for valuable Considerations.

to

to take the said Oath, before the chief Officer or Officers of the Custom-house of the Port next to the place of their abode; and that no Forreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any part, interest, or share therein; and that upon such Oath, he or they shall receive a Certificate under the Hand or Seal of the said chief Officer or Officers of the Port where such person or persons so making Oath do reside, whereby such Ship or Vessel may for the future pass, and be deemed as a Ship belonging to the said Port, and enjoy the Priviledge of such a Ship or Vessel; And the said Officer or Officers shall keep a Register of all such Certificates as he or they shall so give, and return a Duplicate thereof to the chief Officers of the Customs at London, for such as shall be granted in England, Wales, and Berwick, and to the chief Officers of the Customs at Dublin, for such as shall be given in Ireland, together with the Names of the person or persons from whom such Ship was bought, and the sum of Money which was paid for her; as also the Names of all such persons who are Part-owners of her, if any such be.

Officers of the Ports to keep a Register, and to send Duplicates to London.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer of the Customs shall from and after the said First day of April, allow the Priviledge of being a Ship or Vessel, to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick, or any of them belonging, to any Forreign-built Ship or Vessel, until such Certificate be before them produced, or such Proof and Oath taken before them; or if any Officer of the Customs shall allow the Priviledge of an English-built Ship, or other Ship to any the aforesaid places belonging to any English, or Forreign-built Ship coming into any Port, and making Entry of any Goods, until Examination, whether the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners be English; or shall allow to any Forreign-built Ship, bringing in the Commodities of the Growth of the Countrey where it was built, the Priviledge by this Act to such Ship given, until Examination and Proof whether it be a Ship of the built of that Countrey, and that the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners are of that Countrey; or if any Person who is, or shall be made Governor of any Lands, Islands, Plantations, or Territories in Africa, Asia, or America, by his

Penalty of any Officers to allow a Ship for English-built which is not, or hath not Certificate, &c.

Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall suffer any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, to load or unload any Goods or Commodities within the Precincts of their Governments, until such Certificate be produced before them, or such as shall be by them appointed to view the same, and examination whether the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least, be English, that for the first Offence such Officer of the Customs, and Governors shall be put out of their Places, Offices, or Governments.

This Act not to extend to the Commodities of the Straights, & Levant, Imported in English-Shipping, and three Fourths of English Mariners:

Provided always, That this Act or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to restrain and prohibit the Importation of any the Commodities of the Straights, or Levant Seas, loaden in English-built Shipping, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, from the usual Ports or Places for lading of them heretofore within the said Straights, or Levant Seas, though the said Commodities be not of the very growth of the said Places.

Nor to the Importation of East-India goods in English Vessels.

Provided also, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to restrain the Importing of any East-India Commodities loaden in English-built Shipping, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, from the usual place or places for loading of them in any part of those Seas, to the Southward and Eastward of Cabo bona Speranza, although the said Ports be not the very places of their growth.

English-men may Import from Spain, Portugal, &c. Goods of those Countries.

Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any people of England, Ireland, Wales, Islands of Guernley or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in Vessels or Ships to them belonging, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, to load and bring in from any of the Ports of Spain or Portugal, or Western-Islands, commonly called Azores, or Madera, or Canary Islands, all sorts of Goods or Commodities of the growth, production, or manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions of either of them respectively.

This Act not to extend to Bullion, nor Goods taken as Prize.

Provided, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not to Bullion, nor yet to any Goods taken, or that shall be Bona fide taken by way of Reprisal, by any Ship or Ships belonging to England, Ireland, or Wales,

Islands

Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, having Commission from His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.

Provided always, That this Act or any thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to lay Aliens Duties upon any Corn of the growth of Scotland, or to any Salt made in Scotland, nor to any Fish caught, saved, and cured by the people of Scotland, and Imported directly from Scotland in Scotch-built Ships, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners are of His Majesties Subjects, nor to any Seal Oyl of Russia, Imported from thence into England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in Shipping Bona fide to some of the said Places belonging, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English. Nor to lay Aliens Duty on Scottish Salt in Scotch Vessels.

Provided also, and it is hereby Enacted, That every Ship or Vessel belonging to any the Subjects of the French King, which from and after the Twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall come into any Port, Creek, Harbor, or Road of England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and shall there lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities, or take in any Passengers, or set on shore, shall pay to the Collector of His Majesties Customs in such Port, Creek, Harbor, or Road, for every Ton of which the said Ship or Vessel is of burthen, to be computed by such Officer of the Customs as shall be thereunto appointed, the Sum of Five shillings, currant Money of England: And that no such Ship or Vessel be suffered to depart out of such Port, Creek, Harbor, or Road, until the said Duty be fully paid; And that this Duty shall continue to be Collected, Levied, and Paid for such time as a certain Duty of Fifty Sols per Ton, lately imposed by the French King, or any part thereof shall continue to be Collected upon the Shipping of England lading in France, and three Moneths after, and no longer. Five shillings per Ton laid on all French Vessels.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of April, which shall be in the year of our Lord

No Sugars, Tobaccoes, &c. to be carried from any Englisſh Plantation after the Firſt of April, 1661. but to His Majeſties Dominions.

One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, no Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-wooll, Indicoes, Ginger, Fuſtick, or other Dying-wood of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any Engliſh Plantations in America, Aſia, or Africa, ſhall be Shipped, Carried, Conveyed, or Tranſported from any of the ſaid Engliſh Plantations to any Land, Iſland, Territory, Dominion, Port, or place whatſoever, other then to ſuch other Engliſh Plantations as do belong to His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, or to the Kingdom of England or Ireland, or Principality of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, there to be laid on Shore, under the Penalty of the forfeiture of the ſaid Goods, or the full value therof, as alſo of the Ship, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, and Furniture; the one Moiety to the Kings Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall ſeize, informe, or ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Penalty.

That Security is to be given for Ships to the Engliſh Plantations, &c.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Ship or Veſſel which from and after the Five and twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, ſhall ſet Sail out of, or from England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any Engliſh Plantation in America, Aſia, or Africa, ſufficient Bond ſhall be given with one Surety to the chief Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe of ſuch Port, or Place from whence the ſaid Ship ſhall ſet Sail, to the value of One thouſand pounds, if the Ship be of leſs burden then One hundred Tons; and of the ſum of Two thouſand pounds, if the Ship ſhall be of greater burden; That in caſe the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall load any of the ſaid Commodities at any of the ſaid Engliſh Plantations, that the ſame Commodities ſhall be by the ſaid Ship brought to ſome Port of England, Ireland, Wales, or to the Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and ſhall there unload and put on ſhore the ſame, the danger of the Seas onely excepted: And for all Ships coming from any other Port or Place to any of the aforeſaid Plantations, who by this Act are permitted to Trade there; That the Gover-

nor

nor of such English Plantations, shall before the said Ship or Vessel be permitted to load on Board any of the said Commodities, take Bond in manner, and to the value aforesaid for each respective Ship or Vessel, That such Ship or Vessel shall carry all the aforesaid Goods that shall be laden on Board in the said Ship to some other of His Majesties English Plantations, or to England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed: And that every Ship or Vessel which shall load or take on board any of the aforesaid Goods, until such Bond given to the said Governor, or Certificate produced from the Officers of any Custom-house of England, Ireland, Wales, or of the Town of Berwick, that such Bond have been there duly given, shall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, to be imployed, and recovered in manner as aforesaid. And the said Governors, and every of them shall twice in every year, after the First day of January, One thousand six hundred and sixty, return true Copies of all such Bonds by him so taken, to the chief Officers of the Custom in London.

Anno XII
CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act to prevent Frauds and concealments of Customs and Subsidies.

No person shall convey away any Goods without Entry, and agreement for the Custom.

BE it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, That if any person or persons at any time after the First day of September, One thousand six hundred and sixty, shall cause any Goods for which Custom, Subsidy, or other Duties are due or payable by vertue of the Act passed this Parliament, (Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported) to be landed or conveyed away without due entry thereof first made, and the Customer or Collector, or his Deputy agreed with; That then, and in such case, upon Oath thereof made before the Lord Treasurer, or any of the Barons of the Exchequer, or chief Magistrate of the Port or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or the place next adjoyning thereunto, it shall be lawful to and for the Lord Treasurer or any of the Barons aforesaid, or chief Magistrate of the Port or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or the Place next adjoyning thereunto, to issue out a Warrant to any person or persons, thereby enabling him or them, with the assistance of a Sheriff, Justice of Peace or Constable, to enter into any House in the day-time where such Goods are suspected to be concealed; and in case of Resistance,

The penalty.

ſiſtance, to break open ſuch Houſes, and to ſeize and ſecure the ſame Goods ſo concealed: And all Officers and Miniſters of Juſtice are hereby required to be aiding and aſſiſting thereunto. No proceedings againſt any upon this Act, unleſs

Provided always, That no Houſe ſhall be Entred by vertue of this Act, unleſs it be within the ſpace of one Moneth after the Offence ſuppoſed to be committed. within one Moneth after the Offence committed.

Provided alſo, That this Act ſhall continue in force unto the end of the firſt Seſſion of the next Parliament, and no longer. The continuance of this Act.

Provided alſo, That if the Information whereupon any Houſe ſhall come to be Searched, ſhall prove to be falſe, that then, and in ſuch caſe, the Party injured ſhall recover his full Damages and Coſts againſt the Informer, by Action of Treſpaſs to be thereforo brought againſt ſuch Informer. Damages and Coſts againſt falſe Informers

Anno XII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting, or Sowing of Tobacco in *England* and *Ireland*.

YOur Majesties loyal and obedient Subjects, the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, considering of how great concern and importance it is, that the Colonies and Plantations of this Kingdom in America, be defended, protected, maintained, and kept up, and that all due and possible encouragement be given unto them; and that not onely in regard great and considerable Dominions and Countries have been thereby gained and added to the Imperial Crown of this Realm; but for that the strength and welfare of this Kingdom do very much depend upon them, in regards of the employment of a very considerable part of its Shipping and Seamen, and of the vent of very great quantities of its Native Commodities and Manufactures, as also of its supply with several considerable Commodities which it was wont formerly to have onely from Forreigners, and at far dearer Rates: And forasmuch as Tobacco is one of the main products of several of those Plantations, and upon which their welfare and subsistence, and the Navigation of this Kingdom, and vent of its Commodities thither, do much depend; and in regard it is found by experience, that the Tobaccoes Planted in these parts are not so good and wholesom for the Takers thereof; And that by the Planting thereof Your Majesty is deprived of a considerable part of Your Revenue

Importance of the Plantations of America.

venue arising by Customs upon Imported Tobacco; Do most humbly pray that it may be Enacted by Your Majesty; And it is hereby Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no person or persons whatsoever, shall or do from and after the First day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and sixty, Set, Plant, improve to grow, make or cure any Tobacco either in Seed, Plant, or otherwise, in or upon any Ground, Earth, Field, or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in the Kingdom of Ireland, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all such Tobacco, or the value thereof, and of the sum of Fourty shillings for every Rod or Pole of Ground so Planted, Set, or Sowen as aforesaid; and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity of Ground, one Moiety thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

No person after the First day of January, 1660. shall set or plant any Tobacco.

The Penalty.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, Constables, and every of them, upon Information or Complaint made unto them, or any of them, by any the Officers of the Customs, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, That there is any Tobacco Set, Sowen, Planted, or growing within their Jurisdictions or Precincts, contrary to this Act, shall within Ten days after such Information or Complaint, cause to be burnt, plucked up, consumed, or utterly destroyed, all such Tobacco so Set, Sowen, Planted or Growing.

All Sheriffs and other Officers may destroy any Tobacco planted contrary to this Act.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any person or persons shall resist, or make forcible opposition against any person or persons in the due and through Execution of this Act, that every such person or persons for every such offence shall forfeit the sum of Five pounds, to be divided and recovered in manner aforesaid. And in case any person or persons shall not pay the sums of Money by them to be paid by ver-

The Penalty of any person resisting this Act.

tue of this Act; That in every such case, Distress shall be made, and Sale thereof, returning the over-plus to the Owners; And in case no Distress be to be found; That then every such Party shall be committed to the Common Gaol in the County where such Offence shall be committed, there to remain for the space of two Moneths, without Bail or Mainprize.

Proviso for private Gardens.

Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend to the hindring of the Planting of Tobacco in any Physick Garden of either University, or in other private Garden for Physick or Chirurgery, onely so as the quantity so Planted exceed not one half of one Pole in any one place or Garden.

Anno

Anno XII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for prohibiting the Exportation of Wooll, Woolfels, Fullers Earth, or any kind of Scowring Earth.

FOr the better preventing and avoiding of such Losses and Inconveniences as have happened, and daily do and may happen to the Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, and to the Kingdom of Ireland, by and through the secret and subtile Exportation and Transportation, and by and through the secret and subtile carrying and conveying away of Wooll, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Woll, Woll-flocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay, out of, and from the Kingdoms and Dominions aforesaid; And for the better setting on work the poor people and Inhabitants of the Kingdoms and Dominion aforesaid, and to the Intent that the full and best use and benefit of the principal Native Commodities of the same Kingdoms and Dominion may come, redound, and be unto and amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the same, and not unto or amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the Realm of Scotland, or of any Foreign Realms or States, as the same now of late in some great measure hath done, and is further likely to do, if some severer punishment then heretofore be not speedily inflicted upon such Offenders, as shall be Actors or Assistants in and to such Exportation and Transportation, and in and to such carrying and conveying away thereof as aforesaid;

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Author-

rity of the ſame, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever, from and after the Fourteenth day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred and three-ſcore, ſhall directly or indirectly Export, Tranſport, carry or convey, or cauſe or procure to be Exported, Tranſported, carried or conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or out of, or from the Iſles of Jerſey or Guernſey, with Sark and Alderny, being under the Government of Guernſey aforeſaid, or out of, or from any of them, or out of, or from the Kingdom of Ireland aforeſaid, into any parts or places out of the Kingdoms, Iſles, or Dominion aforeſaid, any Sheep or Wooll whatſoever, of the Breed or Growth of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Iſles, or Dominion aforeſaid; or any Woolfells, Wortlings or Shorlings, or any Yarn made of Wooll, or any Woolflocks, or any Fullers Earth, or any Fulling Clay whatſoever; nor ſhall directly or indirectly pack or load, or cauſe to be packed or loaded upon any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage or load, or lay on board, or cauſe to be loaden or laid on board in any Ship or other Veſſel, in any place or Port within the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Town of Berwick, or Iſles, or Dominion aforeſaid, any ſuch Sheep, Wooll, Woolfells, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll or Woolflocks, or any Fullers Earth or Fulling Clay, to the intent or purpoſe to export, tranſport, carry or convey the ſame, or to cauſe the ſame to be exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick, Iſles, or Dominion aforeſaid, or with intent or purpoſe that any other perſon or perſons ſhould ſo export, tranſport, carry or convey the ſame into any parts or places out of the Kingdoms of England and Ireland, Town of Berwick, Iſles, or Dominion aforeſaid, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or any Foreign parts.

No perſon after the 14 of Jan. 1660. ſhall export any Sheep or Wooll, Woolfells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay.

Nor carry, load, or board any Sheep, Wooll, &c.

No Woolfells, &c. after the 14 of Jan. 1660. to be carried out of Wales, Ireland, &c.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Wooll, Woolfels, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, or any Fullers Earth or Fulling Clay, ſhall be from and after the Fourteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and three-ſcore, exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of the Kingdom of England

and

and Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick, or Kingdom of Ireland, or out of any Port or place of the said Kingdoms respectively, unto the Isles of Jersey or Guernsey, or to Sarke or Alderny, except as in this Act shall be hereafter limited or appointed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Offender and Offenders, Offence and Offences aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to the respective pains, penalties, and forfeitures hereafter following, That is to say, The said Sheep, Wools, Woolfells, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay so exported, transported, carried, conveyed, packed or loaden contrary to the true intent of this Act, shall be forfeited; and that every Offender and Offenders therein shall forfeit Twenty shillings for every such Sheep, and Three shillings for every pound weight of such Wooll, Woolfells, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay: And also the Owners of the said Ships or Vessels, knowing such Offence, shall forfeit all their Interest in the said Ships or Vessels, with all their Apparel and Furniture to them and every of them belonging: And that the Master and Mariners thereof, knowing such Offence, and wittingly and willingly aiding and assisting thereunto, shall forfeit all their Goods and Chattels, and have Imprisonment for the space of three Moneths without Bail or Mainprize; the one Moiety of which said Penalties and Forfeitures shall be to the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the other Moiety to him that will sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of His Majesties Courts of Record, or before the Justices of Assize, or in the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace: In which Suit, no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. The Penalties.

And be it further Enacted, That if any Merchant or other person or persons shall after the said Fourteenth day of January, transport or cause to be transported, any Sheep, Wooll, Woolfells, Wortlings, Shorlings, Woollen-yarn, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, contrary to the true intent of this Act, and be thereof lawfully convicted, That then he The penalty upon any Merchant that shall transport Woolls, &c

shall

shall be disabled to require any Debt or Account of any Factor or others, for or concerning any Debt or Estate properly belonging to such Offender.

Proviso. Provided always, and it is nevertheless declared, That this Act or any thing therein contained, shall not be construed to take away any greater pains or penalties inflicted or to be inflicted for any the offences aforesaid, by vertue of any former Act of Parliament now in force.

Offences against this Act, where to be tried. And be it also further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Offence that shall be done or committed contrary to this Act, shall and may be enquired of, and heard, examined, tried, and determined in the County where such Sheep, Wooll, Woolfels, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay respectively, shall be so packed, loaden, or laid aboard as aforesaid, contrary to this Act, or else in the County where such Offenders shall happen to be Apprehended, or Arrested for such Offence, in such manner and form, and to such effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the same Offence had been wholly and altogether done and committed at and in such County.

They to be prosecuted within a year after the Offence committed. Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no person or persons whatsoever, shall at any time hereafter be impeached for any Offence aforesaid, unless such person or persons shall be prosecuted within the space of one year next ensuing such Offence committed.

Any person may seize Goods loaded contrary to this Act, with intent to be Transported, and shall have the Moiety thereof. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to seize, take, and challenge to his or their own use and behoof, and to the use of the King, his Heirs and Successors, all and all manner of such Sheep, Wooll, Woolfels, Wortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling Clay, as he or they shall happen to see, find, know, or discover to be laid aboard in any Ship, or other Vessel or Boat, or to be brought, carried, or laid on Shore at or near the Sea, or any Navigable River or Water, to the intent or purpose to be Exported, Transported, or Conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or to be packed or loaden upon any Horse,

Cart,

Cart, or other Carriage, to the intent or purpose to be conveyed or carried into the Kingdom of Scotland aforesaid; and that such person or persons as shall happen so to seize, take or challenge any such Sheep, Wooll, Wool-fells, Worstlings, Shorstlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay as aforesaid, shall have the full Moiety thereof, to all intents and purposes.

Provided always, That such person or persons as shall make any such Seizure or Challenge as aforesaid, to his or their own use, shall not be admitted or allowed to give in Evidence upon his or their Oath or Oaths against any person or persons which shall happen to be Indicted, accused, or questioned by vertue of this Act, or any thing therein contained. Proviso, such person shall not be evidence against the Offender.

And furthermore be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Ship, Vessel, Hulk, Barge, or Boat of what kind soever, whereof any Alien born, or whereof any natural-born Subjects not inhabiting within the Realm of England, shall be Owner, or Part-owner, and wherein any Sheep, Wooll, Woolfells, Worstlings, Shorstlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, shall happen to be Shipped, put, or laid aboard contrary to the true meaning of this Act, shall be forfeited to the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. Forfeiture of the Ship, if the Owner be an Alien, or not inhabiting in England.

Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to any Lamb-skin ready dressed and prepared, fit and useful for Furr or Linings.

Provided also, That this Act shall not in any wise extend to the Transporting, carrying, or conveying away of any such Woolfells or Pelts, with such Wooll upon them, or to any Beds stuffed with Flocks, which shall be carried or imployed in any Ship, or other Vessel for necessary use onely, of and about the Ordnance or other thing in or concerning such Ship or Vessel, or onely for the necessary use of any the persons in such Ship or Vessel, passing or being, and which shall not be sold or uttered in any Foreign parts, out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, or Town of Berwick, Isles or Dominion aforesaid; nor to the Exporting, Proviso. England, Ireland, Berwick.

Trans-

tranſporting, carrying, or conveying of any Weather-ſheep, or of the Wooll growing upon any ſuch Weather-Sheep, to be carried alive in any Ship or other Veſſel, for and towards the onely neceſſary Food or Diet, of or for the Company or Paſſengers, or other perſons therein, and for and towards none other purpoſe.

Proviſo, Southampton, Jerſey, Guernſey.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That this Act or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to any ſuch Wooll to be exported or tranſported out of or from the Port of Southampton, onely unto the aforeſaid Iſles of Jerſey and Guernſey, by or for the onely uſe or behoof of any the Inhabitants of the ſaid Iſles of Jerſey and Guernſey, or either of them, or to any ſuch Wooll to be ſhipped or loaden aboard in any Ship or other Veſſel, by or for the onely uſe or behoof of any the Inhabitants of the ſaid Iſles of Jerſey or Guernſey, or either of them in the Port aforeſaid, to be exported and tranſported into the ſaid Iſles of Jerſey or Guernſey, or either of them; ſo as ſuch perſon and perſons that ſhall ſo ſhip or lay aboard ſuch Wooll into any Ship or other Veſſel, do before the ſhipping or laying aboard ſuch Wooll, deliver unto the Cuſtomer, Controller, Surveyor, or Searcher of the Port of Southampton aforeſaid, (out of which the ſame Wooll is to be exported) a Writing under the Seal or Seals of the reſpective Governors of the ſame Iſles of Jerſey and Guernſey, unto which the ſaid Wooll is to be tranſported, or of his or their Deputy or Deputies reſpectively, the which Writing ſhall purport and expreſs that the party named in ſuch Writing is authorized and appointed to export, or to cauſe to be exported out of the Port aforeſaid, ſo much Wooll, expreſſing the number of the Tods, to the ſame Iſle, to be uſed or manufactured in one of the ſame Iſles, or in ſome of the members or parts of the ſame; and that ſuch party ſo authorized and appointed to export or cauſe to be exported that Wooll, hath before the making and ſealing of that Writing, entred ſufficient Bond to His Majeſties uſe for the landing of the ſaid Wooll in that Iſle: And to the intent that the quantity of Wool to be exported out of the Port of Southampton aforeſaid, into the ſaid Iſles or either of them in any one year, accounting the year to begin from the firſt day of January next enſuing, and ſo yearly from

from the First day of January, may not exceed the Quantity hereunder specified; that is to say, unto the Isle of Jersey Two thousand Tods and no more of unkeamed Wooll, and unto Guernsey, One thousand Tods and no more of unkeamed Wooll, and unto Alderny Two hundred Tods and no more of unkeamed Wooll, and unto Sarke One hundred Tods of unkeamed Wooll and no more, every Tod not exceeding Thirty two pounds. Alderney. Sarke.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Governor of the said Isle of Jersey, or his Deputy for whom he will answer, shall not make to any person or persons any Writing or Writings, such as is above specified, to authorize or appoint such person or persons as aforesaid, to fetch, export, or transport out of the Port of Southampton aforesaid, unto the said Isle of Jersey in one year, accounting the year from the First day of January, One thousand six hundred and sixty aforesaid, any greater quantity of Wool then two thousand Tods in any one year; and that the Governor of the said Isle of Guernsey, or his Deputy for whom he will answer, shall not make to any person or persons any Writing or Writings, such as is above specified, to authorize and appoint such person or persons as aforesaid, to fetch, export, or transport out of the Port above specified, unto the said Isles of Guernsey, with Alderny and Sarke, in any one year, accepting the year from the First day of January aforesaid, any greater quantity of Wool then One thousand Tods for Guernsey, Two hundred Tods for Alderney, and One hundred Tods for Sarke in any one year; and that the Customer of the Port of Southampton aforesaid, shall keep a true account of all the said quantity of Wools so by him permitted to be loaden by vertue of this Act, and shall not permit any greater quantity of Wools to be loaden then by this Act is prescribed, in any one year to either of the said Islands respectively, under any pretence whatsoever, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of his place, and the sum of One hundred pounds in money; one moiety whereof to the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to him or them that will sue for the same in any Court of Record, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. And if any of the Governors aforesaid,

ſaid, or any their or either of their Deputy or Deputies of the ſaid Iſles, or either of them, ſhall give, grant, or make any Licence or Licences for Exporting from Southampton aforeſaid, into the ſaid Iſles reſpectively, of any greater quantity of ſuch Mooll, then is before by the true meaning of this Act limited and appointed in that behalf; That then the reſpective Governor or Govenors of ſuch of the ſaid Iſles ſhall forfeit and pay to the Kings Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, the ſum of twenty pounds of lawful Money of England, for every Tod of Mooll which ſhall be ſo licenced to be Exported, over and above the rate or proportion of Mooll in and by this Act, or the true meaning thereof, limited and appointed.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Governors aforeſaid, or their reſpective Deputies, or any their Clerks, Officers, or Servants, for the Granting, making or Sealing of every ſuch writing of Licence as is aforeſaid, and for the entring a Remembrance of the ſame into ſome book which they ſhall have and keep for that purpoſe, may have and take the ſum of Twelve pence, and no more, upon pain of forfeiting to the party grieved the ſum of Five ſhillings for every Peny which ſhall be taken over and above the ſaid ſum of Twelve pence, in and by this Act allowed to be taken, and ſo after that proportion, the ſaid penalty or forfeiture for the taking above Twelve pence as aforeſaid, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record at Weſtminſter, or elſewhere, wherein no Injunction, Protection, Priviledge, Eſſoin, or Wager of Law ſhall be admitted or allowed.

Anno XIV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act againſt the Exporting of Sheep, Wooll, Woolfells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wooll Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, and Tobacco-pipe Clay.

WHereas againſt the Laws of this Kingdom, great numbers of Sheep, and great quantities of Wooll, Woolfells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fullers earth, or Fulling Clay, are ſecretly Exported, Tranſported, carried and conveyed out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Kingdom of Ireland, into the Kingdom of Scotland, and into Foreign parts, to the great decay of the Woollen Manufactures, the ruine of many Families, and the deſtruction of the Navigation and Commerce of the Kingdoms, Town, and Dominion aforeſaid, which is like daily to increaſe, if ſome further remedy be not provided, and further Penalties impoſed upon the Offenders therein:

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any perſon or perſons ſhall from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, directly or indirectly export, tranſport, carry or convey, or ſhall cauſe to be exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or after

Exporting or carrying of Sheep, Wooll,

Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, out of England, Wales, or Ireland,

after the First day of January, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, out of the Kingdom of Ireland, into any parts or places out of the Kingdoms or Dominion aforesaid, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, any Sheep or Wool whatsoever of the breed or growth of the Kingdoms or Dominion aforesaid, or any Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, or any Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay whatsoever, or shall directly or indirectly pack or load, or cause to be packed or loaden upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or shall load or lay on board, or cause to be loaden or laid on board in any Ship or other Vessel, in any place within the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid, any such Sheep, Wool, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, to the intent or purpose to export, transport, carry or convey the same, or to cause the same to be exported, transported, carried, or conveyed out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into any Foreign parts, that then every such Offence shall be adjudged Felony, and the Offender or Offenders being duly convicted, shall suffer and forfeit as in case of Felony.

Made Felony.

Aiders and Assisters therein shall be adjudged Felons.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Owner of any such Ship or other Vessel, and every Owner of every Horse, Cart or Carriage, upon which any Sheep, Wool, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth or Fulling Clay, shall be so exported, transported, carried, or conveyed as aforesaid, or to any such intent or purpose as aforesaid, knowing thereof, and being wittingly and willingly aiding, assisting, or consenting thereunto, and also every Master and Mariner of or in such Ship or other Vessel, wherein any such Sheep, Wool, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, shall be so exported, transported, carried or conveyed, or loaden or laid on board as aforesaid, to any such intent or purpose as aforesaid, knowing thereof, and being wittingly and willingly aiding, assisting

ing or conſenting thereunto, and alſo every Factor or Servant, or other perſon whatſoever, and every Cuſtomer, Controller, Waiter, Searcher, Surveyor, or other Officer or perſon whatſoever knowing thereof, and being wittingly or willingly aiding, aſſiſting or conſenting thereunto, ſhall be, and ſhall be adjudged and taken to be a Felon, and every Offender and Offenders therein, being duly convicted, ſhall ſuffer and forfeit as in caſe of Felony.

Offences againſt this Act, where to be examined and tried.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Offence which ſhall be done or committed contrary to this Act, ſhall and may be enquired of and heard, examined, tried and determined in the County where ſuch Sheep, Wool, Woolfels, Wortlings, Shortlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fulling Earth or Fulling Clay reſpectively, ſhall be ſo packed, laden, or laid on board, as aforeſaid, or elſe in the County where ſuch Offender ſhall happen to be apprehended or arreſted for ſuch Offence, in ſuch manner and form, and to ſuch effect, to all intents and purpoſes, as if the ſame Offence had been wholly done and committed in the ſame County.

Peers.

Provided alſo, That every Baron, and other Peer of this Realm, which ſhall be Indicted or accuſed as principal or acceſſory in or to any Offence made Felony by this Act, ſhall have his, her, or their Trial, by his, her, or their Peers, as in caſe of Felony at the Common Law.

None to be impeached unleſs within one year next after the Offence committed.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever ſhall at any time hereafter be impeached for any Offence made Felony by this Act, unleſs ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall be thereof Indicted within the ſpace of one year next enſuing ſuch Offence committed.

And forasmuch as great quantities of Wool, Woollen-yarn, and Woolflocks are cloſe packed and preſſed together with Screws, and other unlawful Engines into Butts, Pipes, Hogsheads, Cheſts, and other Cask and Veſſels, and into Sacks, Baggs, and other Wrappers made of Wool or Linen, and under colour of Bales, Sacks, Baggs, Packs and Casks of other Goods, and otherwiſe great quantities of the ſame are daily loaden on board of Ships or other Veſſels, and ſo are carried, conveyed, exported and tranſported out of the Kingdoms,

Town

Town of Berwick, and Dominion aforesaid; and also great quantities are daily carried and laid at, or near the Coasts of the Sea, or some Navigable Rivers, into Store-houses and Barns, and by Night are laid on Board of Shallops, and other Vessels belonging to Aliens, and so carried and exported out of the Kingdoms, Town of Berwick, and Dominion aforesaid; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the said First day of August, no person or persons shall press together with any Screws, Presses, or other Engines, into any Sack, Pack, Bag, or other Wrapper, or shall put, press, pack, or stean any Wooll whatsoever, or any Yarn made of Wooll, into any Butt, Pipe, Hogshead, Chest, or any other Cask or Vessel, upon any pretence whatsoever, or shall carry or lay, or cause to be carried or laid at or near the Shore or Coasts of the Sea, or of any Navigable River, or into any house or place near adjoyning thereunto, any such Wooll, Woolflocks, or Yarn made of Wooll, with intention to export, transport, carry or convey the same out of the Kingdoms of England or Ireland, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Dominion of Wales, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or unto any Foreign parts, under the penalty of the loss and forfeiture of all such Wooll, Woolflocks, and Yarn made of Wooll, as shall be so packed or pressed, or put or laid into Cask, or carried and laid near to the Sea-shore, or to any Navigable River as aforesaid, or the value thereof.

Screws and unlawful Engines for pressing together of Wooll, not to be used.

The penalty.

And whereas great quantities of Fullers Earth, or Fulling Clay, are daily carried and exported under the colour of Tobacco-pipe Clay; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Tobacco-pipe Clay shall from and after the First day of August, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, be exported, transported, carried, or conveyed out of or from the Kingdom of England, Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or after the First day of January, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, out of or from the Kingdom of Ireland, or the Dominion of Wales, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into any Foreign parts, or into any Port or place out of the Kingdom or Dominion aforesaid, under the penalty of Three shillings

Fulling Clay, Tobacco-pipe Clay, not to be exported.

The penalty.

ſhillings for every pound of Tobacco-pipe Clay which ſhall be exported or tranſported contrary to this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, no Packs, Sacks, Bags, or Cask of any Wooll, Woolfels, Worſtlings, Shorſtlings, Yarn made of Wooll, Woolſtocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, or Tobacco-pipe Clay, ſhall be laid or loaden on any Horſe, Cart, or other carriage whatſoever, or ſhall be carried or conveyed by Land to or from any place or places within the Kingdom of England, Town of Berwick, or Dominion aforeſaid, nor after the Firſt day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty two, in the Kingdom of Ireland, but in the day-time, and at ſeaſonable hours, (that is to ſay) from and after the Firſt day of March, to the nine and twentieth day of September yearly, between the hours of Four of the Clock in the Morning, and Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and from the Nine and twentieth day of September, to the Firſt day of March yearly, between the hours of Seven of the Clock in the Morning, and Five of the Clock in the Evening, under the penalty of the loſs and the forfeiture of all ſuch Goods, or the value thereof; the one Moiety of all which forfeitures mentioned in this Act, to be to the uſe of the King, His Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Court of Record, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be admitted or allowed.

Packs of Wooll, Woolfells, &c. ſhall not be carried but in the day-time.

Penalty.

Provided nevertheleſs, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend or be conſtrued to extend to repeal, diſannul, and make void any the Penalties, Clauſes, or Proviſoes mentioned in one Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, made againſt the tranſportation of Wooll, Wool-fells, Fullers earth, or any kind of ſcowring Earth, or to the prohibiting of the loading on board of any Ship or Veſſel of any Weather-ſheep, Wooll, Woolſtocks, or other Goods mentioned in this Act, that by the aforeſaid Act is permitted to be loaden on board of any Ship or Veſſel, for the neceſſary uſe or Proviſion of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, as aforeſaid,

Proviſo concerning the Act.

Any

Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Proviso for Owners of Ships that have offended, and shall first discover the same.

Provided always, That if any Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or any Master or Mariner knowing of such Transportation of such Sheep, Wool, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Woolflocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, or Tobacco-pipe Clay, shall within three Moneths next after the knowledge thereof, or after his return into the Kingdom of England or Ireland, or into the said Town of Berwick, or Dominion of Wales aforesaid, give the first Information Bona fide, before any of the Barons of either of the Courts of the Exchequer in England or Ireland, for the time being, or before the Head-Officer of any Port where he shall first arrive, upon his or their Oath, of the number and quantity of the Goods mentioned in this Act, so carried, conveyed and transported, and by whom, where, and in what Ship or Vessel, and afterwards shall be ready upon reasonable warning by Process to justifie and prove the same, that then such Owner and Owners, Master, Mariner and Mariners, shall not be punished for Felony by vertue of this Act, but shall nevertheless be subject to all other Penalties and Forfeitures in this or any other Act contained, for the Offence aforesaid; and all such Exportation, Transportation, carrying or conveying of any the Goods, Wares or Commodities in this Act mentioned, is hereby declared and adjudged to be a common and publick Nusance.

Common Nusance.

Who may hear and determine the said Offences.

And for the better execution of this Act, Be it further Enacted, That all Justices of Assize, Justices of Gaol-delivery, and Justices of Peace, shall enquire of all the premisses in their General Quarter-Sessions, and hear and determine the same; and that all Mayors, Bayliffs, and other Head-officers of Cities, Boroughs and Towns, not having Jurisdiction to try Felony, shall enquire of all and every Offence within this Act not made Felony, and hear and determine the same.

Anno

Anno XIV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act againſt Importing of Foreign Wool-cards, Card-wire, or Iron-wire.

WHereas by the Acts of Parliament made in the third year of King Edward the Fourth, and the Nine and thirtieth year of Queen Elizabeth, and ſeveral other Statutes before that time made; It is Enacted (amongſt other things therein contained) that no Cards for Wooll, nor Iron thread (commonly called White-wire) ſhall be Imported, ſent or conveyed into this Realm of England, wherein the beſt Iron-thread, or Wire for making Wooll-cards is made, and by the ſaid Manufacture of making and drawing of Wire and Wool-cards, very many poor people of this Kingdom and their Families have been imployed and maintained, and the Wool-cards made thereof are of great concernment to this Kingdom for the good making of Woollen-cloth; And whereas contrary to the ſaid Statutes, not onely much Foreign Card-wire, but alſo Foreign Wool-cards have been in theſe late times Imported into this Kingdom, and alſo within the ſame many old Wool-cards are by ill-diſpoſed perſons (for their private lucre) bought up, and the old Iron-wire of the ſaid old Wool-cards (being very weak, and inſufficient for the well carding of Wooll) is put into new leather and new boards, and ſo uttered and ſold to ignorant people for new Wool-cards, to their great detriment, and the endamaging of their work, carding of Wooll, and the Cloth made thereof: By all which, very great inconveniences have been found by experience of Clothiers in their making of Engliſh Cloth, which is late-

ly much debased and decayed, and wherein this Nation is greatly concerned to uphold and encourage the well making thereof in and by all ways and means in any wise conducible thereunto; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons Assembled in Parliament; And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Foreign Wool-Cards, or Foreign Card-wire, or Iron-wire for making of Wool-cards, be Imported into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or any parts thereof, nor used within the same, nor any Card-wire taken out of old Cards, be from henceforth put into new Leather and new Card-boards, nor any such Wool-cards made thereof be put to Sale, upon the pains, penalties and forfeitures hereafter following, (that is to say) Every person or persons who shall Import, or bring any Foreign Wool-cards, or Foreign Card-wire, or Iron-wire for making of Wool-cards, into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or any parts thereof, or make any Wool-cards of any such old Card-wire, as aforesaid, or put the same to sale, shall forfeit the said Wool-cards, and Card-wire, or Iron-wire for making Wool-cards, or the value thereof, if the same be not seized, the one half part thereof to the Kings Majesty, and the other half part thereof to such person or persons who shall first seize or sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Plaint, Bill, Information or Indictment, in any of His Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, or within the County, City, Borough or Town-corporate, where such Offence shall be committed, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, Wager of Law, or Injunction shall be allowed or admitted.

No foreign Wool-cards, Card-wire, or Iron-wire for Wool-cards, may be Imported.

The Penalty.

Provided always, That this Act shall not extend to hinder the Owners of any Wool-cards, to cause them to be amended for their own use, or to transport or sell (for Transportation only) any their old over worn Wool-cards, in any parts beyond the Seas out of His Majesties Dominions.

Proviso for amending of old Wool-cards.

Anno

Anno XIV
CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses in His Majesties Customs.

FOrasmuch as it appears, that several unlawful and indirect means and devices are daily put in practice, to Export and Import Goods and Merchandizes prohibited by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom; as also to defraud the Kings most Excellent Majesty of his Dues, Customs, and Subsidies, as well by secret and deceitful designs, as by open force and violence used against the Kings Majesties Officers imployed in the Affairs of the Customs; The Grounds of the Act.

For the better preventing of which Frauds and Violences in time to come, It is Enacted and Ordained by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled; And be it Enacted and Ordained by the Authority thereof, That no Ship or Vessel, arriving from the parts beyond the Seas, shall be above three days coming from Gravesend, to the place of her discharge (within the River of Thames) without touching or staying at any Wharf, Key, or place adjoyning to either Shore between Gravesend and Chesters Key, (unless apparently hindred by contrary Winds, Draught of Water, or other just impediment to be allowed by such person or persons as are or shall be appointed by his Majesty for managing the Customs, the Collectors Inwards, and other principal Officers of the Customs) and then, or before the Master or Purser (for that Voyage) of such Ship or Vessel, shall make a just and true Entry upon Oath of the Burthen, Contents, and No Ship to be above three days in coming from Gravesend to the place of discharge.

Lading of every such Ship or Vessel, with the particular Marks, Numbers, Qualities, and Contents of every parcel of Goods therein Laden, to the best of his knowledge; also where, and in what Port she took in her Lading; of what Country built; how manned; who was Master during the Voyage, and who are Owners thereof; and in all Out-ports or members, to come directly up to the place of Unlading, as the condition of the Port requires, and will admit, and making Entries as aforesaid, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of One hundred pounds.

Entry to be made upon Oath of the Lading, &c. of Ships Inwards.

In Outports to come directly to the place of unlading.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Captain, Master, Purser, or any other person or persons taking charge of any Ship or Vessel bound for the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, whither the same Ship or Vessel shall have Commission from, or belong unto the Kings Majesty that now is, His Heirs or Successors, or shall belong to, or have Commission from any Forreign Prince or State, or otherwise shall take in, or suffer to be taken into, or laden aboard any such Ship or Vessel, any English Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to be Exported into the parts beyond the Seas, or into the Kingdom of Scotland, until such Captain, Master, Purser, or other person as aforesaid, shall have entred such Ship or Ships in the Book of the Commissioners, Customer, or Collector and Controller outwards, of such Port where he shall load or take in Goods, together with the Name of such Captain, or Master, the Burden of such Ship or Vessel, the Number of Guns and Ammunition she carries, and to what Port or place she intends to pass or sail; and before he or they shall depart with his or their Ship or Vessel out of such Port or Place, shall bring and deliver unto the said person or persons, which are or shall be appointed by His Majesty for managing the Customs, the Customer, or Collector and Controller of such Port or place, a Content in Writing under his or their hands of the Names of every Merchant, and other person or persons that shall have laden and put on board any such Ship or Vessel, any such Goods or Merchandise, together with the Marks and Numbers of such Goods and Merchandise, and shall likewise publickly in the

No Goods to be laden before the Ship is Entred Outwards.

A Content in Writing to be given of the Marks of the Goods, &c.

open

open Cuſtom-houſe, upon his Corporal Oath to the beſt of his knowledge, have anſwered ſuch queſtion or queſtions as ſhall be demanded of him by the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing the Cuſtoms, the Cuſtomer, or Collector and Controller, or their Deputies concerning ſuch Goods and Merchandiſe as ſhall be aboard ſuch Ship or Veſſel, upon forfeiture of One hundred pounds; And that no ſuch Captain, Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon or perſons taking charge of any Ship, or Veſſel of War as aforeſaid, wherein any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes ſhall have been laden or brought from the Ports beyond the Seas, or out of the Realm of Scotland, ſhall unload or put on board any Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, or lay on land, or ſuffer to be diſcharged, or put into any Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, or to be laid on land out of any Ship or Veſſel, as aforeſaid, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſe whatſoever, before ſuch Captain, Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon taking charge of the Ship or Merchants Goods for that Voyage, as aforeſaid, ſhall have ſignified and declared in writing under his or their hands, unto the perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing the Cuſtoms, the Cuſtomer, or Collector and Controller Inwards of the Port where he arriveth, the Names of every Merchant or Lader of any Goods or Merchandiſes aboard the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, together with the Number and Marks, and the quantity and quality of every parcel of Goods and Merchandiſes to the beſt of his knowledge, and ſhall have anſwered upon his or their Corporal Oath, to ſuch queſtions concerning ſuch Goods and Merchandiſes, as ſhall be publickly adminiſtred unto him in the open Cuſtom-houſe, by ſuch perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed for managing the Cuſtoms, Cuſtomer, or Collector and Controller, or their Deputies, and ſhall be liable to all Searches and other Rules which Merchants Ships are ſubject unto, by the uſage of His Majeſties Cuſtom-houſe (Victualling Bills and Entring excepted) upon pain to forfeit One hundred pounds; and upon refuſal to make ſuch Entries as aforeſaid, as well Outwards as Inwards, the ſaid

Anſwer to be given upon Oath concerning the Goods.

The penalty.

No Captain, &c. to unlade any Goods before Entry be made of the Names of the Merchants and marks, &c. of the Goods.

Anſwer to be made upon Oath concerning the Goods.

Men of War to be liable to the Rules that Merchants ships are ſubject to.

 Penalty.

Liberty to go on board and to take out prohibited and uncuſtomed Goods.

perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed for managing the Cuſtoms, and Officers of his Majeſties Cuſtoms, and their Deputies, ſhall and may freely enter and go on board all and every ſuch Ship or Veſſel of War, and bring from thence on Shore into His Majeſties Storehouſe belonging to the Port where ſuch Ship ſhall be, all Goods and Merchandizes prohibited or uncuſtomed, which ſhall be found aboard any ſuch Ship as aforeſaid.

Liberty to go on board and bring on ſhore goods Outwards and Inward bound.

And be it hereby alſo Enacted, That the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed for the managing the Cuſtoms, and Officers of His Majeſties Cuſtoms, and their Deputies, are hereby authorized and enabled to go and enter aboard any Ship or Veſſel, as well Ships of War as Merchants Ships, and from thence to bring on ſhore all Goods prohibited or uncuſtomed, except Jewels, if they be Outwards bound; and if they be Ships or Veſſels Inwards bound, from thence to bring on ſhore into His Majeſties Storehouſe, as aforeſaid, all ſmall parcels of Fine Goods, or other Goods which ſhall be found in Cabbins, Cheſts, Trunks, or other ſmall Package, or in any private or ſecret place, in or out of the Hold of the Ship or Veſſel, which may occaſion a juſt ſuſpicion that they were intended to be fraudulently conveyed away; And all other ſorts of Goods whatſoever, for which the Duties of Tonnage and Poundage were not paid or compounded for within Twenty days after the firſt Entry of the Ship, to be put and remain in the Storehouſe aforeſaid, until His Majeſties Duties thereupon be fully ſatisfied, unleſs the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing the Cuſtoms, and Officers of the Cuſtoms, ſhall ſee juſt cauſe to allow a longer time, and that the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be ſo appointed to manage the Cuſtoms, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms, and their Deputies, may freely ſtay and remain aboard until all the Goods are delivered and diſcharged out of the ſaid Ships or Veſſels; And if any Maſter, Purſer, or Boat-ſwain, or other taking charge in any Ship or Veſſel, or any other perſon whatſoever, ſhall ſuffer any Truſs, Bale, Pack, Fardel, Caſk, or other Package, to be opened aboard the ſaid

The Officers may ſtay on board till the Goods be diſcharged.

Penalty for the Maſter, &c. ſuffering any

Ship

Ship or Veſſel, and the Goods therein to be imbezelled, carried away, or put into any other Form or Package, after the Ship comes into the Port of her diſcharge, in every ſuch caſe the ſaid Maſter, Purſer, Boat-ſwain, or others, ſhall forfeit the ſum of One hundred pounds. Goods to be opened or imbezelled.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe after the clearing of any Ship or Veſſel by the perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing the Cuſtoms, or any their Deputies, and diſcharging the Watchmen or Tideſmen from attendance thereupon, there ſhall be found on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, which have been concealed from the knowledge of the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be ſo appointed to manage the Cuſtoms, and for which the Cuſtom, Subſidy, and other Duties due upon the Importation thereof, have not been paid, then the Maſter, Purſer, or other perſon taking charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall forfeit the ſum of One hundred pounds. Penalty for Goods concealed found after the clearing of Ships.

And it ſhall be lawful to or for any perſon or perſons Authorized by Writ of Aſſiſtance, under the Seal of His Majeſties Court of Exchequer, to take a Conſtable, Headborough, or other Publick Officer inhabiting near unto the place, and in the day-time to enter, and go into any Houſe, Shop, Cellar, Wareh[illegible]ouſe or Room, or other place, and in caſe of reſiſtance, to break open Doors, Cheſts, Trunks, and other Package, there to Seize, and from thence to bring any kind of Goods or Merchandize whatſoever, prohibited and uncuſtomed, and to put and ſecure the ſame in His Majeſties Storehouſe, in the Port next to the place where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made. Power to enter Houſes, &c. To bring away the Goods and ſecure them in the Kings Warehouſe.

And for the better encreaſe of Shipping and Navigation, Be it further Enacted, That the Collectors, and other Officers of His Majeſties Cuſtoms in all the Ports of England, ſhall forthwith give an account unto the Collector and Surveyor in the Port of London, (appointed by His Majeſty for all Duties and Matters relating to a late Act, Intituled, An Act for encreaſing and encouraging of Shipping and Navigation) of all Foreign-built Ships in their Ports, owned and belonging to the people of England, of what built and burden A liſt to be made of Foreign-built Ships.

they are, for which Certificates have been made according to the said Act, and that the said Collector and Surveyor shall make a true and perfect List of all such Ships, attested under their hands, and transmit the same into His Majesties Court of Exchequer, on, or before the Moneth of December, in the year One thousand six hundred sixty and two, there to remain upon Record. And that no Foreign-built Ships (that is to say) not built in any of His Majesties Dominions of Asia, Africa, or America, or other then such as shall (Bona fide) be bought before the First of October, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, next ensuing, and expressly named in the said List, shall enjoy the privilege of a Ship belonging to England or Ireland, although owned or manned by English, (except such Ships onely as shall be taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Reprisal, and Condemnation made in the Court of Admiralty, as lawful Prize) but all such Ships shall be deemed as Aliens Ships, and be liable unto all Duties that Aliens Ships are liable unto by vertue of the said Act for encrease of Shipping and Navigation. And whereas it is required by the said Act, that in sundry cases the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners are to be English, it is to be understood, that any of His Majesties Subjects of England, Ireland, and His Plantations, are to be accounted English, and no others, and that the number of Mariners be accounted according to what they shall have been during the whole Voyage.

No foreign built Ships to enjoy the privilege of an English Ship.

The Exception.

English, Irish, and Subjects in the Plantations, are onely to be accounted English.

And whereas of late some of the persons appointed by His Majesty for managing the Customs, and the Officers of the Customs, and their Deputies, have been hindred, affronted, abused, beaten, and wounded, to the hazard of their lives, in the due execution of their several Trusts and Services in their respective places, by armed companies and multitudes of men, and Goods prohibited and uncustomed, have by force and violence, as well by Land as by Water, been forcibly carried and conveyed away; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Officer or Officers shall be by any person or persons armed with Club, or any manner of Weapon, forcibly hindred, affronted, abused, beaten, or

What penalty shall be inflicted on such as shall affront and abuse the Officers in the execution of their duties.

wounded

wounded as aforesaid, either on Board any Ship or Vessel, or upon the Land or Water, in the due execution of their Office, all and every person or persons so resisting, affronting, abusing, beating, or wounding the said Officer or Officers, or their Deputies, or such as shall act in their aid or assistance, shall by the next Justice of Peace, or other Magistrate be committed to Prison, there to remain till the next Quarter-Sessions: And the Justices of the Peace of the said Quarter-Sessions, shall, and are hereby impowered to punish the Offender by Fine, not exceeding One hundred pounds, and the Offender is to remain in Prison till he be discharged by Order of the Exchequer, both of the Fine and of the Imprisonment, or discover the person that set him on work, to the end he may be legally proceeded against. Power of the Justices of the Peace in this case.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Wharfinger, or Keeper of any Wharf, Crane, or Key, or their Servants, or any of them, shall take up, or land, or knowingly suffer to be taken up, or landed, or shall Ship off, or suffer to be Water-born, at, or from any of their said Wharfs, Cranes, or Keys, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise prohibited, or whereof any Custom, Subsidy, or other Duties are due and payable unto the Kings Majesty, without the presence of some of the Officers of his Majesties Customs thereunto appointed, or at hours and times not appointed by Law (except in the Port of Hull, as in the Statute of the First year of Queen Elizabeth, Chap. 11. is excepted, and not otherwise) or Goods passing by Certificates, Wast-Cocquet, or otherwise, without the presence, or notice given to one or more of His Majesties Officers, That in every such case all and every such Wharfinger, and Keeper of such Wharf, Crane, or Key, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred pounds; And if any Goods or Merchandise shall be laden or taken in from the shore, into any Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Wherry, or Boat, to be carried aboard any Ship or Vessel Outwards bound for the parts beyond the Seas, or Laden, or taken in, from or out of any Ship, or Vessel coming in and arriving from Foreign parts, without a Warrant, and the presence of The penalty of the Wharfingers, &c. suffering any uncustomed or prohibited Goods to be landed or shipped. Exceptions. Penalty for carrying in Barks, Hoys, Lighters, &c. Goods without Warrant.

One or more Officers of the Customs, such Bark, Hoy, Lighter, Barge, Boat, or Wherry, shall be forfeited and lost, and the Master, Purser, Boat-swain, or other Mariner of any Ship Inward bound, knowing and consenting thereunto, shall forfeit the value of the Goods so unshipped: And further, That in case any Car-man, Porter, Water-man, or other person or persons whatsoever, shall assist in the taking up, landing, shipping off, or carrying away any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, that then such Car-man, Porter, Water-man, or other person or persons so offending, being apprehended by Warrant of any Justice of the Peace for that County, City, or Borough, which the said Justices, and every of them, are hereby Authorized to issue, and to examine Witnesses upon Oath concerning such Fact, and the same being proved by the Oath of two Witnesses, the said Offenders for such first Offence shall and may by such Justices of the Peace be committed to the next Gaol, there to remain till he and they find sufficient Surety to be of the Good behaviour for so long time until he and they shall be thereof discharged by the Lord Treasurer, Chancellor, Under-Treasurer, or Barons of the Exchequer: And in case he or they so convicted, shall afterwards at any time offend in the like kind, then he and they shall and may by any Justice of the Peace, as aforesaid, be committed to the next Gaol, there to remain for the space of Two Moneths without Bail or Mainprize, or until he shall pay unto the Sheriff of that County the Sum of Five pounds for the use of His Majesty, or until he shall by the Lord Treasurer, Chancellor, or Under-Treasurer, or Court of Exchequer be thence discharged.

Car-men, Water-men, &c. assisting in conveying away of Goods, how to be fined, and to suffer.

Penalty for the first Offence.

Penalty for the second Offence.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, shall be Shipped or put on Board to be carried forth to the open Sea from any one Port, Creek or Member in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, to be landed at any other place of this Realm, without a Sufferance or Warrant first had and obtained from the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed for managing the Customs, and Officers of His Majesties Customs, all such Wares and Merchandises

Goods landed from Port to Port without Warrant or Sufferance, confiscated.

ſes ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and that the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel that ſhall lade or take in any ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes, in any Port, Member, or Creek within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town and Port of Berwick, to be landed and diſcharged in ſome other Port, Member, or Creek of the ſaid Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town and Port of Berwick, ſhall before the Ship or Veſſel be removed or carried out of the Port (where he ſhall take in his Lading) take out a Cocquet or Cocquets, and become bound to the Kings Majeſty with good Security, in the value of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſes aforeſaid, for delivery and diſcharge thereof in the Port or place for which the ſame ſhall be entred, as aforeſaid, or in ſome other Port or place within the ſaid Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, and (the danger and accidents of the Seas excepted) to return a Certificate within Six Moneths after the Date of ſuch Cocquet and Cocquets, under the Hands and Seals of the Kings Majeſties Officers, Signed alſo by ſome of the ſaid perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing the Cuſtoms, or their Deputy or Deputies, in every reſpective Ports, Members or Creeks where the ſame ſhall be landed and diſcharged, to His Majeſties Officers of the Cuſtoms to whom ſuch Security hath been given as aforeſaid, that ſuch Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſes were there landed, and diſcharged accordingly, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of the Bond and Security aforeſaid. Cocquets to be taken out, and Bonds to be entred into for Coaſt goods. The forfeiture.

And be it hereby further Enacted, That if any Officer of any Port, Member or Creek, ſhall grant or make any falſe Certificate of any Goods or Merchandiſes which ſhould have been landed out of any Ship or Veſſel, that ſuch Officer ſhall loſe his Imployment, and moreover forfeit the Sum of Fifty pounds, and ſuffer one years Impriſonment without Bayl or Mainprize, and be uncapable of ſerving His Majeſty in any place of Truſt concerning His Cuſtoms, and be further liable to ſuch Corporal puniſhment as the Court of Exchequer ſhall think fit; And if any perſon whatſoever ſhall Counterfeit, Raſe, or Falſi- Penalty of an Officer granting a falſe Certificate.

Warrants falsified to be invalid, with a penalty on the Offenders.

ſie any Cocquet, Certificate, or Return, Tranſire, Let-paſs, or any other Cuſtom-houſe Warrant, he ſhall forfeit One hundred pounds, and the Cocquet, Certificate, or Return ſhall be invalid and of none effect; And if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes brought or coming into any Port, Haven, or Creek, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, from any other Port, Haven, or Creek, within the Kingdom of England, or Dominions aforeſaid, by Port, Cocquet, Tranſire, Let-paſs, or Certificate, in Ships or Veſſels, ſhall be Landed or put on Shore before ſuch Cocquet, Tranſire, Let-paſs, or Certificate, ſhall be delivered to ſuch perſon or perſons which are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty for managing His Cuſtoms, the Cuſtomer or Collector, and Controller of the Port or place of their Arrival, or to their Deputy or Deputies, and a Warrant or Sufferance made and given from ſuch perſon or perſons, Cuſtomer, or Collector and Controller, or their Deputy and Deputies aforeſaid, for the Landing and diſcharging thereof.

A Clauſe concerning Goods exported no Cuſtoms paid.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes, for which the Duties of Subſidy or Cuſtom are due and payable to the Kings Majeſty, ſhall be ſecretly conveyed on Board any Ship or Veſſel before the Cuſtom and Subſidy thereof be duly anſwered and paid, and ſhall eſcape the diſcovery thereof by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or others, and be carried into the parts beyond the Seas; in ſuch caſe the Owners or Proprietors of ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes, or other perſon or perſons who ſhall have ſo Shipped, or cauſed the ſame to be Shipped and Tranſported, ſhall forfeit the double value of the Goods, computed according to the Book of Rates, except for Coal, which ſo ſecretly Exported as aforeſaid, ſhall pay double the Cuſtom and Duty, to be Collected and Levied in ſuch manner as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed.

The Forfeiture.

The Clauſe for preventing.

We it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for preventing of Frauds in Colouring of Strangers Goods, and otherwiſe, Every

ry Merchant or other, passing any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises, Inwards or Outwards, shall by himself or his known Servant, Factor, or Agent, subscribe one of his Bills of every Entry, with the Mark, Number, and Contents of every parcel of such Goods as are Rated to pay by the Piece or Measure, and Weight of the whole Parcel of such Goods as are Rated to pay by the Weight, without which the Officers of the Customs shall not suffer any Entry to pass; And that no Children of Aliens under the age of Twenty one years be permitted to be Traders, or any Goods or Merchandises to be entred in their Names. Colouring of strangers goods. Aliens children under the age of 21 years not permitted to trade.

Be it also hereby Enacted, That upon any Actions, Suits, and Informations, that shall be brought, commenced, or entred upon any Law or Statute concerning the Kings Majesties Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, or Ships or Goods to be forfeited by reason of unlawful Importation or Exportation, there shall not be any party Jury, but such onely as are the natural and free-born Subjects of the King, His Heirs or Successors. Actions, and Suits against the Officers &c. Deputies.

And whereas Allowances given to Merchants and others for Defects and Damages upon Goods, and Five per Centum generally upon all Goods Imported, and Twelve per Centum upon Wines, every Merchant or others having the aforesaid Allowances Inwards, shall in person upon Oath by himself, or by his known Servant or Factor, demand and receive the Moneys due upon Debentures for such Foreign Goods exported by such Certificate, with such Abatements and Allowances as were made and given to him upon the Importation; and if he be found fraudulently to ship out less in quantity or value then is expressed in his Certificate, the Goods therein mentioned, or the value thereof shall be forfeited; and the Owner or Merchant shall lose the benefit of receiving back any part of the Subsidy for those Goods: And if any Goods shipped out by Certificate, as aforesaid, shall be landed again in the same, or any other Port or place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, (unless in case of Distress to save the Goods from perishing, which shall be presently made known to the person or persons which Allowances given to Merchants for defective and damaged goods, and 5 per Cent. &c. shall be abated upon Debentures. The forfeiture for shipping out less then is expressed in the Certificate. The penalty for landing in England goods

are

Shipped out by Certificate.

are or shall be appointed by His Majesty to manage His Customs, and principal Officers of the Port) no Allowance shall be demanded or made for those Goods, and the said Goods, or value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost.

Goods coming out, and going to Scotland.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandise that shall be brought out of, or carried into the Kingdom of Scotland by Land, into or out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, shall pass and be carried by and through some of the Towns and Passages hereafter named, (That is to say) by and through Berwick or Carlisle, and then and there pay the Custom and Subsidy granted and due to the Kings Majesty, by an Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandise Exported and Imported: And if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise prohibited, or uncustomed, coming out of Scotland into England, or going out of England into Scotland, shall pass by or beyond the Towns, Ports and Places aforenamed, without due Entry and payment of the Customs, That then all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost.

The Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage confirmed.

At what places Goods and Merchandise shall be shipped or landed.

And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament, in the First year of Queen Elizabeth of famous memory, directing when and where Merchandise shall be landed, and Customs paid, it is amongst divers other things Enacted and Ordained, That no Goods, Wares, or Merchandise shall be shipped or loaden aboard any Ship or Vessel, or landed or discharged out of, or from any Ship or Vessel, but in, or upon some such open Place, Key, or Wharf, Places, Keys, or Wharfs, (except the Port of Hull) as Her Highness, Her Heirs and Successors should therefore assign or appoint by vertue of Her Highness Commission or Commissions within the Port of London, and in all Ports, Creeks, Havens, or Roads, as in and by the said Act doth, and may at large appear; And whereas, notwithstanding the aforesaid Act, there are some Ports, Creeks and Places where Customers, Collectors, and Controllers

Controllers and Searchers, and their Servants had then, time out of mind, been resident, to which no such Commissions were sent, nor Places, Keys, nor Wharfs appointed, as by the said Act was directed; And whereas also since that time, by reason of the alteration of Rivers, Streams, Channels, and Sands, some places then appointed are become unfit and useless, and others much more convenient and commodious, as well for Traffick and Commerce, as for landing and discharging, lading, and shipping of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise; It is Enacted and Ordained, and be it Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That the King's Majesty may from time to time by His Highness Commission or Commissions out of His Court of Exchequer, assign and appoint all such further Places, Ports, Members and Creeks, (except the Town of Hull) as shall be lawful for the landing and discharging, lading or shipping of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and to what Antient and Head-Ports respectively, such Places, Members or Creeks shall belong and appertain; And where any such Member, Creek or Place shall be so (as aforesaid) appointed by vertue of the said Commission or Commissions, the Customer, Collector, Controller and Searcher of the Head-Port, shall by themselves, or their sufficient Deputy or Deputies, Servant or Servants, reside and inhabit for the entring, clearing, and passing, shipping, and discharging of Ships, Goods, and Merchandise; And by vertue of the aforesaid Commission or Commissions may likewise set down and appoint the Extents, Bounds and Limits of every Port, Haven, or Creek, within His Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, whereby the Extents, Limits, and Privileges of every Port, Haven, and Creek may be ascertained and known: And it shall not be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever, to lade, or put, or cause to be laden or put off from any Key, Wharf, or other place on the Land, into any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or Bottom, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise whatsoever, (Fish taken by His Majesties Subjects, Sea-coal,

The King by His Commission may appoint lawful Keys, &c. for the shipping and landing of Goods.

No Goods to be laden or discharged, but at such lawful places.

Exception.

Stone

Stone, and Beſtials onely excepted) to be Tranſported into any place of the parts beyond the Seas, or carried by Land into the Realm of Scotland, or to take up, diſcharge, or lay on Land, or cauſe, or procure to be taken up, diſcharged, and laid on Land out of any Boat, Lighter, Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, (being not in Leak or Wreck) any Goods, Wares or Merchandiſe whatſoever (Fiſh taken by His Majeſties Subjects, Beſtials, and Salt onely excepted) to be brought from any of the parts beyond the Seas, or by Land from the Realm of Scotland, by way of Merchandiſe, but onely upon ſuch open Place, Key or Wharf, Places, Keys or Wharfs, as His Majeſty ſhall from time to time aſſign and appoint by vertue of ſuch Commiſſion and Commiſſions as aforeſaid, in His Majeſties Port of London, and the Members and Liberties thereof, in any other Port, Place, Member or Creek within His Majeſties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick, without ſpecial Sufferance and Leave firſt had from the Commiſſioners and Officers of His Majeſties Cuſtoms, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of all ſuch Goods, Wares and Merchandiſe.

The Penalty.

None allowed to make Seiſure of Goods, but ſuch as ſhall be authorized.

And for as much as it doth appear by daily experience, That there are great Practices and Combinations between the Importers and Owners of Goods and Merchandiſes, and the Seizers and Informers, with deſign and intent to defraud the force of the Law, and His Majeſty of His Duties and Cuſtoms; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Ship or Ships, Goods, Wares or Merchandiſe ſhall be ſeiſed as forfeited, for or by reaſon of unlawful Importation or Exportation, into, or out of this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, or any the Ports, Members or Creeks thereunto belonging, or for not payment of any Cuſtoms or Subſidies now due, or hereafter to be due and payable to His Majeſty, but by the perſon or perſons who are or ſhall be appointed by His Majeſty to manage His Cuſtoms, or Officers of His Majeſties Cuſtoms for the time being, or ſuch other perſon or perſons as ſhall be deputed

puted and authorized thereunto by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer, or Under-Treasurer, or by Special Commission from His Majesty under the Great or Privy Seal; And if any Seizure shall hereafter be made by any other person or persons whatsoever, for any the Causes aforesaid, such Seizure shall be void and of none effect; Any Statute, Law, Act, or Provision to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every Action, Suit, Indictment, Information or Prosecution, wherein or whereby the person or persons which are or shall be appointed by His Majesty for managing His Customs, or the Officers of His Majesties Customs, or any Officer or Officers, person or persons Authorized by His Majesty to put in execution the Act of Parliament For encreasing and encouraging of Navigation, their Deputies or Servants, or any others acting in aid of them, have been, are, or shall be Sued, Indicted, Prosecuted or Molested, it shall be lawful for all and every the said persons, their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, to plead the General Issue, and to give this or the aforesaid Acts of Parliament relating to the Customs and Navigation, in Evidence, in any of His Majesties Courts of Justice, or other Courts where the said Matter shall be depending; and the Judges of the said Courts are hereby strictly enjoyned and required to admit the same, and to acquit and indempnifie them and every of them, of, and from all such Suits, Indictments, Informations, or Prosecutions, for, or concerning any matter or thing acted or done in the due and necessary performance and execution of their respective Trusts and Imployments therein.

Officers may plead the General Issue, and give this or other Custom-Acts in evidence, and the Judge to allow thereof.

Be it hereby also Enacted for avoiding of fraudulent Compositions, That if any Seizer, Informer, or Officer as aforesaid, shall not prosecute to effect for the bringing to Tryal and Condemnation the Ships, Goods, and Merchandise by them Seized or Informed against; That then and in every such case, it shall be lawful to or for any of the person or persons which are or shall be appointed by His Majesty for the managing His Customs, or the Officers of the Customs, or other person or persons deputed by them, or thereunto Autho-

Penalty in case of fraudulent compositions or non-prosecution of Seizures.

Authorized by the Lord Treasurer, or Under-Treasurer to make Seizure of, or Inform against such Goods and Merchandise, or bring his Action for the same by way of Devenerunt, and that they shall be esteemed and adjudged in Law as the true first Informers and Seizers, and have the benefit of such Informers or Seizers; Any Law, Statute, Act or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

No Informer to compound under a Third.

And that no Informer or Officer be suffered to Compound under one Third of the apprais'd value, upon loss of his Office.

Penalty of such Officers as shall take Bribes or Rewards, &c.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the Kings Majesties Officers, or other persons appointed to manage His Majesties Customs, Searchers, Waiters, or other person or persons whatsoever deputed and appointed by, and under them, or any of them, or any other Authority whatsoever, and imployed in or about the Affairs of the Kings Customs and Subsidies, shall directly or indirectly take or receive any Bribe, Recompence or Reward, in any kind whatsoever, or connive at any false Entry of any Goods or Merchandises, whereby the Kings Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be defrauded or hindred, in, or of His Customs and Subsidies, or other Sums of Money or Goods prohibited by the Law to be Imported or Exported into or out of the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Town and Port of Berwick, be suffered to pass either by way of Importation, or Exportation, the person or persons therein offending shall forfeit the sum of One hundred pounds, and be for ever afterwards incapable of any Office or Imployment under the Kings Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or any Authority derived from them; as also the Merchant, Mariner, or other person or persons whatsoever, who shall give or pay any such Bribe, Recompence or Reward, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty pounds.

What the person corrupting an Officer shal forfeit.

The persons offending, revealing, to be cleared.

Provided nevertheless, That if any person or persons offending as aforesaid, shall reveal and make known such his or their Offence in Two Months time to the Treasurer of England, the Chancellor, Under-Treasurer, or Barons of the Exchequer, he shall for that

Offence

Offence be clearly acquitted and discharged.

And be it further Enacted, That all Foreign Goods and Merchandise which by the person or persons which are or shall be appointed by His Majesty for the managing of the Customs, and the Customer, Collector, and Controller, shall be permitted to be landed and taken up by Bills at sight, Bills at view or sufferance, shall be landed at the most convenient Keys or Wharfs where the said person or persons so to be appointed Customer, or Collector and Controller, shall appoint, and not elsewhere, and there or in His Majesties Storehouse of the respective Ports, at the Election of the said person or persons so to be appointed, and Officers, shall be measured, weighed and numbred, by and in the presence of the Officers to be thereunto particularly appointed; which said Officers so appointed shall perfect the Entry, and thereunto shall subscribe their Names, and the next day following shall give Account, and make Report of every respective Entry so perfected as aforesaid, to the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed to manage His Majesties Customs, Customer, or Collector and Controller aforesaid, without reasonable cause to be allowed by the said person or persons, or Officers aforesaid, or in default thereof, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred pounds.

Foreign Goods landed by Bills at sight, &c.

Who shall perfect those Entries.

The forfeiture.

Be it also Enacted, That no Ship, Vessel or Boat, appointed and imployed ordinarily for the Carriage of Letters and Packquets, shall (unless it be in such cases as shall be allowed by the said person or persons which are or shall be appointed to manage His Majesties Customs, or Officers aforesaid) Import or Export any Goods or Merchandise, into, or out of the parts beyond the Seas, upon the penalty of the forfeiture of One hundred pounds to be paid by the Master of the said Vessel or Boat, with the loss of his place; and all Goods and Merchandise that shall be found on Board any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be forfeited and lost.

The penalty of Packquet-boats, &c. to carry Merchandise.

And whereas some Doubts and Disputes have arisen concerning the said late Act, For encreasing and encouraging of Shipping and Navigation, about some of the Goods therein prohibited

What goods may be Imported from

the Netherlands or Germany, and in what Ships.

hibited to be brought from Holland, and the Parts and Ports thereabouts; Be it Enacted and Declared, That no sort of Wines (other then Rhenish) no sort of Spicery, Grocery, Tobacco, Pot-ashes, Pitch, Tar, Salt, Rozen, Deal-boards, Fir, Timber, or Olive-Oyl, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or Berwick, from the Netherlands or Germany, upon any pretence whatsoever, in any sort of Ships or Vessels whatsoever, upon penalty of the loss of all the said Goods, as also of the Ships and Furniture.

The penalty.

Forfeitures of such as shall not conform in the payment of 5 s. per Ton on French Vessels.

And whereas also by the said Acts For the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, an Imposition of Five shillings per Ton is laid upon all Ships or Vessels belonging to any Subjects of the French King, which shall come into any Port, Harbour, Creek or Road of England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and shall there lade or unlade any Goods, or take in or set on shore any Passengers; Yet notwithstanding there is great difficulty in recovering the said Duty, because small Shallops come not into Harbours where Officers are, but either put their Goods and Passengers on shore, or Boats come out of Harbors, which privately convey them on shore, there being no penalty in the Act against such Offenders; Be it therefore Enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel upon which the abovesaid Imposition of Five shillings per Ton is due and payable, which shall either put on shore, or put over into any Boat any Goods or Passengers, without payment of Custom and Imposition of Tonnage, at any time returning into any Harbor, Port or Creek of England or Ireland, shall not onely pay the Duties formerly due, but forfeit the sum of Ten pounds; And whatsoever Pilot, Water-man or Boat-man which shall from any Harbor, Port or Creek, go out and bring any Goods from on Board such Vessel, shall not onely be liable to pay the Duty of Tonnage which the said Vessel should have paid, but forfeit the sum of Fourty pounds.

What shall be paid for Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Si-

Be it also hereby Enacted, That Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Sider, and Sider-eager, of any sort or kind whatsoever, Imported from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred fifty and two, from Foreign

reign Parts, is hereby rated to pay to the Kings Majesty a Subsidy of Tonnage of Four pounds Ten shillings per Ton, Imported by English, and Six pounds Imported by Strangers, according to the Rate already imposed and set upon French Wines, to be Collected and Levied in such time and in such manner as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed; And the same are by vertue of this Act eronerated and discharged of all further and other Sums heretofore set or charged upon those Commodities, by or under the Name of Subsidy or Poundage; and in case of Exportation there shall be repaid and allowed to the English-man Exporter, the Sum of Three pounds ten shillings per Ton, and to the Alien Four pounds fifteen shillings per Ton to be repaid according to the Rules of the Book of Rates now established.

der, and Sider-eager Imported. By English 4 l. 10 s. By Strangers 6 l.

What shall be repaid upon exportation of Vinegar, Perry, &c.

And whereas the Ingenious Industry of these times have taught the Dyers of England the Art of fixing the Colours made of Logwood, alias Blockwood, so as that by experience they are found as lasting and serviceable as the Colours made with any other sort of Dying-wood whatsoever; And whereas by a Statute made in the three and twentieth year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth of famous Memory, Intituled, Logwood and Blockwood shall not be used in Dying of Cloth, &c. And by another Statute made in the Nine and thirtieth year of the aforesaid Queen Elizabeth (Intituled, The Penalty for mixing or using of Logwood in Dying Cloth or other Stuff) all Logwood, alias Blockwood, that shall be found within this Kingdom, shall be forfeited and openly burned, with divers other Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures upon such as shall use the same in Dying Cloth or other Commodities, as by the said several Acts aforesaid may and doth appear: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Statutes, and either of them, be and are hereby Repealed and made void as to all Clauses, Articles, Provisions, and Penalties in any wise relating to the prohibition or use of Logwood, alias Blockwood; And that from and after the First day of February, One thousand six hundred sixty and one, It shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons

Logwood to be freely Imported, with a Repeal of Statutes prohibiting the same.

sons, freely to Import into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, any quantities of Logwood, alias Blockwood, and freely to use the same in Dying or Colouring any sort of Goods or Manufacture whatsoever, The aforesaid two Statutes, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, Custom, Patent of Priviledge, Proclamation, or other Restraint, Matter or Thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Logwood to be Imported according to the Rules in the Act of Navigation.

Provided, That such Importation be according to the Rules prescribed and enjoyned in the late Act, Intituled, An Act for encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, and paying a Subsidy to the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors for every Ton of the said Logwood, alias Blockwood, so to be Imported, after the Rate of five pounds, and after that Rate for any greater or lesser quantity, according to such Rules, and under such Penalties as are provided for all other Imported Goods in a late Act, Intituled, An Act of Subsidy granted to the King, of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandise Exported and Imported, (Excepting only that for all of the said Commodities Exported according to the Rules of the Book of Rates, there shall be repaid to the Exporter the Sum of Four pounds per Ton, the said Rate for Logwood, alias Blockwood, to be Collected and Levied for such time, and in such manner, as by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage is directed and appointed.

What duty shall be paid for Logwood.

What shall be repaid upon its Exportation.

Actions upon the Act for Navigation may be prosecuted in the Exchequer.

And be it further Enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Informations, to be had and commenced upon the Act, For the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, or any Clause or Article therein, may be entred and prosecuted in His Majesties Court of Exchequer at Westminster, That upon all such Suits and Informations to be brought upon the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and the Act aforesaid, or any other Act or Statute concerning the Importation of Goods or Merchandise from the parts beyond the Seas, if the property thereof be claimed by any person or persons as the Importer thereof; in such case Onus Probandi shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof; Provided, that in case the

The Onus Probandi to lie on the Claimer of the Goods.

Seizure

Seizure or Information shall be made upon any Clause or Thing contained in the late Act, Intituled, An Act for the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, that then the Defendant or Defendants shall on his or their request, have a Commission out of the High Court of Chancery to examine Witnesses beyond the Seas, and have a competent time allowed for the return thereof before any Tryal shall be had upon the Case, according to the distance of place where such Commission or Commissions are to be executed (and that the Examination of Witnesses so returned shall be admitted for Evidence in Law at the Tryal) as if it had been given Viva voce by the Examinate in Court; Any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Liberty given to examine Witnesses beyond Sea, as to what concerns the Act of Navigation.

And be it also Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Writ of delivery shall be granted out of the Court of Exchequer for Goods seized, but upon good Security, and that for Goods perishable onely, or in cases where the Informer shall defer or delay his coming to as speedy a Tryal as the course of that Court will permit, and shall be thereby Ordered and directed. In what cases Writs of Delivery shall be granted.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That one Moyety of all the Forfeitures before in this Act mentioned and appointed, shall be to the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. and the other Moiety to such person or persons as shall Seize or Sue for the same by Bill, Plaint or Information, in His Majesties Court of Exchequer, or any other His Majesties Courts of Record, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. The one moiety of Forfeitures to be to the Officer, the other to the King.

And be it further Enacted and Ordained, That all Officers belonging to the Admiralty, Captains and Commanders of Ships, Forts Castles and Block-houses, as also all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Baylifs, Constables and Headboroughs, and all the Kings Majesties Officers, Ministers, and Subjects whatsoever whom it may concern, shall be aiding and assisting to all and every person and persons which are or shall be appointed by His Majesty to manage his Customs, and the Officers of His Majesties Customs, and their respective Deputies, in the due Execution of Assistance enjoyned.

of all and every Act and thing in and by this present Act required and enjoyned; And all such who shall be aiding and assisting unto them in the due Execution hereof, shall be defended and saved harmless by vertue of this Act.

All persons imployed in the Customs, to take an Oath.

And be it hereby also Enacted, That all Deputies, Clerks and Servants, which now have any Place or Office in or about the Customs and Subsidies by and under the Commissioners, or other the Kings Officers thereof, shall before the First day of June next, take their respective corporal Oath and Oaths for the true and faithful Execution and discharge, to the best of their knowledge and power, of their several Trusts and Imployments committed to their Charge and Inspection: And that no person or persons shall hereafter be imployed or put in trust in the business of the Customs, until he shall first have taken his Oath as aforesaid; and the Commissioners and principal Officers in the Port of London, and the principal Officers in all other the Out-Ports, or any Two of them, are hereby Authorized to Administer and give to all and every person or persons such Oath and Oaths, as aforesaid, and to cause the same to be Entred and Registred in the Custom-house of every respective Port where the person so taking the Oath, as aforesaid, shall have his Residence and Imployment.

The Commissioners, &c. have power to Administer the Oath.

No other or greater Fees to be taken then what is established.

Due dispatches to be given.

Goods not to be illegally detained.

Re-payments and Allowances to be made.

Penalty.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person imployed in His Majesties Customs, shall demand or take any other or greater Sum of Money then by Law is now due, or hereafter shall become due, or shall put any Merchant or other person out of his turn, without express Order before, or immediate approbation after, from the person or persons who are or shall be appointed by His Majesty to manage his Customs, or the Superior Officers for the Customs, or shall illegally detain the Goods of any person, or shall neglect or refuse to make Repayments and Allowances which are or shall be due since the Four and twentieth of June, One thousand six hundred and sixty, or shall not after Notice given, give out and execute his Warrant, shall be liable to double Costs and Damages.

And for the better increase of good and serviceable Shipping, and securing the Publick

Trade

Trade and Commerce, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Merchant or other person, that shall after the Nine and twentieth day of September, One thousand six hundred sixty and two, Export any Goods or Merchandises from any Port of this Kingdom capable of a Ship or Vessel of Two hundred Ton upon an ordinary full Sea, to any part or place of the Mediterranean Sea beyond the Port of Malaga, or Import any Goods or Merchandise from the Ports or Places aforesaid, to any Port of this said Kingdom, in any Ship or Vessel that hath not Two Decks, and doth carry less then Sixteen Pieces of Ordnance mounted together, with Two men for each Gun, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall pay to our Sovereign Lord the King for all and every the Wares and Merchandises so Exported or Imported, One per Centum over and above the Rates and Duties of Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage otherwise due and payable for the same; Any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

One per Cent. to be paid for Goods Exported or Imported from the Mediterranean beyond Malaga in a Ship that hath not two Decks, &c.

Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful to Export from any of His Majesties Dominions, Fish into any the Ports of the Mediterranean Sea aforesaid, in any English Ship or Vessel whatsoever, Provided that one Moiety of her full Lading be Fish onely, and in such case to Import any Wares, or Merchandize in the same Ship for that Voyage, without paying any other Rates or Duties of Tonnage or Poundage for the same then were heretofore accustomed.

Except one Moiety of her Lading be Fish.

And for the better encouragement of building good and defensible Ships, Be it Enacted, That all and every person or persons that shall within the space of Seven years, from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred sixty two. build or cause to be built within any of His Majesties Dominions, any Ship or Vessel of Three Decks, or Two Decks and a half, with a Fore-castle, and Five Foot between each Deck, mounted with Thirty Pieces of Ordnance at least, and other Ammunition proportionable, shall for the first Two Voyages which the said Ship or Ships make from His Majesties Dominions to any Foreign parts, have and receive to his and their

Building of Ships.

own proper use and benefit, one Tenth part of the Customs that shall be paid to His Majesty for all such Goods or Merchandises as shall be Exported or Imported on the said Ship or Ships to and from this Kingdom; And the Commissioners and Officers of His Majesties Customs are hereby impowred and required to pay the same to the Owner or Owners of the said Ship or Ships accordingly.

Salt Imported from Scotland, to pay one Half-peny per Gallon.

Provided always, and be it hereby Declared and Enacted, That from and after the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred sixty two, all Salt which shall be brought out of the Kingdom of Scotland into this Kingdom, the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall yield and pay, and is hereby made chargeable to yield and pay unto the Kings Majesty, one Half-peny upon every Gallon of such Imported Salt of Winchester measure at the landing thereof; Any thing in this present Act, or any former or other Law, Statute or Order to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Anno

Anno XIV
CAROLI II. Regis.

Certain Clauſes relating to the Cuſtoms, ſpecified in an Act Intituled, An Act for preventing Abuſes in Printing Seditious, Treaſonable, and Unlicenſed Books and Pamphlets, &c.

AND be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Merchant of Books, and Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who doth, or hereafter ſhall Import or bring any Book or Books into this Realm from any parts beyond the Seas, ſhall Import the ſame in the Port of London onely, and not elſewhere, without the ſpecial Licenſe of the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and Biſhop of London for the time being, or one of them, who are hereby Authorized to grant Licenſes for that purpoſe; and ſhall before ſuch time as the ſame Book or Books, or any of them be delivered forth, or out of his or their hand or hands, or expoſed to Sale, give and preſent a true Note or Catalogue in Writing of all and every ſuch Book or Books, unto the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and Lord Biſhop of London for the time being, or to one of them; and no Merchant or other perſon or perſons whatſoever, which ſhall import or bring any Book or Books into the Port of London aforeſaid, from any Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall preſume to open any Dry-Fats, Bales, Packs, Maunds, or other Fardles of Books, or wherein Books are; nor ſhall any Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe, upon pain of loſing his or their

All Books from beyond Sea ſhall be brought to the Port of London onely.

No Dry-Fats, &c. to be opened or uttered until

viewed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, Bishop of London, or some other by one of them appointed.

place or places, suffer the same to pass, or to be delivered out of his or their hands or Custody, before such time as the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, or one of them, shall have appointed some Scholar or Learned man, with one or more of the said Company of Stationers, and such others as they shall call to their Assistance, to be present at the opening thereof, and to view the same; And if there shall happen to be found any Heretical, Seditious, Scandalous, Schismatical, or other dangerous or offensive Book or Books, or any part of such Book or Books Printed in English, they shall forthwith be brought to the said Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and Lord Bishop of London for the time being, or to one of them, or to some Publick Place to be Assigned and chosen by the said Lord Archbishop, and Lord Bishop for the time being, to the end the person and persons which Importeth, or causeth the said offensive Books to be Imported, may be proceeded against as an Offender against this present Act; And also that such further course may be taken concerning the same offensive Book or Books, as by the said Lord Archbishop and Bishop for the time being, shall be thought fitting for the suppressing thereof.

Heretical, Seditious, or dangerous Books Imported, how to be proceeded upon.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall within this Kingdom, or elsewhere, Imprint or cause to be Imprinted, nor shall Import or bring in, or cause to be Imported or brought into this Kingdom, from or out of any other His Majesties Dominions, nor from any other parts beyond the Seas, any Copy or Copies, Book or Books, or part of any Book or Books, or Forms of blank Bills or Indentures for any His Majesties Islands, Printed beyond the Seas, or elsewhere, which any person or persons by force or vertue of any Letters Patents granted or assigned, or which shall hereafter be granted or assigned to him or them, or (where the same are not granted by any Letters Patens) by force or vertue of any Entry or Entries thereof duly made or to be made in the Register-Book of the said Company of Stationers, or in the Register-Book of either of the Universities respectively, have, or shall have the Right, Priviledge, Authority or Allowance, solely to Print,

Copies of Books, Forms of blank Bills or Indentures, whereof any have Letters Patents for sole Printing.

Print, without the consent of the Owner or Owners of such Book or Books, Copy or Copies, Form or Forms of such blank Bills, nor shall Bind, Stitch, or put to Sale any such Book or Books, or part of any Book or Books, Form or Forms, without the like consent, upon pain of loss and forfeiture of the same, and of being proceeded against as an Offender against this present Act, and upon the further penalty and forfeiture of Six shillings eight pence for every such Book or Books, or part of such Book or Books, Copy or Copies, or Form or Forms of any such Blank Bills or Indentures so Imprinted or Imported, Bound, Stitched, or put to Sale; The Moiety of which said forfeiture and forfeitures shall be to the use of our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the use of the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Copy or Copies, Book or Books, or Form of such blank Bills or Indentures, if he or they shall Sue for the same within Six Moneths next after such Imprinting, Importing, Binding, Stitching, or putting to Sale; And in default of such Suit by the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, commenced within the said Six Moneths, Then the same Moiety shall be to the use and behoof of such other person or persons as within the space of one year next after the said Offence committed, shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesties Courts of Record held at Westminster, called the Kings Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, wherein no Essoyn, Wager of Law, or Protection shall be allowed to the Defendant or Defendants. The Penalty.

And for that Printing is, and for many years hath been an Art and Manufacture of this Kingdom, Therefore for the better encouraging thereof, and the prevention of divers Libels, Pamphlets, and Seditious Books Printed beyond the Seas in English, and thence Transported into this Realm; Be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That no Merchant, Book-seller, or other person or persons whatsoever, shall Imprint, or cause to be Imprinted beyond the Seas, nor shall Import or bring, nor knowingly assist or consent to the Importation or bringing from Printing an Art and Manufacture.

No English Books may be Imprinted or Imported from beyond Sea.

beyond the Seas into this Realm, any English Book or Books, or part of any Book which is or shall be, or the greater part thereof is or shall be English, or of the English Tongue, whether the same Book, Books, or part of such Book have been here formerly Printed or not,

The Penalty.

upon pain of forfeiture of all such English Books so Imprinted or Imported, contrary to the tenor hereof: And that no Alien or Foreigner whatsoever shall hereafter bring in, or be suffered to vend here within this Realm, any Book or Books Printed beyond the Seas in any Language whatsoever, either by himself or his Factor or Factors, except such onely as be Free Printers or Stationers of London, or such as have been brought up in that Profession, without the special License of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Bishop of London for the time being, or one of them, who are hereby Authorized to grant Licenses for that purpose, upon like pain of forfeiture of all such Books as shall be so Imprinted or Vended contrary to the purport and true intent hereof.

Anno

Anno XIV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act to restrain the Exportation of Leather, and Raw Hides out of the Realm of *England*.

WHereas notwithstanding the many good Laws before this time made, and still in force, prohibiting the Exportation of Leather out of this Realm, and the Penalty by those Acts imposed, by the cunning and subtilty of some persons, and the neglect of others, who ought to take care thereof, there are such quantities of Leather daily Exported to Foreign Parts, that the Price of Leather is grown to those excessive Rates, that many Artificers working Leather, cannot furnish themselves with sufficient store thereof, for the carrying on of their Trades; and the poor sort of people are not able to buy those things made of Leather, which of necessity they must make use of:

For redress of which Grievs, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, That from and after the First day of May now next ensuing, no person or persons whatsoever shall carry or transport, or cause to be carried or transported out of England into Scotland, Ireland, or into any of the Isles belonging to this Kingdom, or to any Parts beyond the Seas, the Skins or Hides tanned or untanned of any Ox, Steer, Bull, Cow or Calf, otherwise, or in any other manner, then is by this present Act directed. What Skins or Hides tanned may not be transported.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of the Skins or Hides aforesaid, which shall happen to be taken from any of the Beasts aforesaid, within any Island whatsoever, belonging to the Kingdom of England (except Ireland) shall be Transported out of that Island to any other place, but into the Kingdom of England, upon pain of forfeiture for every such Offence double the value of Skins or Hides so to be Transported out of the said Island, or any of them, to any other place then into the Kingdom of England; the same forfeiture to be sued for, and disposed as hereafter in this Act is directed.

The Penalty.

And for the better preventing of such mischiefs as are intended to be remedied by this Act, be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Red Tanned Leather made of the Hides or Skins of any of the Beasts aforesaid, of what kind or nature soever, shall be bought onely in the open and common Fair or Market used for the putting of Leather to Sale, and not in any House, Tanners Yard, Shop, or other Place whatsoever, on pain that such person or persons that shall not accordingly do the same, shall for every such Offence forfeit the same Leather, or the value thereof, and the Contract for the Sale thereof shall be void, and all such Leather shall be Searched and Sealed by the Searchers and Sealers thereunto appointed, before the same be put to Sale, and upon such Sale shall be Registred, and a true entry thereof made both by the Buyer and Seller, who are both to be present at such Registring thereof, and both their Names and Places of abode entred into the Book of the said Register, on pain that every such Buyer or Seller that shall not accordingly do the same, shall for every such Offence forfeit the same Leather, or the value thereof, and the forfeiture shall be recovered and imployed in such manner as hereafter in this Act is directed.

What Leather must be bought onely in open Fairs or Markets for selling Leather.

The Penalty.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be found guilty of the Transportation of any Leather, or Raw Hides of any of the Beasts aforesaid, (excepting such Calve-skins and Sheep-skins, dressed without the Wooll, as by Law may be Transported)

Penalty for Transportation of any Leather or Raw Hides.

contrary

contrary to the provision of this Act, he shall from thenceforth be disabled to Trade, or Deal in Leather for the future, and shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred pounds, to be sued for and disposed as hereafter in this Act is directed.

Provided nevertheless, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the prohibiting the Transportation of any Leather made into Boots, Shoes or Slippers, but that the same may be Transported: Any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Who may search and seize Leather or Hides intended to be Transported.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Masters and Wardens of the Cordwainers, Sadlers, Girdlers, and Curriers of the City of London, and their Deputies, and all Customers, Controllers, Farmers of Customs, Supervisors, Searchers, and other Officers belonging to the Customs, and to and for all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, and Chief Officers of Corporations within this Realm, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from time to time, as well by Land as Water, to search for, and seize any Leather, or Raw Hides wrought or unwrought, cut or uncut, packed up, or unpacked, intended or purposed to be Transported by any person or persons into any parts beyond the Seas, or into Scotland, other then Calves-skins, and Sheep-skins, as aforesaid.

Shaving of Leather by Tanners.

And whereas divers Tanners do shave, cut and rake their upper-leather Hides all over, and the Necks of their Backs and Butts, to the great impairing thereof, and the extream prejudice of the Kingdom; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Tanner, who after the Nine and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and two, shall commit any such Offence as aforesaid, shall forfeit all the said Leather, Backs, Butts, or Calve-skins so Shaved, Cut or Raked, or the Value thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Searchers and Sealers of Leather to seize the same.

The Penalty.

And be it further Enacted, That the Market for Leather in Leaden-hall in London, shall

Leaden-hall, London.

shall be kept on the Tuesday, as now it is; Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

How the Penalties shall be recovered.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures, and every Sum and Sums of Money for any Offence or Offences herein before mentioned, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, to be brought for the same in any Court or Courts at Westminster, in any Court or Courts of Record in the City, Town, County, or Place where the said Offence shall be committed, wherein no Wager of Law, Protection, or Essoyn shall be admitted, neither shall the same be removed out of the said County, City, or Town-Corporate; the one half of the said Forfeitures to be to the use of the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other half thereof to the use of the Informer or Informers that shall Sue for the same

Transportation of Leather declared a common Nusance.

Provided also, and be it Enacted, That all such Exportation, or Transportation of any Hides or Leather, contrary to this Act, is hereby adjudged and declared to be a common publick Nusance.

Leather for necessary use of Ships in Voyages

Provided nevertheless, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to prohibit the carrying or conveying of any such Hides or Leather which shall be used or imployed for the necessary use or Provision of any Ship or Vessel in any Voyage beyond the Seas, and which shall not be sold in any Foreign parts, so as the number do not exceed Six Raw Hids, and Three Tanned Hides.

Artificers dealing in cutting of Leather in London, or within three Miles thereof.

Provided always nevertheless, And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Artificer dealing in Cutting of Leather, or other person or persons whatsoever, which shall hereafter buy any Red Tanned Leather within the City of London, or Three Miles thereof, shall before the next Market-day with'n the said Place for Sale of Leather, give Notice thereof to One or more of the Company of Curriers then exercising and using the Art and Mystery of a Currier with'n the said City of London, and Three Miles thereof, and within Three Weeks after such Notice, shall deliver or cause to be deli-

vered

vered the said Leather so bought, except such part thereof as shall be used for Soals without being Curried, Tallowed or Dressed, unto the said Currier or Curriers, to whom such Notice was given, to the intent that the same may be Curried, Tallowed, or otherwise Dressed, as is directed and appointed by one Act made in the First year of King James, Chapter Twenty second, touching the Duty of Tanners, Curriers, Shoemakers, and others, upon penalty of the forfeiture of Six shillings eight pence for every Back, Butt, Hide, or Calves-skin so bought, and not delivered as aforesaid, for the uses, and to be recovered as aforesaid.

Leather used in London, or within 3 Miles, to be searched & allowed by the Wardens of the Curriers there.

And whereas it is Enacted amongst other things, by the said Act made in the First year of King James, That no Person or Persons shall by any means occupy, or put in any Made-wares within the City of London, or Three Miles of the same City, any Curried Leather before the same shall be searched and allowed by the Wardens of the Curriers of London for the time being, or such persons as they shall thereto Assign, and be Sealed with a Seal therefore to be prepared, upon pain that every Shoemaker and other Artificer, Cutter of Leather offending against that Article, should forfeit for every Hide or Skin otherwise Curried or imployed as is aforesaid, Six shillings eight pence, and the value of every such Hide or Skin; Be it therefore further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Master and Wardens of the Company of Curriers for the time being, or such persons as they shall thereto Assign, shall from time to time, and at all seasonable times in the day-time, enter into any Warehouse, Shop, Celler, or other place within the said City of London, or Three Miles of the same City, belonging unto any of the said Cordwainers, Sadlers, Girdlers, or other person or persons being Artificers, dealing in Cutting Leather, and in the presence of any Two or more of them to search for, and Seize all such Leather intended to be prohibited to be used by the said Clause, Branch or Article as aforesaid, as also for all Wares made of such Leather; And if any such person or persons, Artificers or Dealers, as aforesaid, shall op-

The Penalty.

Penalties for oppoſing the ſearching.

poſe, or refuſe to permit the ſaid Maſter and Wardens of the Company of Curriers, or ſuch perſons as they ſhall thereto aſſign, to make any ſuch ſearch or ſeiſure as aforeſaid, he or they ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence the ſum of Twenty pounds for the Uſes, and to be recovered as aforeſaid: And if any of the ſaid Artificers and Dealers in Cutting of Leather, do refuſe to be preſent with the ſaid Searchers, whenſoever the ſame ſhall be deſired by the ſaid Maſter and Wardens of the Company of the Curriers, or ſuch perſons thereto aſſigned by them as aforeſaid, then for every ſuch default the perſons ſo refuſing ſhall forfeit the ſum of Ten pounds for the Uſes, and to be recovered as aforeſaid.

Anno

Anno XIV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons, and Needle-work.

Whereas great number of the Inhabitants of this Kingdom are imployed in the making of Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, Needle-work, Fringe and Imbroideries, who by their Induſtry and Labour have attained and gained ſo great Skill and Dexterity in the making thereof, that they make as good of all ſorts thereof, as is made in any Foreign parts, by reaſon whereof, they have been heretofore able to relieve their poor Neighbours, and maintained their Families, and alſo enabled to ſet on work many poor Children, and other perſons who have very ſmall means or maintenance of Living, other then by their labours and endeavours in the ſaid Art: And whereas the perſons ſo imployed in the ſaid Myſtery have heretofore ſerved moſt parts of this Kingdom with Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Buttons, Needle-work and Imbroidery: And for the carrying on, and managing of the ſaid Trade, they have procured great quantities of Thread and Silk to be brought into the Kingdom from Foreign parts, whereby His Majeſties Cuſtoms and Revenues have been much advanced, until of late, that great quantities of Foreign Bone-lace, Band-ſtrings, Needle-work, Cut-work, Fringe, Silk, Bone-

lace,

lace, Buttons and Imbroidery were brought into this Kingdom by Forreigners, and Inhabitants of this Kingdom, and sold to Shopkeepers, and others, Dealers in the said Commodity, as well by Whole-sale as Retail, without ever entring of the same in any His Majesties Custom-houses, or paying any Duty or Custom for the same; by means whereof the said Trade and Calling is of late very much decayed, those Imployed in the said Calling very much impoverished, the Manufacture much decreased, and great quantities thereof already made, left on their hands that make it, His Majesty defrauded and deceived in His Customs, and many thousand poor people formerly kept on work in the said Art, like to perish for want of Imployment; there being daily great Sums of Money Exported out of this Kingdom, for the buying and fetching in of the said Commodity, to the great Impoverishment of the Nation by the Consumption of the Bullion and Treasure thereof, and contrary to several Statutes made in the First of King Richard the Third; in the Third of King Edward the Fourth; in the Nineteenth of King Henry the Seventh; and the Fifth of Queen Elizabeth; and to a late Proclamation made by His Majesty that now is, dated the Twentieth day of November last, for the putting the said Laws in Execution:

For redress whereof, and prevention of the like mischifes for the future, and the better relief, comfort and subsistance of those imployed in the said Art and Manufacture; And for the quickning, reviving, explaining, amending, and more effectual execution of the said Statutes, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by Authority of the same, That no person or persons whatsoever, shall from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, One thousand six hundred sixty two, sell, or cause to be sold, or offer to sale, within the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Export any Forreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work made of Thread, Silk, or any, or either of them in parts beyond the Seas, or Import,

bring

bring in, send or convey, or cause to be brought in, sent or conveyed into the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, any such Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Fringe, Imbroidery, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work made of Thread, Silk, or any, or either of them beyond the Seas, after the First day of May, which shall be in the said year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and two, upon pain, that all and every person or persons who shall sell or cause to be sold, or offer to sale any such Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work, shall forfeit and lose for every Offence by him committed contrary to this Act, the Sum of Fifty pounds, and the whole Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work so sold, or caused to be sold, or offered to sale; And upon further pain, That all and every person or persons who shall Import, bring in, send or convey, or cause to brought in, sent or conveyed into this Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, any such Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work, shall forfeit and lose for every Offence by him committed contrary to this Act, the Sum of One hundred pounds, and the whole Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work so Imported, brought in, sent or conveyed, or caused to be Imported, brought in, sent or conveyed contrary to the form and effect of this present Act as aforesaid; The Moieties of all which Forfeitures to be to the use of our Sovereign Lord the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Sue for the same in any of the Kings Courts of Record, by Bill, Plaint, Action of Debt, Information, or otherwise; wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, at every time, and as often as any person shall be found to offend in selling, importing, conveying or bringing in as aforesaid.

Foreign Bone-lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery, Fringe, Band-strings, prohibited to be sold or Imported from beyond Sea.

The Penalty.

One Moiety to the King, the other to the Prosecutor.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the preventing of the Importing of the said Manufactures as aforesaid, upon complaint and Information given to the Justices of the Peace, or any, or either of them

Every Justice of Peace may

grant Warrants to search for Manufactures prohibited by this Act.

them within their respective Counties, Cities, and Towns Corporate, at times reasonable, he or they are hereby Authorized and required to issue forth his or their Warrants to the Constables of their respective Counties, Cities and Towns Corporate, to enter and search for such Manufactures in the Shops being open, or Ware-houses and Dwelling-houses of such person or persons as shall be suspected to have any such Foreign Bone-laces, Imbroideries, Cut-work, Fringe, Band-strings, Buttons or Needle-work, within their respective Counties, Cities and Towns Corporate, and to Seize the same; Any Act, Statute or Ordinance to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The time limited for Actions upon this Act.

Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted and Declared, That all Informations, Actions and Suits that shall be commenced for any Offence committed against this Law, shall be brought and commenced within Twelve Moneths after the discovery of such Offence; Any former Act or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno

Anno XIV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for the Encouragement of Trade.

FOrasmuch as the Encouraging of Tillage ought to be in an especial manner regarded and endeavoured; And the surest and effectuallest means of promoting and advancing any Trade, Occupation, or Mystery, being by rendring it profitable to the Users thereof; And great quantities of Land within this Kingdom for the present lying in a manner waste, and yielding little, which might thereby be improved to considerable Profit and Advantage (if sufficient Encouragement were given for the laying out of Cost and Labor on the same) and thereby much more Corn produced, greater numbers of People, Horses and Cattel imployed, and other Land also rendred more Valuable: Tillage.

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority thereof; And it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the First day of September, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred fifty and three, and from thence forward when the Prices of Corn and Grain Winchester Measure, do not exceed the Rates hereafter following, at the Havens or Places where the same shall be Shipped or Loaden (viz.) The Quarter of Wheat, Eight and fourty shillings; The Quarter of Barley or Malt, Eight and twenty shillings; The Quarter of Buck-wheat, Eight and twenty shillings; The Quarter of Oats, Thirteen shillings Corn not exceeding certain Rates may be Transported.

ſhillings and four pence; The Quarter of Rye, Two and thirty ſhillings; The Quarter of Peaſe or Beans, Two and thirty ſhillings currant Engliſh Money: That then it ſhall be lawful for all and every perſon and perſons to Ship, Load, Carry and Tranſport any of the ſaid Corns or Grains from the Havens or Places where they ſhall be of ſuch Prices, unto any Parts beyond the Seas as Merchandize; Any Law, Statute or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding; paying ſuch Rates for the ſame, and none other, as are to be paid when the ſame might have been Tranſported by one Act paſſed this preſent Parliament, Entituled, A Subſidy granted to the King, of Tonnage and Poundage.

When Corn may be Imported, & what Cuſtom to be paid.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Prices of the aforeſaid Corns and Grains do not exceed the Rates above-mentioned reſpectively Wincheſter-meaſure, at the Haven or Place into which any of them ſhall be Imported from any part beyond the Seas, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage of every Quarter of Wheat, Five ſhillings and four pence; and for every Quarter of Rye four ſhillings; and for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, Two ſhillings and eight pence; and for every Quarter of Buck-wheat Two ſhillings; and for every Quarter of Oats, One ſhilling four pence; and for every Quarter of Peaſe or Beans, four ſhillings.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Prices of Corn or Grain Wincheſter-meaſure, do not exceed the Rates following, at the Markets, Havens, or Places where the ſame ſhall be bought, (viz.) The Quarter of Wheat Eight and fourty ſhillings; the Quarter of Rye Two and thirty ſhillings; the Quarter of Barley or Malt Eight and twenty ſhillings; the Quarter of Buck-wheat Eight and twenty ſhillings; the Quarter of Oats Thirteen ſhillings and four pence; the Quarter of Peaſe or Beans Two and thirty ſhillings: That then it ſhall be lawful for all and every perſon and perſons (not Foreſtalling nor Selling the ſame in the ſame Market within Three Moneths after the buying thereof) to buy in open Market, and to lay up and keep in his or their Granaries

or

or Houſes, and to ſell again ſuch Corn or Grain of the kinds aforeſaid, as without fraud or covin ſhall have been bought at or under the Prices before expreſſed, without incurring any Penalty; Any Law, Statute or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Plantations beyond the Seas.

And in regard His Majeſties Plantations beyond the Seas are inhabited and peopled by His Subjects of this His Kingdom of England; For the maintaining a greater Correſpondence and kindneſs between them, and keeping them in a firmer dependance upon it, and rendring them yet more beneficial and advantagious unto it, in the farther imployment and increaſe of Engliſh Shipping and Seamen, vent of Engliſh Woollen, and other Manufactures and Commodities, rendring the Navigation to and from the ſame more ſafe and cheap, and making this Kingdom a Staple, not onely of the Commodities of the Plantations, but alſo of the Commodities of other Countreys and Places, for the ſupplying of them; and it being the uſage of other Nations to keep their Plantations Trade to themſelves:

Commodities of the growth and manufacture of Europe, how to be Imported in Engliſh-built Shipping.

Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty four, no Commodity of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of Europe, ſhall be Imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place to His Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the poſſeſſion of His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, in Aſia, Africa, or America, (Tangier onely excepted) but what ſhall be Bona fide, and without fraud, Laden and Shipped in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in Engliſh-built Shipping, or which were Bona fide bought before the Firſt day of October, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, and had ſuch Certificate thereof, as is directed in one Act paſſed the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, An Act for preventing frauds, and regulating Abuſes in His Majeſties Cuſtoms; and whereof the Maſter and three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are Engliſh, and which ſhall be carried directly thence to the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories,

Territories or Places, and from no other Place or Places whatsoever; Any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; under the penalty of the loss of all such Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, as shall be Imported into any of them, from any other place whatsoever, by Land or Water; And if by Water, of the Ship or Vessel also in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel, one Third part to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; one Third part to the Governor of such Land, Island, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place into which such Goods were Imported, if the said Ship, Vessel or Goods be there Seized or Informed against, and Sued for: or otherwise, that Third part also to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and the other Third part to him or them who shall Seize, Inform or Sue for the same in any of His Majesties Courts in such of the said Lands, Islands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Places where the Offence was committed, or in any Court of Record in England, by Bill, Information, Plaint, or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

The Penalty.

Provided always, and be it hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to Ship and Lade in such Ships, and so Navigated as in the foregoing Clause is set down and expressed, in any part of Europe, Salt for the Fisheries of New-England, and New-found-land, and to Ship or Lade in the Maderaes, Wines of the Growth thereof; and to Ship and Lade in the Western Islands or Azores, Wines of the Growth of the said Islands; and to Ship and take in Servants or Horses in Scotland or Ireland; and to Ship or Lade in Scotland, all sorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of Scotland; and to Ship or Lade in Ireland all sorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of Ireland; and the same to Transport into any of the said Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places; Any thing in the foregoing Clause to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Salt for Fisheries.

And for the better prevention of Frauds, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from

from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and four, every perſon or perſons Importing by Land any Goods or Commodities whatſoever, into any the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, ſhall deliver to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, or to ſuch Perſon or Officer as ſhall be by him thereunto Authorized and Appointed, within Four and twenty hours after ſuch Importation, his and their Names and Surnames, and a true Inventory and Particular of all ſuch Goods or Commodities; And no Ship or Veſſel coming to any ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, ſhall lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities whatſoever, until the Maſter or Commander of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall firſt have made known to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, or ſuch other perſon or Officer as ſhall be by him thereunto Authorized and appointed, the Arrival of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, with her Name, and the Name and Surname of her Maſter or Commander, and have ſhewen to him that ſhe is an Engliſh-built Ship, or made good by producing ſuch Certificate as aboveſaid, that ſhe is a Ship or Veſſel Bona fide belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, and Navigated with an Engliſh Maſter, and three Fourth parts of the Mariners at leaſt Engliſh-men, and have delivered to ſuch Governor, or other perſon or Officer, a true and perfect Inventory or Invoyce of her Lading, together with the place or places in which the ſaid Goods were laden or taken into the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, under the pain of the loſs of the Ship or Veſſel, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel, and of all ſuch Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Europe, as were not Bona fide laden and taken in in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, to be recovered and divided in manner aforeſaid: And all ſuch as are Governors or Commanders of any the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places (Tangier onely excepted) ſhall before the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and four. For better prevention of Frauds.

four, and all such as shall hereafter be made Governours or Commanders of any of them, shall before their Entrance upon the Execution of such Trust or Charge, take a solemn Oath before such person or persons as shall be Authorized by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to Administer the same, to do their utmost within their respective Governments or Commands, to cause to be well and truly observed what is in this Act enacted, in relation to the Trade of such Lands, Islands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories, and Places, under the Penalty of being removed out of their respective Governments and Commands. And if any of them shall be found after the taking of such Oath, to have wittingly and willingly offended, contrary to what is by this Act required of them, That they shall for such Offence be turned out of their Governments, and be incapable of the Government of any other Land, Island, Plantation, or Colony; and moreover, forfeit the Sum of One thousand pounds of lawful money of England, the one moiety to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same, in any of His Majesties Courts in any of the said Plantations, or in any Court of Record in England, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

Penalty upon Officers of the Customs.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That if any Officer of the Customs in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall give any Warrant for, or suffer any Sugar, Tobacco, Ginger, Cotton-wool, Indico, Speckle-wood, or Jamaica-wood, Fustick, or other Dying-wood of the growth of any of the said Lands, Islands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories, or Places, to be carried into any other Countrey or Place whatsoever, until they have been first unladen Bona fide, and put on shore in some Port or Haven in England or Wales, or in the Town of Berwick, That every such Officer for such Offence shall forfeit his Place, and the value of such of the said Goods as he shall give Warrant for, or suffer to pass into any other Countrey or Place, the one Moiety to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform or Sue for the same in any Court of Record in England

or

or Wales, wherein no Eſſoyn, Protection, or Wager in Law ſhall be allowed.

And for the better encouragement of the ſaid Plantations, and the encreaſe of the Shipping and Navigation of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Five and twentieth day of March, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and four, it ſhall and may be lawful out of any Port of England or Wales, or out of the Town of Berwick, to ſhip and lade Sea-coals for any part of them, paying for the Chalder, Newcaſtle-meaſure, One ſhilling eight pence, and for the Chalder London-meaſure, One ſhilling and no more, in full of all Cuſtom and Poundage for the ſame; Any Law, Statute, or Prohibition to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding. Encouragement of Plantations, and increaſe of Shipping. Sea-Coals.

Provided, That ſuch Sea-coals be ſhipped in ſuch ſhipping, and ſo Navigated as aboveſaid; And that good Security be given to the Officers of the Cuſtoms in ſuch Port in which they are ſhipped, for the landing them in the ſaid Plantations, and not elſewhere.

And foraſmuch as ſeveral conſiderable and advantagious Trades cannot be conveniently driven and carried on without the Species of Money or Bullion, and that it is found by experience, that they are carried in greateſt abundance (as to a Common Market) to ſuch Places as give free Liberty for Exporting the ſame, and the better to keep in and increaſe the currant Coyns of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted, That from and after the Firſt day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and three, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any perſon or perſons whatſoever, to Export out of any Port of England or Wales, in which there is a Cuſtomer or Collector, or out of the Town of Berwick, all ſorts of Foreign Coyn or Bullion of Gold or Silver, firſt making Entry thereof in ſuch Cuſtom-houſe reſpectively, without paying any Duty, Cuſtom, Poundage, or Fee for the ſame; Any Law, Statute or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding. Foreign Coyn or Bullion may be Exported.

And laſtly, whereas a very great part of the richeſt and beſt Land of this Kingdom, is, and cannot ſo well be otherwiſe imployed and made uſe of, as in the Feeding and Fattening of

of Cattel; And that by the coming in of late vast numbers of Cattel already fatted, such Lands are in many places much fallen, and like daily to fall more in their Rents and Values, and in consequence other Lands also, to the great prejudice, detriment and impoverishment of this Kingdom; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, and it is hereby Enacted, That for every head of great Cattel (except such as are of the breed of Scotland) that shall be Imported or brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, after the First day of July, and before the Twentieth day of December in any year: And for every head of great Cattel of the breed of Scotland that shall be Imported or brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, after the Four and twentieth day of August, and before the Twentieth day of December in any year, there shall be paid to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Twenty shillings; And the Sum of Ten shillings to him or them that shall Inform or Seize the same; And the Sum of Ten shillings to the Poor of the Parish where such Seizure or Information shall be made, to be recovered and levied by Bill, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

Penalties upon Importation of Foreign Cattel at certain times.

And moreover, That there shall be paid to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for every Sheep which shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick aforesaid, after the First day of August, and before the Twentieth day of December in any year, the Sum of Ten shillings of lawful Money of England, to be recovered and levied in manner aforesaid.

Provided always, That this Act, in so far as it relates to great Cattel or Sheep, shall not take place till the First day of July, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, nor continue longer then the end of the First Session of the next Parliament.

The continuance of this Act as to the Importation of Cattel.

And for the encouragement of the Herring and North-Sea, Island, and Westmony Fisheries, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty

Encouragement of Herring Fisheries.

and

and four, no Fresh Herring, Fresh Codd or Haddock, Coal-fish or Gull-fish, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, but in English-built Ships, or Vessels, or in Ships or Vessels Bona fide belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, and having such Certificate thereof as is aboveſaid, and whereof the Master and three Fourths at the least of the Mariners are English, and which hath been fished, caught, and taken in such Ships or Vessels, and so Navigated, and not being bought or had of any Strangers born, or out of any Strangers Bottoms, under the pain of the forfeiture of all such Herring, Codd, Haddock, Coal-fish, or Gull-fish imported contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, and of the Ship or Vessel in which it was Imported; one Moiety of which Forfeitures shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Inform, Seize, or Sue for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint, or other Action, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager in Law shall be allowed.

Duties to be paid upon Importation of salted or dried Fish.

And be it further Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the following sorts or kinds of salted or dried Fish, which from and after the said First day of August, shall be Imported into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick, in any other Ship or Vessel, then what is English-built, or belonging to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick, and having such Certificate thereof as aboveſaid, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners at least are English, and not having been fished and caught in such Ships or Vessels, and so Navigated, there shall be paid by way of Custom and Impost, the several sums of Money herein after particularly mentioned, (that is to say) for Cod-fish, the Barrel, Five shillings; for Cod-fish, the Last containing Twelve Barrels, Three pounds; for Cod-fish, the Hundred containing Sixscore, Ten shillings; for Coal-fish, the Hundred containing Sixscore, Five shillings; for Lings, the Hundred containing Sixscore, One pound; for White Herrings, the Last containing Twelve Barrels, One pound sixteen shillings; for Haddocks, the Barrel, Two shillings; for

Gull-Fish, the Barrel, Two shillings.

And forasmuch as Planting and making Tobacco within this Kingdom of England doth continue and increase, to the apparent loss of his said Majesty in His Customs, the discouragement of the English Plantations in the parts beyond the Seas, and prejudice of this Kingdom in general, notwithstanding an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of His said Majesties Reign for prevention thereof, Entituled, An Act for prohibiting the Planting, Setting or Sowing of Tobacco in England and Ireland; And forasmuch as it is found by Experience, that the reason why the said Planting and making of Tobacco doth continue, is, That the Penalties prescribed and appointed by that Law are so little, as have neither power or effect over the Transgressors thereof: For Remedy therefore of so great an Evil, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the person or persons whatsoever, that do, or shall at any time hereafter Set, Plant, or Sow any Tobacco in Seed, Plant, or otherwise, in or upon any ground, Field, Earth or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Kingdom of Ireland, shall over and above the Penalty of the said Act for that purpose Ordained, for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten pounds for every Rod or Pole of Ground that he or they shall so Plant, Set or Sow with Tobacco, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity of ground; one Third part thereof to the Kings Majesty one other third part thereof to the use of the Poor of such respective Parish or Parishes wherein such Tobacco shall be so Planted, Set, or Sowed; and the other Third part thereof to him or them that shall Sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his said Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

The further Penalty for Planting Tobacco in England.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any person or persons shall resist, or make forcible opposition against any person or persons in the due and through Execution of the said Act of the Twelfth of His said Majesties

jesties Reign, That he, she, or they so resisting and making forcible opposition, shall over and above the Penalties therein mentioned for such Offences, be committed to the Common Gaol of the County where such Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprise, until he, she, or they have entred into a Recognizance to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with Two sufficient Sureties of Ten pounds penalty, not to do or commit the like Offence again.

Provided always, That this Act nor any thing therein contained, shall extend to the hindrance or prejudice of Planting Tobacco in any Physick-garden of either of the Universities, or any other private Garden for Surgery, so as the quantity so Planted exceed not the half of one Pole in any one Place or Garden. Proviso for Tobacco Planted in Physick-gardens.

Provided also, and be it Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to Import Cattel of the breed of the Isle of Man, not exceeding Six hundred in any one year; and Corn of the growth of that Island, out of that Island into England; so as the said Cattel be landed at Chester, Liverpool, or Wirewater; Any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. Cattel Imported from the Isle of Man.

Anno XVIII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for Encouraging of Coynage.

Encouragement for bringing Gold and Silver into the Realm.

WHereas it is obvious, That the plenty of Current Coyns of Gold and Silver of this Kingdom, is of great Advantage to Trade and Commerce; for the increase whereof, Your Majesty in Your Princely Wisdom and Care, hath been graciously pleased to bear out of Your Revenue, half the Charge of the Coynage of Silver-money: For the preventing of which Charge to Your Majesty, and the Encouragement of the bringing of Gold and Silver into the Realm, to be converted into the Current Money of this Your Majesties Kingdom, We Your Majesties dutiful and loyal Subjects, do Give and Grant unto Your Majesty, the Rates Duties or Impositions following; And do beseech Your Majesty that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whatsoever person or persons, Native or Foreigner, Alien or Stranger, shall from and after the Twentieth day of December, One thousand six hundred sixty and six, bring any Foreign Coyn, Plate, or Bullion of Gold or Silver, in Mals, Molten or Allayed, or any sort of Manufacture of Gold or Silver into His Majesties Mint or Mints within the Kingdom of England, to be there Melted down and Coyned into the Current Coyns of this Kingdom, shall have the same there Allayed, Melted down and Coyned

Silver or Gold brought in to be Coyned.

ed with all convenient ſpæd, without any Defalcation, Diminution, or Charge for the Aſſaying, Coynage, or Waſte in Coynage: So as that for every pound Troy of Crown or Standard-Gold that ſhall be brought in and delivered by him or them to be Aſſayed, Melted down, and Coyned as aforeſaid, there ſhall be delivered out to him or them reſpectively, a pound Troy of the Current Coyns of this Kingdom of Crown or Standard-Gold; And for every pound Troy of Sterling, or Standard-Silver that ſhall be brought in and delivered by him or them to be Aſſayed, Melted down, and Coyned as aforeſaid, there ſhall be delivered out to him or them reſpectively, a pound Troy of the Current Coyns of this Kingdom, of Sterling, or Standard-Silver, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Weight; And for every pound Troy of Gold or Silver that ſhall be brought in, and delivered to be Aſſayed, Melted down, and Coyned as aforeſaid, that ſhall be finer upon Aſſay then Crown-Gold, or Standard-Silver, there ſhall be delivered for the ſame ſo much more then a pound Troy, as the ſame doth in proportion amount unto in fineneſs and value; And for every pound Troy of Gold or Silver that ſhall be brought in, and delivered to be Aſſayed, Melted down, and Coyned as aforeſaid, that ſhall be courſer or baſer upon Aſſay, or worſe in value then Crown-Gold, or Standard-Silver, there ſhall be delivered for the ſame ſo much leſs then a pound Troy, as the ſame doth fall ſhort in fineneſs or value, and ſo for a greater or leſſer quantity.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be no preference in point of Aſſaying or Coynage; but that all Gold and Silver brought in, and delivered into the Mint to be Aſſayed and Coyned, ſhall be Aſſayed, Coyned, and delivered out to the reſpective Importers, according to the order and times of bringing in and delivering the ſame into the Mint or Mints, and not otherwiſe: So as he that ſhall firſt bring in, and deliver any Gold or Silver to be Coyned, ſhall be taken and accounted the firſt perſon to have the ſame Aſſayed, Coyned and Delivered; And he or they that

There ſhall be no undue preference, but Money Coyned ſhall be delivered out in order.

shall bring in and deliver any Gold or Silver next, to be accounted the second person to have the same Assayed, Coyned, and Delivered; and so successively in course. And that the Gold and Silver brought in and Coyned as aforesaid, shall be in the same order delivered to the respective Bringers in thereof, their Executors, Administrators or Assigns successively, without preference of one before the other, and not otherwise: And if any undue Preference be made in Entring of any Gold or Silver, or delivering out of any Money Coyned, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, by any Officer or Officers of the Mint or Mints; then the Party or Parties offending, shall be liable by Action of Debt, or in the Case, to pay the value of the Gold or Silver brought in, and not Entred and Delivered according to the true intent, meaning and direction of this Act as aforesaid, with Damages and Costs to the Party or Parties grieved, and shall be forejudged from his or their Place or Office: And if such Preference be unduly made by any his or their Deputy or Deputies, Clerk or Clerks, without direction or privity of his or their Master or Masters, then such Deputy or Deputies, Clerk or Clerks onely shall be liable to such Action, Damage and Costs as afor said, and be for ever after uncapable of serving or bearing Office in any Mint in the Kingdom of England.

Penalty.

Provided always, That it shall not be interpreted any undue Preference, to incur any Penalty in point of Delivery of Moneys Coyned, if the Officer or Officers, or their Deputies or Clerks shall Deliver out, or pay any Moneys Coyned, to any person or persons that do come and demand the same upon subsequent Entries, before others that did not come to demand their Moneys in their order and course, so as there be so much Money reserved as will satisfie them, which shall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them.

What shall not be an undue preference.

And for the more orderly and clear performance hereof, Be it Enacted, And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Master-worker of His Majesties Mint or Mints for the time being, shall at the time of the Delivery and Entry of any Gold or Silver

Silver in the said Mint or Mints, give unto the Bringer or Bringers in thereof to be Coyned, a Bill under his hand, denoting the Weight, Fineness, and Value thereof, together with the Day and Order of its Delivery into the said Mint or Mints.

And for the further Encouragement and Assurance of such as shall bring any Gold or Silver into His Majesties said Mint or Mints to be Coyned; Be it Enacted, And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Confiscation, Forfeiture, Seizure, Attachment, Stop or Restraint whatsoever, shall be made in the said Mint or Mints, of any Gold or Silver brought in to be Coyned, for or by reason of any Imbargo, breach of the Peace, Letters of Mart or Reprisal, or War with any Foreign Nation, or upon any other account or pretence whatsoever; But that all Gold and Silver brought into any of His Majesties Mint or Mints within the Kingdom of England to be Coyned, shall truly, and with all convenient speed be Coyned and delivered out to the respective Bringer or Bringers in thereof, their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, according to the Rules and Directions of this Act. There shall be no Seizure or forfeture, &c. of any Gold or Silver brought in to be Coyned.

And whereas it cannot be reasonably expected, that the Expence, Waste and Charge in Allaying, Melting down and Coynage be born by Your Majesty, And for the further Encouragement of Coynage, Be it Enacted, And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Tun of Wines, Vineger, Sider, or Beer that shall be Imported or brought into the Port of London, or into any other Port, Creek, or Place within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from any Parts beyond the Seas, or Scotland, from and after the twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and six, there shall be Levied, Collected and paid the Sum of Ten shillings; And for every Tun of Brandy-wines, or Strong-waters that shall be Imported as above-said, the Sum of Twenty shillings, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be Levied, Collected and paid at the respective Custom-houses, to the Collectors, and other Officers of the Customs for the time being, at the An Imposition set upon Wines, Vineger, Sider, or Beer Imported. Brandy-Wine, Strong-water.

Importation of the ſaid Commodities, over and above all other Duties charged, leviable and payable upon the ſaid Commodities, and to be by them diſtinguiſhed and kept apart from all other Moneys by them Collected and Levied upon the ſame Commodities, or upon any other Commodities, or Merchandiſes whatſoever, and to be by the ſaid Collectors or Collectors reſpectively, ſo anſwered and paid Quarterly into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Your Majeſty, Your Heirs and Succeſſors; there alſo to be kept diſtinct and apart from all other Moneys ariſing by the Cuſtoms, or by any other way or Revenue whatſoever; which ſaid Duty they are hereby enjoyned to receive and pay according to the ſeveral Directions of this Act, without any Salary or Fee.

And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all manner of Wines, Vineger, Sider, Beer, Brandy-wines, and Strong-waters Imported as aforeſaid, ſhall pay their ſeveral and reſpective Duties Impoſed by this Act; and upon non-payment thereof, ſhall be liable to ſuch and the ſame Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as in and by the late Acts for Tonnage and Poundage, and for Frauds, are Enacted and appointed, upon non-payment of the Duties by the ſaid Acts Impoſed upon Goods and Merchandiſes of the ſame nature with thoſe mentioned in this Act.

Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That for what of the aforeſaid Commodities ſhall be Tranſported into any parts beyond the Seas, within the term and ſpace of one year after the Importation thereof; That the Duty paid by this Act for the ſame ſhall be re-paid by the reſpective Collectors of the Cuſtoms for the time being.

Moneys leviable upon this Act, ſhall be imployed only to the uſe of the Mint.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That no Moneys leviable and payable by this Act, ſhall be applied or converted to any uſe or uſes whatſoever, other then to the defraying the charge or expence of the Mint or Mints, and of the Aſſaying, Melting down, Waſte, and Coynage of Gold and Silver,

and

and the encouragement of the bringing in of Gold and Silver into the said Mint or Mints, there to be Coyned into the current Coyns of this Kingdom; Nor shall any of the said Moneys be issued out of the Exchequer, but by Order or Warrant of the Lord Treasurer and Under-Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to the Master and Worker, or Masters and Workers of Your Majesties Mint or Mints for the time being, and mentioning that they are for the use and service aforesaid, to be kept in His Majesties Office of Receipt in the said Mint or Mints, under the usual Keys of the Warden, Master, and Worker, and Controller for the time being, and issued out thence from time to time, according to the manner and course of the said Mint or Mints respectively.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That there shall not be issued out of the Exchequer, of the said Moneys, in any one year, for the Fees and Salaries of the Officers of the Mint or Mints, and towards the providing, maintaining and repairing of the Houses, Offices and Buildings, and other Necessaries for Assaying, Melting down, and Coyning, above the sum of Three thousand pounds Sterling Money; And the Overplus of the said Moneys so kept, or to be kept as aforesaid, shall be imployed for and towards the Expence, Waste, and Charge of Assaying, Melting down, and Coynage, and buying in of Gold and Silver to Coyn, and not otherwise.

And lastly, Be it Enacted, And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the Twentieth day of December, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy one, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer. The continuance of this Act.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted, That whereas His Majesty in and by His Letters Patents under His Great Seal, dated at Westminster the Twentieth day of August, in the Twelfth year of His Reign, did for divers good Causes and Considerations Proviso.

Him moving, give and grant to Dame Barbara Villiers Widow, the Sum of Two pence by Tale out of every Pound weight Troy of Silver Moneys, which from thenceforth should be Coyned by vertue of any Warrant or Indenture made and to be made by His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, To have, hold, receive, perceive, and take the same unto the said Dame Barbara Villiers, her Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, from the Ninth day of the then instant August weekly, as the said Moneys should be Coyned, for and during the term of One and twenty years, as by the same doth appear, That His Majesty may out of the Moneys levyable by this Act, appoint and cause reasonable satisfaction to be made yearly to the said Dame Barbara Villiers, her Executors and Administrators, for her Interest in the Premisses, not exceeding the Sum of Six hundred pounds in any one year.

Dame Barbara Villiers.

Anno

Anno XVIII
CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act against Importing Cattel from *Ireland* and other Parts beyond the Seas; and Fish taken by Foreigners.

WHereas by an Act of this present Parliament, Entituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade, amongst other things, some Provision was made for the preventing of coming in of vast Numbers of Cattel, whereby the Rents and Values of the Land of this Kingdom were much fallen, and like daily to fall more, to the great Prejudice, Detriment, and Impoverishment of this Kingdom; which nevertheless hath by Experience been found to be ineffectual; and the continuance of any Importation, either of the Lean or Fat Cattel, dead or alive, hereinafter specified, not onely unnecessary, but very destructive to the welfare of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, That such Importation from and after the Second day of February, in this present year, One thousand six hundred sixty and six, is a Publick and Common Nusance, and shall be so adjudged, deemed, and taken to be, to all intents and purposes whatsoever. And that if any great Cattel, Sheep or Swine, or any Beef, Pork or Bacon (except for the necessary Provision of the respective Ships or Vessels in which the same shall be brought, not exposing the same, or any part thereof to Sale) shall from and after the said Second day of February, by any-wise whatsoever, be Imported or brought from beyond Seas into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed;

Importation of Cattel a common Nusance.

The Penalty.

That then it shall and may be lawful for any Constable, Tything-man, Headborough, Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor, or any of them within their respective Liberties, Parishes or Places, to take and seize the same, and keep the same during the space of Eight and fourty hours, in some publick or convement place where such Seizure shall be made; within which time, if the Owner or Owners, or any for them or him, shall make it appear unto some Justice of the Peace of the same County where the same shall be so seized by the Oath of two credible Witnesses, which Oath the said Justice of Peace is hereby impowred and required to administer, That the same were not Imported from Ireland, or from any other place beyond the Seas not herein after excepted, after the said second day of February, Then the same upon the Warrant of such Justice of Peace, shall be delivered without delay: But in default of such proof and Warrant, then the same to be forfeited: One half thereof to be disposed to the use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so found or seized: the other half to be to his or their own use that shall so seize the same.

Encouragement of Fishery.

And for the better encouragement of the Fishery of this Kingdom, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Ling, Herring, Cod or Pilchard, fresh or salted, dried or bloated, or any Salmon, Eels, or Congers taken by any Forreigners, Aliens to this Kingdom, shall be imported, uttered, sold, or exposed to sale in this Kingdom: That then it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons to take and seize the same: The one half thereof to be disposed of to the use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so found or seized: the other half to his or their own use which shall so seize the same.

The Isle of Man.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to hinder the Importation of Cattel from the Isle of Man into this Kingdom of England, so as the number of the said Cattel do not exceed Six hundred Head yearly: And that they be not of any other Breed then of the Breed of the Isle of Man; And that they be landed at the Port of Chester, or some of the Members thereof, and not elsewhere.

This Act to continue until the end of Seven years, and from thence to the end of the First Session of the next Parliament.

Anno

Anno XX
CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for giving Liberty to Buy and Export Leather and Skins Tanned or Dressed.

Whereas it is found by Experience, since the late strict Prohibition of the Exporting of Leather, That the Prices thereof, and consequently of Raw Hides, are very much abated, to the great discouragement of the Breed and Feeding of Cattel, and Fall of the Rents and Value of Land; and yet that the Makers of Boots and Shoes, and other Workers in Leather, have still, during this time, sold their Wares and Commodities very dear:

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fifth day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty eight, It shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, Native or Foreigner, to Buy in open Fair or Market, and to Export and Transport into Scotland or Ireland, or any Foreign parts beyond the Seas, all sorts of Leather, Sheep-skins or Calve-skins, Tanned, Tawed or Dressed; Any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Paying for each Hundred weight of all sorts of Leather, Sheep-skins and Calve-skins, containing One hundred and twelve pounds, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, the sum of Twelve pence and no more.

After the 25th of March, 1668. all sorts of Leather may be Exported.

It is hereby further Enacted by the Authority hereof, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the Five and Twentieth day of March, One thousand six hundred seventy five, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next ensuing, and no longer,

The continuance of this Act.

Anno

Anno XX

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Additional Act against the Importation of Foreign Cattel.

WHereas by an Act of this present Parliament, Entituled, An Act against Importing Cattel from Ireland, and other Parts beyond the Seas, and Fish taken by Foreigners; amongst other things, Provision was made against Importation of Cattel from Parts beyond the Seas: And it was thereby Enacted, That such Importation from and after the Second day of February, which was in the year One thousand six hundred sixty six, was a Publick Nusance, and should be so adjudged, deemed, and taken to all intents and purposes; And that if any Cattel, Sheep or Swine, or any Beef, Pork or Bacon (except for the necessary Provision of the respective Ships or Vessels in which the same should be brought, not exposing the same to Sale) should from and after the said Second day of February, by any wise whatsoever, be Imported or brought from beyond the Seas into this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That then it should and might be lawful for any Constable, Tything-man, Headborough, Church-warden, or Overseers of the Poor, or any of them within their respective Liberties, Parishes, or Places, to take and seize the same and keep the same, during the space of eight and fourty hours, in some publick or convenient place where such Seizure should be made; within which time, if the Owner

Importation of Cattel from beyond Sea a Nusance.

er or Owners, or any for them or him, should make it appear unto same Justice of the Peace of the same County where the same should be so Seized, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, that the same were not Imported from Ireland, or from any other Place beyond the Seas not therein after excepted, after the said Second day of February, Then the same, upon the Warrant of such Justice of Peace, should be delivered without delay; but in default of such Proof and Warrant, then the same to be forfeited; one half thereof to be disposed to the use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so found or seized, the other to be to his or their own use that should so Seize the same.

Notwithstanding which Act, and the good Provision thereby, great number of Cattel, Sheep and Swine, and great quantities of Beef, Pork and Bacon, have since the time limited by the said Act, been Imported from Ireland and other Places beyond the Seas, as well in Foreign, as English Ships and Vessels, contrary to the good intent of the said Act, and in continuance of the said Nusance, and in high contempt of the Authority of Parliament: And divers Church-wardens, Constables, Tything-men, and Overseers of the Poor, living near the Sea, for their own private Lucre, having combined with the Owners of such Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork, and Bacon, Imported as aforesaid, or with their Agents, have colourably Seized, and afterwards privately and fraudulently sold the same at very low and inconsiderable Rates, to the said Owners or their Agents: And other of the said Officers, who have discharged their Duties in the due execution of the said Act, have been molested therefore, and several Actions, Suits, Plaints, and Informations, have been brought and presented against some of them in Counties and Places far distant from their Habitations, to their great charge and discouragement: For the Vindication therefore of the Authority of Parliament from such bold Affronts, and the Indempnifying as well of such Officers who have faithfully endeavoured the Execution of the said Act (although they have not strictly pursued the same in every Circumstance) as of such other person and

persons

persons who have acted in their aid and assistance; And for the better and further suppression of the said Nuisance, Be it Enacted by the Kings most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That all and every Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, Church-warden, and Overseer of the Poor, and every other person or persons who have acted in, or concerning the seizure, keeping, detaining, or disposing of any Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon Imported contrary to the said Act, after the said Second day of February, shall be, and are hereby saved harmless, and indempnified in that behalf, against the Owner or Owners thereof at the time of such Importation, their Executors and Administrators, and every other person and persons claiming from, by, or under their Gift, Grant, or other Disposition; and against all and every person and persons to whom any fraudulent Sale hath been made after such Importation as aforesaid, and their and every of their Executors and Administrators.

All Officers who have seized any Imported Cattel, saved harmless.

And it is Provided and further Enacted, That not onely the Constables and Officers above named, but every or any other Inhabitant or Inhabitants of or within the Liberties, Parishes and Places where such Importation shall be made, shall and may take and seize the Cattel and Goods so Imported, and after such Seizure shall forthwith deliver, or cause them to be delivered to the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough, Church-warden, or Overseers of the Poor, or any of them within the respective Liberties, Parishes and Places aforesaid, to be kept, ordered, and disposed in the Manner, and to the Ends and Purposes in this Act, and in the said recited Act, or either of them, mentioned and directed.

Any person may seize imported Cattel, and deliver them to the Officers.

And it is further Enacted, That if no Seizure at all shall be made by the Officers or Inhabitants, nor any of them, within the Liberty, Parish, or Place where such Cattel or Goods as aforesaid shall be first Imported, Then such Liberty, Parish and Place, and the Inhabitants thereof, neglecting to make such Seizure, for every Default shall forfeit the sum of

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One hundred pounds, which shall be Imployed for the Use of the House of Correction within the County or Liberty where such Default or Seizure shall be; and the Moneys so to be forfeited, and other the Penalties and Forfeitures which are to accrue to the Poor by vertue of this Act, and the said recited Act, or either of them, shall be accounted for, to such persons, at such Times, and in such Manner, as the Overseers of the Poor are appointed to account by the Statute made in the three and fortieth year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, Chapter the second. The forfeiture of such as neglect to seize.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Ship or Vessel, with all her Tackle and Apparel, in which any great Cattel, Swine, Sheep, Beef, Pork or Bacon, from and after the Four and twentieth day of March in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and seven, shall be Imported from Ireland, or any other Parts beyond the Seas, into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and out of which they or any of them shall be put on Shore there, shall be forfeited: And that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, within the space of one year after such Importation, to take and seize the same Ship or Vessel, with all her Tackle and Apparel, and to make Sale thereof to the best advantage; and that one half of the Moneys to be raised by such Sale, shall be disposed of to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where the same shall be so Seized, the other half to be to his or their Use that shall so Seize the same: And also that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of Peace of the County, or chief Officer of the Port-town, in or near the place where such Importation shall be made, or where any of the Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon so Imported, shall be driven or brought, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of Peace, or chief Officer, to cause to be apprehended all and every the Masters, Mariners, and Sea-men, having charge of, or belonging to such Ship or Vessel in which such Importation shall be made; and all and every other person and persons acting, or imployed in the Landing, driving, attending on, or taking care or charge of the said Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork, or Bacon Imported as aforesaid, and Ships bringing Cattel, &c. from beyond Sea, shall be forfeited, seized, and sold. The Money raised thereby, one half to the Poor, the other to the Informer or Seizer. The Seamen to be apprehended, and all others concerned, and sent to the Common Gaol.

and them to commit to the Common Gaol of the said County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the space of Three Moneths.

If any Officer neglect to seize, another may take them, and have the one half, giving the other to the poor

And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That whensoever, and as often as it shall happen, either through any fraudulent Agreement, or unfaithful Connivance of any Constable, Headborough, Tythingman, Curch-warden, or Overseer of the Poor, or that it shall happen any otherwise howsoever, that any great Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, after the first Seizure of them, or any of them, by vertue of the aforesaid Act, shall be driven, brought, carried into, or found in any other Parish or Place, then where the same shall be first Seized as aforesaid; That then, and so often, and from time to time, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Tything-man, Headborough, Church-warden, or Overseer of the Poor of every or any such other Parish or Place where such great Cattel, Sheep, Swine, Beef, Pork or Bacon, shall be brought, driven or carried into, or found as aforesaid, to Seize, take and dispose the same, and every or any of them as forfeited; The one Moiety thereof to the use of the Poor of such other Parish or Place where such Seizure shall be made, the other to the Use of such Officer or Officers who shall Seize the same as aforesaid; Any other or former Seizure or Seizures in any other Parish or Parishes, Place or Places notwithstanding.

Tryal in the County where the cause of Action ariseth.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, is, or shall be Commenced, or Prosecuted against any person or persons, for any Seizure or other thing made or done, or to be made or done, by vertue or colour of this, or the aforesaid Act; And upon the Trial of such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, it shall not be proved to the Jury that shall Try the same, that the cause of such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, did arise within such County where such Action, Plaint, Suit or Information is laid and tryed, the Defendant and Defendants shall be found Not-guilty, without having regard to any Evidence given by, or for the Plaintiff, Informer or Prosecutor.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit

or

or Information hath been, or shall be Commenced or Prosecuted against any person or persons, for any Seizure or other thing done or made, or to be done or made, in Pursuance or Execution of this or the aforesaid Act; such person or persons so Sued in any Court whatsoever, may plead the General Issue, and give this and the aforesaid Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, for their Excuse or Justification: And if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or forbear Prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him in any such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information as aforesaid, the Defendants shall have treble Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy, as in any Case where Costs by the Law are given to the Defendant.

General Issue.

Defendant to have treble Costs.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to hinder the Importation of Cattel from the Isle of Man into this Kingdom of England, so as the Number of the said Cattel do not exceed Six hundred Head yearly, and that they be not of any other Breed then of the Breed of the Isle of Man, and that they be Landed at the Port of Chester, or some of the Members thereof, and not elsewhere.

Proviso to Import Cattel from the Isle of Man.

And it is lastly Enacted, That if any person or persons shall wilfully and fraudulently conspire, confederate, or agree together, to avoid or evade the Seizures or Forfeitures upon Importation of Cattel or Goods in this present Act particularly specified, and the same shall put in execution; Then every such person and persons, being thereof lawfully Indicted or Presented within one year next after such Offence by him or them committed, and being thereof lawfully Convicted or Attainted at any time after, according to the Laws of this Realm, shall incur the Dangers, Penalties, Pains and Forfeitures contained and provided in and by the Statute of Provision and Præmunire, made in the Sixteenth year of the Reign of King Richard the Second.

Confederacy to elude this Act incurs a Præmunire.

Anno

Anno XXII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for Improvement of Tillage, and the breed of Cattel.

FOr the further Incouragement of Tillage for the common good and welfare of this Kingdom, Be it Enacted by the Kings most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same; That from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and seventy, and from thence forward, it shall be lawful for all and every person or persons, Native or Forreigner, at any time or times to Ship, Lade, Carry, and Transport as Merchandize, all sorts of Corn and Grain, although the Prices thereof shall exceed the Rates set down in one Act of this present Parliament, made in the Fifteenth year of His Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade. The said Act or any other Law, Statute, Usage, or other Prohibition to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding, paying for the same such Rates as are to be paid when the same might have been Transported by one Act of this present Parliament, Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and none other. And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when the Prices of Corn and Grain at the Times, Havens and Places when and where the said Corn or Grain shall be

Corn and Grain may be Imported at certain times.

be Imported into this Kingdom, exceed not the Rates hereafter following, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof these Rates; That is to say, for every Quarter of Wheat, when the same shall not exceed the Price of Three and fifty shillings and four pence the Quarter, there shall be paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen shillings: And when the same shall exceed the Sum of Three and fifty shillings and four pence the Quarter, and yet not above Four pounds the Quarter, That then there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage of every Quarter of Wheat, the Sum of Eight shillings: For every Quarter of Rye, when the same doth not exceed the Price of Fourty shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen shillings the Quarter: For every Quarter of Barley or Malt, when the same doth not exceed the Price of Two and thirty shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen shillings the Quarter: For every Quarter of Buck-wheat, when the same doth not exceed the Price of Two and thirty shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Sixteen shillings the Quarter: for every Quarter of Oats, when the same doth not exceed the Sum of Sixteen shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the Sum of Five shillings and four pence the Quarter: For every Quarter of Peale or Beans, when the same doth not exceed the sum of Fourty shillings the Quarter, there shall be answered and paid for the Custom and Poundage thereof, the sum of Sixteen shillings the Quarter: Each Quarter to contain Eight Bushels, and each Bushel to contain Eight Gallons and no more.

But when the Prices of the several sorts of Corn and Grain above mentioned, shall exceed the respective Rates aboveſaid, at the times and Places of Importation; That then and in every such case there be answered and paid for the same, the Duties payable in such case before the making of this Act.

And

French or Pearl-Barley.

And for the further Encouragement of French or Pearl-Barley in this Kingdom, That there shall be paid for the Custom of every Hundred weight of French or Pearl-Barley, the Sum of Five shillings.

Encouragement for Breeding & Feeding of Cattel.

And for the further Encouragement of Breeding and Feeding of Cattel of all sorts; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord God, One thousand six hundred and seventy, and from thence forward, It shall be lawful for every person or persons, Native or Foreigner, at any time or times to Ship, Lade, and Transport by way of Merchandize, these sorts of Goods following, That is to say, Beef, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, and Candles, though the same do exceed in Price at the Ports from whence they are Laden, and at the time of their Lading, the Prices set down and limited in the aforesaid Act of this present Parliament, Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, The said Act, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, or other Prohibition to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; Paying for the same the respective Rates appointed by the said Act, and no more.

Butter and Cheese.

Except, and always provided, That for the Custom and Poundage of every Barrel of Butter, there shall be paid One shilling, and for every hundred weight of Cheese, Four pence, and no more; The aforesaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, there shall be paid for every Ox or Steer, that shall be Transported into the parts beyond the Seas by any person or persons, Native or Foreign, the sum of Twelve pence, and no more; the aforesaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, or other Prohibition to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Ox or Steer.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth day of June in the year aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any person or persons,

Native

Native or Foreigner, to Ship, Lade, or Transport Cows or Heifers, paying for each Cow or Heifer the sum of Twelve pence, and no more: And also to Ship, Lade, or Transport all sorts of Swine or Hogs, paying for each Swine or Hog Two pence, and no more: Any Statute, Law, or Usage, or other Prohibition to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. Cows or Heifers. Swine or Hogs.

And for the further Encouragement of the Breed of Horses, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and seventy and from thencefoward, it shall be lawful for any person or persons, Native or Foreigner, at any time or times, to Ship, Lade, and Transport by way of Merchandise, Horses or Mares into any parts beyond the Seas in Amity with His Majesty, paying for each Horse or Mare the sum of Five shillings, and for each Gelding the sum of Five shillings, and no more: The aforesaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or any other Law, Statute, Usage, or any other Prohibition to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding. Horses and Mares may be Transported.

Anno

Anno XXII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for granting His Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vineger Imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred seventy, and the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred seventy eight.

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons Assembled in Parliament, for a Supply of Your Majesties Weighty and Important Occasions, and with an humble and thankful acknowledgment of Your Majesties favourable and tender regard of us Your Commons, have cheerfully and unanimously given and granted unto Your Majesty, an Aid and Assistance to be Raised and Levied upon all Wines and Vineger to be Imported into this Your Majesties Kingdom, according to such Rates, and during such time, and in such manner and form as herein hereafter followeth.

And we do humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be Enacted; And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all

French

French Wines, Spaniſh Wines, or other Wines whatſoever; As alſo for all Vinegar which at any time after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy, and before the Four and twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ſeventy eight, ſhall be Imported into England or Wales, or the Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, there ſhall be duly anſwered and paid to his Majeſty the further Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned: (that is to ſay) for every Tun of French Wine and of Vinegar, which ſhall be Imported within the time aforeſaid, the ſum of Eight pounds by the Tun, and ſo after that Rate for any greater or leſſer quantity: And alſo for every Tun of Spaniſh Wines, or of any other Wines which ſhall be Imported within the time aforeſaid, the ſum of Twelve pounds by the Tun, and ſo after that Rate for any greater or leſſer quantity. An Impoſition upon French Wine, Spaniſh Wine, & all other Wines and Vinegar, from June 24, 1670. to the 24 of June, 1678

And for the better and more ſure Collecting and Receiving of all and ſingular the Duties hereby Impoſed, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any perſon or perſons whatſoever the time aforeſaid, ſhall Import, or cauſe to be Imported by way of Merchandiſe, any of the Liquors aforeſaid, ſuch Importer ſhall upon the Entry made of ſuch Liquors, and before the Landing thereof, pay down the Duties hereby Impoſed, in ready Money, deducting the Allowance hereafter mentioned, or otherwiſe become bound unto his Majeſty with two or more ſufficient Sureties, or procure three other perſons to become bound to His Majeſty, to anſwer and pay unto His Majeſty the whole Rates and Duties hereby Impoſed, by three ſeveral and equal Payments: The firſt payment thereof to be made within three Moneths after the Date of the ſaid Obligation: The ſecond Payment to be made within ſix Moneths after the Date of the ſaid Obligation: And the third and laſt Payment to be made within nine Moneths after the Date of the ſaid Obligation; the taking which Bonds, and the Approbation of the Sureties therein to be named, is hereby left to the diſcretion of ſuch Farmers, or other Commiſſioners for the time being, as ſhall be intruſted with the Receipt and Management of his Ma- Importers before Landing to pay the Impoſition, and in what manner.

festly Customs and Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, or their Deputy-Collectors in the several Ports, or such other person or persons as his Majesty shall Authorize and appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act. And if any person or persons shall Import any of the Liquors aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, not by way of Merchandise, nor with intent to sell the same again, but for his own private Use or Occasions; such person so Importing the same, shall upon Entry thereof made, immediately and before Landing thereof, pay down the whole Duties by this Act Imposed, in ready Money, without any further time given, or any Security to be accepted for the same, or any Abatement or Discount to be therefore made upon any pretence whatsoever.

Abatement upon paying ready Money.

Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That all and every person and persons Importing any of the Liquors aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, by way of Merchandize, who shall pay the Duties which by this Act are due and payable in ready moneys, shall be allowed and abated out of the said Duties, after the rate of Ten pounds per Cent. for a Year, in consideration of such ready Money so paid down and advanced.

Penalties for non-payment of the Rates and Duties imposed by this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the said Liquors shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, and Landed without present payment made of the Rates and Duties by this Act imposed, in cases where this Act requires present payment to be made, or without Security given for payment thereof, in cases where this Act admits of Security to be taken, That then and in every such case, all and every the Liquors so Imported and Landed, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited: one Moiety thereof to His Majesty, and the other Moyety to him or them that shall or will sue for the same: And shall and may be recovered in any Court of Record, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoyn, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed; nor any more then one Imparlance: And yet nevertheless, the person so Importing and Landing any of the said Liquors, shall notwithstanding such forfeiture so as aforesaid incurred, remain and continue liable unto, and shall answer and pay unto his Majesty, the Rates and

and Duties for such Liquors which by this Act are due and payable.

And whereas by the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, and the Instructions and Rules for Collecting His Majesties Duties arising thereby, it is directed, That certain Allowances be made upon Importation of Wines and other Liquors;

Be it further Enacted, That no Importer thereof shall be chargeable by vertue of this Act, to pay the Duty hereby required for any greater proportion of Wines or other Liquors duly Entred at the Custom-house, then what shall remain Neat after all such Allowances and Abatements. Allowances.

And whereas this present Act gives no Abatement to any person upon Exportation of any the Liquors aforesaid, Be it further Enacted and Declared, That all Importers not being Vintners or Retailers, (who are hereby Declared, shall pay ready money for the whole Duty) who shall Import any of the aforesaid Liquors within the time aforesaid, and shall make Oath that the same are Imported by way of Merchandise, and with intent to sell again (which Oath the Farmers or Commissioners of his Majesties Customs for the time being, or in their absence, the Collector of His Majesties Customs in each several and respective Port, or such other person or persons as his Majesty shall Authorize and appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act, have hereby power to Administer;) That then and in every such case, for and in consideration of any Defect or Damage that may happen by any of the aforesaid Liquors lying longer on the said Importers hands then heretofore, or by reason of any other accident, there shall be allowed and abated to every such Importer, the further allowance of Eight pounds per Cent. and no more. Importers not Retailers, shall have Abatements.

Provided, That no Merchant shall be charged with any Duty imposed by this Act for the Prizage Wine which he Imports in any Ship or Vessel: Nor shall any Security be by him given for the same, but that it be received and taken from the person who hath or enjoyeth the Benefit of the said Prizage Wine, who is hereby appointed to pay the same. Prizage Wine.

Provided always, and it is hereby Declared and Enacted, That if any of the said Imported

None shall receive back any Duties imposed by this Act.

Liquors, for which any of the Rates and Duties by this Act imposed, shall be paid down and advanced, or otherwise secured as aforesaid, shall at any time after such Importation be again Exported into parts beyond the Seas, That then and in every such case the person or persons so Exporting the same, shall be wholly barred and excluded from having or receiving back the Duties of this Act so paid down and advanced, or any part thereof: Nor shall the Security formerly given by such person Exporting, for the true Payment of the Duties by this Act imposed, be any ways Raised, Lessened, or Discharged by reason of such Exportation, but the same Securities shall remain and continue in full force, until the Duties thereby secured, be fully and wholly satisfied and paid; Any such Exportation to the contrary notwithstanding.

Power given to the Officers of the Customs to search, &c.

And for the better prevention of all such Frauds which at any time hereafter may be committed, to the prejudice of His Majesty, in the due Collecting and Receiving of the Duties hereby imposed upon such Liquors to be Imported as aforesaid, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of His Majesties Customs, or such other person or persons as His Majesty shall authorize and appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act, shall have like Power and Authority, to enter on Board Ships and Vessels, and make Searches, and to do all other matters and things which may tend to secure the true payment of the Duties by this Act imposed, and the due and orderly Collection thereof, which any Customers, Collectors, or other Officers of any His Majesties Ports, can or may do touching or securing His Majesties Customs of Tonnage and Poundage, and all the said Liquors to be Imported within the time aforesaid, and Landed without doing and performing what by this Act is required to be done and performed before the Landing thereof.

The penalties of such as shall be found to

And all Officers of His Majesties Customs, and all persons Importing any of the said Liquors, and all others imployed by His Majesty in the Collection of the Duties arising by this Act, who shall be found guilty of any act or neglect, tending to defraud His Majesty of any

any the Duties hereby imposed, shall be subject and liable to the same Seizures, Penalties, and Forfeitures, which by vertue of any former Act, can or may be inflicted in such cases, where His Majesty is defrauded or endeavoured to be defrauded of any His Customs and Subsidies, as fully and amply as if the same Clauses of Seizures, Penalties, and Forfeitures, and the same distribution of such Forfeitures, and the same remedy for recovery thereof, had been again in this Act particularly repeated, applied, and enacted. defraud His Majesty of the said Duties.

And if any Liquors seized for any Offence committed against this Act, shall be claimed by any person as the Importer thereof, the proof whether the Duties thereof be duly paid or secured, shall lie upon such Claimer, and shall not be incumbent on His Majesty, or any Prosecutor or Informer on behalf of His Majesty and himself.

And it is hereby further Declared and Enacted, That until the whole Moneys intended to be raised by an Act Entituled, An Act for raising Three hundred and ten thousand Pounds, by an Imposition upon Wines and other Liquors, be fully raised and satisfied, all Entries, Obligations and Securities made or entred into by any Retailer before the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred and seventy, for Payment of any the Duties by the said Act imposed, shall remain and continue in full force, although the Liquors, the Duties whereof are so secured, shall be uttered by Retail after the said Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred and seventy: And also that His Majesty, and all others, claiming by, from and under His Majesty, shall have the same Power and Authority for levying all Arrearages of the Rates, Duties, Fines, or Forfeitures which already are, or hereafter shall grow due by Vertue of the said Act, as fully and amply as he or they might have had, if this present Act had never been had nor made. Obligations and Securities given by any Retailers before June 24. 1670. to continue in force.

And whereas several persons have advanced great Sums of Money for His Majesties Service, at the Rate of Six pounds per Cent. upon the Security of the former Act, and in order to the Satisfaction of their Debts, are Registred in course in His Majesties Court of Exchequer, as by the said Act was required; To the end

therefore, that all and every the Rates and Impoſitions by the ſaid former Act made due and payable, may be fully anſwered, during ſuch time as the ſaid Act is to continue in force, and the ſaid Security made effectual, by a Diſcovery of ſuch Wines, and other Liquors aforelaid chargeable by the ſaid Act, which have been, or before the Four and twentieth day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy, ſhall be delivered out to any Retailer without due Payment made, or Security given for the Duties by the ſaid Act impoſed;

The Commiſſioners Authority to continue in force to the Firſt of October, 1670. and to what purpoſes.

Be it further Enacted, That the Authority given to the preſent Commiſſioners for the Execution of the ſaid former Act, ſhall continue in force until the Firſt day of October next enſuing, and ſhall be transferred to, and put in Execution by ſuch other perſons as the Kings Majeſty ſhall for that purpoſe appoint: And ſuch other perſons ſo to be appointed, ſhall have power to inform themſelves by the Entries at the Cuſtom-houſe, or otherwiſe, what Quantities of Wines have been Imported ſince the Firſt day of October laſt paſt, and what quantity of other Liquors have been Imported ſince the firſt day of February, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and nine, and to examine each Importer upon Oath, to what Retailer the ſame were Sold or Delivered: And all Importers refuſing to be ſo Examined, ſhall be, and are hereby charged with the payment of ſo much Money as the ſaid Wines, or other Liquors entred by ſuch Importer at the Cuſtom-houſe, would have amounted to, in caſe the ſame had been ſold to any Retailer: And the Oath of every Importer ſhall be, and is hereby declared a ſufficient Conviction of every Retailer touching the Quantities of Wines, or other Liquors to him Sold, or Delivered to Retail; And all and every Retailer ſhall be, and is hereby charged with ſo much Money as the Duties of ſuch Liquors ſo ſworn to be delivered, do amount unto by the ſaid former Act: and His Majeſty ſhall and may cauſe the ſame to be Levied accordingly.

Importers examined upon Oath.

And foraſmuch as great Quantities of Wine have been Imported ſince the Firſt

day

day of October, One thousand six hundred sixty and eight, by persons being Retailers of Wines, which Wines, or a great part thereof have not paid the Duty, as by the said Act ought to have been done; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Retailer shall pay the Duty for all such Wine as was by him so Imported, and the Custom-house Book, and his Entry thereof shall be a Charge upon such Retailer: And the said Retailer shall pay for all such Wines so Entred, as he shall not discharge himself either by his own Corporal Oath, or by the Oath of Two other credible Witnesses, that he hath already paid the said Duty, or secured the same, or hath sold such Wine to some other Retailer.

Retailers to pay for all Wines by them Imported from the first day of October, 1668.

Provided, That no person be compellable to Travel out of the County where he dwelleth to take the said Oath.

And be it further Enacted, That all Liquors aforesaid, which upon the Four and twentieth day of June, One thousand six hundred and seventy, shall remain in the Cellars or Store-houses of any Merchant, Importer, Wine-Cooper, or other Trading Person or Retailer (unless the said Retailer hath paid or secured the Duty) shall be liable unto, and charged with the Duty imposed by this Act, and shall pay or secure to His Majesty the Duty due for the same, having allowance of the same Abatements and Defalcations to all intents and purposes, as if the said Wine had been Imported within the time limited by this present Act.

All Liquors remaining in Cellars, Store-houses, &c. the 24. of June, 1670. liable to the Duty imposed by this Act.

And to the end that there may be an Account taken of all such Wines so remaining, Be it further Enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint one or more persons to search for the same, and take an account thereof. And if any Importer, or other person aforesaid, shall sell, remove, or otherwise dispose any such Wines before the Security given, or Money paid, as in this Act is directed in case of Importation, all such Wines so sold, removed, or disposed, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost, together with the Va-

Account.

Wines removed, or disposed before the Duty paid, shall be forfeited.

lue of the Duty which ought to have been paid His Majesty for the same; One half to His Majesty, and the other half to him or them that shall sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information: And all Moneys to be received or recovered by vertue of this Clause, shall in the first place be applied for and towards the satisfaction of such Creditors as have advanced Money upon the Credit of the said former Act, in such order and course as they now stand Registred in his Majesties Court of Exchequer.

Anno

Anno XXII & XXIII

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in *England*, and for Regulating the Plantation Trade.

WHereas the Sowing, Setting, Planting, and Curing of Tobacco within divers parts of the Kingdom of England, doth Continue and Increase, to the apparent Loss of his Majesties Customs, and the Discouragement of his Majesties Plantations in America, and great prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of this Realm, and the vent of its Commodities thither; notwithstanding an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of his Majesties Reign that now is, for the prevention thereof, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting the Planting, Setting, or Sowing of Tobacco in England and Ireland: And also one other Act of this present Parliament, made in the Fifteenth year of his said Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade;

And forasmuch as the Remedies and Provisions by those Laws, are found not large enough to obviate and prevent the Planting thereof; Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred seventy and one, all

Justices of the Peace to command all Constables, &c. to make a Return to them of what Tobacco is Planted, and upon whose Land.

Justices of the Peace, within their several Limits and Jurisdictions, shall, and do a Moneth before every General Quarter-Sessions to be holden for their respective Counties, issue forth their Warrants to all High-Constables, Petty-Constables, and Tythingmen within their several Limits, thereby requiring the said High-Constables, Petty-Constables, and Tythingmen, and every of them, to make diligent Search and Inquiry, what Tobacco is then Sown, Set, Planted, Growing, Curing, Cured or made within their several and respective Limits and Jurisdictions, and by whom; And to make a true and lawful Presentment in Writing, upon Oath, at the next General Quarter-Sessions to be holden for such County, of the Names of all such persons as have Sown, Set, Planted, Cured, or Made any Tobacco, and what the full quantity of Land is, or was Sown, Set, or Planted therewith, and who are the immediate Tenant or Tenants, or present Occupiers of the Land so Sown, Set or Planted, who are and shall be deemed Planters thereof, to all intents and purposes.

Which Presentment being Filed, shall be a sufficient Conviction,

Except upon Notice it shall be Traversed.

Which said Presentment upon Oath, shall be Received and Filed by the Clerk of the Peace of the said County, in open Sessions; and after such Receipt and Filing, shall be a sufficient Conviction in Law to all intents and purposes, of all such persons as shall be so Presented for the Sowing, Setting, Planting, Improving to Grow, Making, or Curing Tobacco, either in Seed, Plant, Leaf, or otherwise, contrary to the said recited Acts, or either of them; Unless such person or persons so Presented, (having Notice given to him or them of such Presentment made by the delivery of a Copy of such Presentment to him or them, or by leaving a Copy of such Presentment at his or their dwelling-house or houses, or usual place of abode, in the presence of one or more credible Witnesses, Ten days at the least before the next Quarter-Sessions) shall at the Quarter-Sessions next after such Notice shall be given to him or them, Traverse such Presentment, and find sufficient Sureties for the prosecuting and trying such Traverse, at the Quarter-sessions to be holden for the said County, next after such Traverse shall be entred or made.

And

And it is hereby further Enacted, That all Constables, Tythingmen, Bayliffs, and other Publick Officers, shall and do within their respective Jurisdictions, from time to time, as often as occasion shall require, within Fourteen days after Warrant from two or more of the Justices of the Peace, within such County, Town, City, or Place to them, calling to their Assistance such person or persons as they and every of them shall find convenient and necessary, pluck up, burn, consume, tear in pieces, and utterly destroy all Tobacco-Seed, Plant, Leaf planted, sowed, or growing in any Field, Earth, or Ground. Power given to all Officers, &c. to pull up, &c. and destroy all the Plants, &c.

And if any such Tobacco shall be suffered or permitted to grow, or be unconsumed in Seed, Plant, or Leaf, in any Township, Tything, Parish, Hamlet, or Place, by the space of Fourteen days after the Receipt of such Warrant or Warrants, by the said Constables, Tythingmen, Bayliffs, or other Publick Officers of the respective Townships, Tythings, Parishes, or Hamlets, as aforesaid; That then such Constables, Tythingmen, Bayliffs, or other Publick Officers respectively, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five shillings for every Rod, Perch, or Pole of Ground so Set, Planted, or Sowed with Tobacco, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity of Ground, one Moyety thereof to the Kings Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster. The Penalty of Officers not doing their Duty in destroying of it.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That in case any person or persons shall refuse or neglect to Aid or Assist (being thereunto required) any Constable, Bayliff, or other Publick Officer, in the due Execution of this Act; That every such person or persons for every such Offence, upon Conviction thereof made before Two Justices of the Peace of the said County where such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five shillings, to be Levied by Warrant from the said Justices by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods; and in case no Distress can be found, then every such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol of the said County, there to The Penalty for refusing to assist the Officers.

remain for the space of one Week, without Bail or Mainprize.

The forfeiture for resisting the Officers.

And if any person or persons whatsoever, shall forcibly resist any Constable, Bayliff, or other Publick Officer, or other person or persons whatsoever, in the due Execution of this Act, That then every such person, for every such Offence, upon Conviction thereof made before Two Justices of the Peace of the said County where such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five pounds, to be Levied by Warrant from the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods; and in case no Distress can be found, then every such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol of the said County, there to remain for the space of Three Moneths, without Bail or Mainprize.

The Officer to any Action brought against him, may plead Not guilty.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Plaint, Suit, or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons for what he or they shall do in pursuance or execution of this Act, or either of the recited Acts, such person or persons so sued in any Court whatsoever, shall or may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty, and upon any Issue joyned, may give this Act, or the said recited Acts, or either of them, and the special matter in Evidence; And

If Judgment pass for him he shall recover double Costs.

if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Non-suit, or forbear further prosecution, or suffer Discontinuance, or if a Verdict shall pass against him, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover their Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy, as in case where Costs are given by Law to the Defendants

A saving for Tobacco planted in the Physick-Gardens.

Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That this Act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend to the hindring of the Planting of Tobacco in any Physick-Garden of either University, or in any other private Garden for Physick or Chirurgery onely, so as the quantity so Planted exceed not one half of one Pole, in any one place or Garden.

And whereas by one Act of Parliament in the Fifteenth year of his Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade. It is Declared, That inasmuch as His Majesties Plantations beyond the Seas are Inhabited with his Subjects of England, for the

the maintaining a better correspondency betwixt them, and keeping them in a firmer dependance upon it, and rendring them yet more beneficial and advantagious unto it, in the further employment and encrease of English Shipping and Sea-men, vent of Woollen and other Manufactures, rendring the Navigation to and from the same more safe and cheap, and making this Kingdom a Staple, not onely of the Commodities of those Plantations, but also of the Commodities of other Countreys, for the supplying them (it being the usage of other Nations to keep their Plantation-Trades to themselves:) It was therefore Enacted, That no Goods or Commodities of Europe shall be carried into any the Plantations of Asia, Africa, or America, but what shall, Bona fide, be Laden and Shipped in England, and in English-built Ships, or Ships made free, and Navigated with English, according to an Act of Parliament on that behalf: And that no Officer of the Customs in England or Wales, shall give any Warrant, or suffer any Sugar, Tobacco, and other Plantation-Goods therein particularly named, to be carried into any other Countrey or place whatsoever, until they have been first Bona fide Unladen in England, as by the said Act doth more at large appear.

Notwithstanding which, some persons taking advantage of the not mentioning the Repealing of the word Ireland, in one Clause in an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of His Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Encouraging and Increase of Shipping and Navigation, where Bonds are directed to be taken for all Ships that shall Lade any Sugar, or other Commodities therein particularly mentioned, in any of the said Plantations, That the same Commodities shall be by the said Ship brought to some Port of England, Ireland, Wales, or Town or Port of Berwick, and shall there Unlode, and put the same on Shore, the said persons having either refused to give Bond for the return of their Ships in such case to England, Wales, or Town or Port of Berwick onely, or having given such Bonds, have nevertheless gone with their Ships to Ireland; By which means (although this Kingdom hath, and doth daily suffer a great prejudice by the Transporting great numbers of the

the people thereof to the said Plantations, for the peopling of them) yet that the Trade of them would thereby in a great measure be diverted from hence, and carried elsewhere, His Majesties Customs, and other Revenues much lessened, and this Kingdom not continue a Staple of the said Commodities of the said Plantations, nor that vent for the future, of the Victual, and other Native Commodities of this Kingdom: Be it therefore Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the word Ireland, shall from and after the Twenty fourth day of May, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and seventy one, be left out of all such Bonds which shall be taken for any Ship or Vessel which shall set Sail out of, or from England, Ireland, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any English Plantation in America, Asia, Africa; and that in case the said Ship or Vessel shall Load any of the said Commodities at any of the said English Plantations, That the said Commodities shall be by the said Ship or Vessel brought to some Port of England or Wales, or to the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and shall there Unload and put on Shore the same, (the danger of the Seas onely excepted) and in like manner for all Ships coming from any other Port or place, to any of the aforesaid Plantations, who by the aforesaid Act for Encouraging and Increase of Shipping, are permitted to Trade there; That from and after the Nine and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, the Governour of such English Plantations shall before the said Ship or Vessel be permitted to Load on Board any of the said Commodities, take Bond in manner, and to the value mentioned and directed in the above mentioned Act for the Encouraging and Increase of Shipping and Navigation, for each respective Ship or Vessel; That such Ship or Vessel shall carry all the aforesaid Goods that be Laden on Board in the said Ship, to some other of his Majesties English Plantations, or to England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; And that every such Ship or Vessel, which from and after the said Nine and twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and one, shall Load,

The word Ireland shall be left out of all Bonds that shall be taken for any Ship that shall set Sail out of, or from England, Ireland, Wales, &c. for any English Plantation in America, &c.

What Bonds the Governors of the English Plantations are directed to take.

Load, or take on Board any of the said Commodities, until such Bond given to such Governour, or Certificat produced from the Officers of some Custom-house of England, Wales, or of the Town of Berwick, That such Bond hath been there duly given, or which contrary to the Tenor of such Bond, shall carry the said Goods to any Land, Island, Territory, Dominion, Port or Place whatsoever, other then to such other English Plantations as do belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to the Kingdom of England, Principality of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and there lay the same on Shore; That every such Ship or Vessel shall be Forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, Furniture, and Lading, the one Moiety to the Kings Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall Seize and Sue for the same in any of the said Plantations, in the Court of the High Admiral of England, or of any of His Vice-Admirals, or in any Court of Record in England, wherein no Essoyn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. Forfeiture.

And whereas many Complaints have been made of Shipping, and Vessels belonging to some of His Majesties Colonies in America, that contrary to the intent and meaning of this, and other aforementioned Laws, they have brought and Transported the said Commodities to divers parts of Europe, and there Unloaded the same; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that the Governors, or their Commanders in Chief of His Majesties respective Plantations, do once a year at least, make a return to His Majesties Officers of His Customs in the Port of London, or to such other person or persons as His Majesty shall appoint to receive the same, a List of all such Ships or Vessels as shall Lade any of the said Commodities in such Plantations respectively; as also a List of all the Bonds taken by them: And in case any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesties Plantations, which shall have on Board her any Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-wool, Indicoes, Ginger, Fustick, or other Dying-wood, shall be found to have Unladed in any Port or place of Europe, other then England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That such Ship or Vessel shall be The Governors of the American Plantations, to return yearly to the Custom-house a List of all Ships, and Commodities therein.

If they shall Unlade any Sugars, &c. other then in England, &c.

The forfeiture.

be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, Furniture, and Lading, to be recovered and divided as aforesaid.

Where to be prosecuted.

And that it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, to prosecute such Ship or Vessel in any Court of Admiralty in England, the one Moiety of the Forfeiture in case of condemnation, to be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Prosecutor or Prosecutors thereof.

Tangier shall not be taken to be a Plantation within this Act.

And lastly it is hereby Enacted, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Tangier shall not be deemed or taken to be a Plantation to His Majesty belonging in Asia, Africa, or America, within the intent or meaning of this Act, or any of the aforementioned Acts, so as to enjoy any Right, Priviledge, or Benefit of Trading, to or from the said Plantations, or any of them; Any Law, Act, Usage, or Declaration to the contrary notwithstanding.

How long to continue

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for Nine years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

Anno

Anno XXV.

CAROLI II. Regis.

A Branch of an Act

25 Car. 2. Entituled, An Act for Raiſing the Sum of 1238750l. for Supplying of His Majeſties Extraordinary Occaſions.

AND to the end that all Owners of Land, whereupon this Tax principally lieth, may be the better enabled to pay the ſame, by rendring the Labours of the Husbandman, in raiſing Corn and Grain more valuable, by Exportation of the ſame into Forreign parts, which now is already at a very low Rate; and that the Nation in general may have her Stock increaſed by the Returns thereof, Be it further Enacted, That for the ſpace of Three years, from the firſt day of this Seſſion of Parliament, and from thence forward to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament, when Malt or Barley (Wincheſter Meaſure) is, or ſhall be at Twenty four ſhillings a Quarter, Rye Thirty two ſhillings a Quarter, and Wheat Fourty eight ſhillings a Quarter, or under, in any Port or Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of Wales, every Merchant or other perſon who ſhall put on Shipboard in Engliſh Shipping (the Maſter and two Thirds of his Mariners at leaſt, being his Majeſties Subjects) any ſorts of the Corn aforeſaid, from any ſuch Ports where the Rates ſhall not then be higher then as aforeſaid, with intent to Export the ſaid Corn to parts beyond the Seas, every ſuch Merchant or other perſon ſhall bring a Certificate in Writting under his or their hands, con-

Liberty given to Export Malt or Barley when it is at 32 s. per Quarter, Wheat 48 s. Rye 32 s.

Encouragement given to thoſe which ſhall Export at thoſe Rates

containing the Quantity and Quality of Corn so Shipped, to the Farmers, Commissioners, Collectors, or other persons appointed or to be appointed by his Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to Collect the Duties and Rates arising by Customs within any such Port, and upon proof made of any such Certificate by one or more credible persons upon their Oathes, which Oathes the said Commissioners or other persons are hereby Authorized and required to Administer, and upon Bond given by every such Merchant or other person in the Sum of Two hundred pounds at the least for every Hundred Tuns of Corn so Shipped, and so proportionably; That the said Corn (danger of the Seas excepted) shall be Exported into parts beyond the Seas, and not be again Landed in the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, every such Merchant so Shipping off any of the aforesaid Corn, and giving Certificate and Bond as aforesaid, shall have and receive from such Farmers, Commissioners, Collectors or other persons in any Port respectively, where the same Corn shall be so Shipped, for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, Ground or Unground, Two shillings and six pence; For every Quarter of Rye, Ground or Unground, Three shillings and six pence; For every Quarter of Wheat Ground or Unground, Five shillings: which Sum or Sums every such Commissioner, Farmer, or other persons, are hereby Authorized and Required, upon demand by such Exporter, to make present payment of accordingly, without taking or requiring any thing for Custom, or any Fee or Reward for Corn so Loaden to be Exported, or for so much Grain as shall be Exported in any Ship wherein any other Goods shall be Shipped; Any Law, Statute or Usage in any wise to the contrary notwithstanding. And upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any place or places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known English Merchants upon the place, That such Corn was there Landed, or upon proof by credible persons, That such Corn was

taken

taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, the examination and proof thereof being left to the judgment of ſuch Commiſſioners, Farmers, or other perſons; which proof being made, or Certificate delivered to ſuch perſon or perſons reſpectively, as took Bond as aforeſaid, the ſaid Bond ſhall be delivered up to ſuch Importer, or his Order to be Cancelled, without any Fee for the ſame; And the Moneys by any ſuch Commiſſioners, Farmers, Collector, or other perſon, ſo paid in obedience to this Act, ſhall be accepted of in his or their Accounts, as ſo much paid to his Majeſty; and he and they is and ſhall be diſcharged thereof accordingly.

Anno

Anno XXV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for taking off Aliens Duty upon Commodities of the Growth, Product, and Manufacture of the Nation.

Whereas by a Statute made in the Eleventh year of King Henry the Seventh, it is Enacted That all Merchant-Strangers, and others that be made Denizens by the Kings Letters Patents, or otherwise, shall pay such Customs and Subsidies for their Goods and Merchandize Inwards and Outwards, as they should have paid, if such Letters Patents had never to them been made: And whereas by one other Statute made in the Twelfth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported; and afterwards Confirmed by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth year of His said Majesties Reign, it is Enacted, That every Merchant Natural-born Subject, Denizen, and Alien, shall pay the Sum of Twelve pence for all manner of Goods or Merchandize to be carried out of this Realm, or to be brought into the same by way of Merchandize, amounting to the Value of Twenty shillings according to the Book of Rates, whereto reference is made by the said Statute; and that every Merchant-Alien shall pay the Sum of Twelve pence over and above the Twelve pence aforesaid

ſaid, for all manner of the Native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufactures wrought of any ſuch Native Commodities of the Value of Twenty ſhillings, to be carried out of this Realm by ſuch Merchant-Aliens: And whereas by another Clauſe of the ſaid Statute of the Twelfth year of His Majeſties Reign that now is, it is Enacted, That all Strangers and Aliens ſhall pay Six ſhillings and eight pence per Piece for every ſhort Cloth to be carried out of this Realm by ſuch Strangers or Aliens: And whereas by the Twelfth Article of Rules, Orders, Directions, and Allowances annexed to the ſaid Book of Rates, it is recited, ordered, and directed, That Merchant-ſtrangers ſhould pay double Petty-Cuſtom for Lead, Tyn, Woollen-Cloth, and for Native Manufactures of Wooll, or part of Wooll, and for all other Goods, as well Inwards as Outwards, rated to pay the Subſidy of Poundage, Three pence in the pound, and other Duties payable by Charta Mercatoria, beſides the Subſidy; Be it Enacted by the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame; That ſo much, and ſuch Clauſes onely of the ſaid Statutes of the Eleventh year of Henry the Seventh, and of the Twelfth year of our Sovereign Lord the King that now is, and of the ſaid Twelfth Article of Rules, Orders, Directions, and Allowances, and of Charta Mercatoria therein mentioned, and all other Clauſes contained in any other Act or Statutes of this Realm whatſoever, as do any ways concern any Cuſtom or Subſidy, upon any of the Native Commodities of this Kingdom, (except Coals) or Manufactures Wrought or Made in this Kingdom, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be Exported out of this Realm, payable by any Merchant-Alien made Denizen, or other Stranger or Alien, over and above the Cuſtom and Subſidy payable by His Majeſties Naturall-born Subjects, and no more, be hereby Repealed. Part of the ſaid Statutes of 11 Hen. 7. & 12 & 13 Caroli 2. is hereby Repealed.

And for the further explanation hereof, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt day of May, which ſhall be in the year One thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy

Denizens, Strangers, and Aliens, shall pay no more for the Native Commodities of this Nation, then the Kings Natural-born Subjects, except for Coals.

venty three, every such Merchant, Denizen, Stranger, or Alien, shall pay for all Merchandize consisting of any the Native Commodities of this Realm, (except Coals) or Manufactures Wrought or Made in the Kingdom of England, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be carried out of this Realm by any such Merchant, Denizen, Stranger, or Alien, such Customs and Subsidies onely, and no other or greater then Merchants being the Kings Natural-born Subjects, do by vertue of the said Statute of the Twelfth year of his Majesty that now is, pay for any Merchandize of the Native Commodities of this Realm, (except Coals) or Manufactures Wrought or Made in this Kingdom, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to be Exported out of this Realm, by such Natural-born Subjects, any Law, Custom, or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

What they shall pay for Fish.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of May, which shall be in ỳ year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, every Merchant, Denizen, or Alien, shall pay for all sorts of Fish caught by English-men, and Exported in English Shipping, and whereof the Master and three Fourths of the Mariners shall be English, such Customs and Subsidies onely, and no greater, or other then Merchants, being Natives of this Realm, do pay for the same.

Anno

Anno XXV

CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for the Encouragement of the Green-land, and East-land Trades, and for the better Securing the Plantation-Trade.

The Reasons for this Act.

FOrasmuch as the Whale-Fishing is a very considerable and profitable Trade, giving Imployments to great numbers of Seamen and Shipping; And whereas Neighbouring Nations do yearly make great advantage thereby; not onely supplying themselves with that sort of Oyl and Finns, but Vending into other Parts great Quantities thereof, and particularly into this Kingdom, where the said Trade is in a manner quite decayed and lost: For remedy thereof, and encouragement of such as shall be willing to employ themselves and their Estates in this Trade, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for all His Majesties Subjects of this His Realm of England and Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and for every other person or persons of what Nation soever, residing and inhabiting here, during the time of such their Residence, freely to Trade into and from Greenland, and those Seas, and there to take Whales, and all other sorts of Fish, and to Import into this Kingdom all sorts of Oyl, Blubber, and Finns thereof, and to use and exercise

Liberty given for all persons to Trade into Greenland, and to Import into this Kingdom all sorts of Oyl, &c.

exercise all other Trade to and from Greenland, and those parts: And for the further encouraging of the said Trade, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for any person or persons, Native or Forreigner, to Import Train-Oyl, or Blubber of Greenland, and parts adjacent, and those Seas, or of New-found-land, or of any other His Majesties Colonies and Plantations, made of Fish, or of any other Creature living in the Seas, and Whale-Fins caught in any Ships or Vessels truly and properly belonging to England, or Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and Imported in such Ships, without paying any Custom or other Duty for the same; And for the Tun of such Oyl taken by any Shipping belonging to any of His Majesties Colonies and Plantations, and Imported in such Shipping, there shall be paid the Sum of Six shillings; and for every Tun of Whale-Fins taken and Imported in such Shipping, the Sum of Fifty shillings; and for the Tun of such Oyl taken by the said Shipping, but Imported in Shipping belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the Sum of Three shillings; and for every Tun of Whale-Fins taken and Imported in such Shipping, the Sum of Five and twenty shillings; and for the Tun of all such Oyl and Blubber of Foreign Fishing, the Sum of Nine pounds; and for every Tun of Whale-Fins of Foreign Fishing, the Sum of Eighteen pounds, and no more. And in regard there are at present great want of Harpinieres and Seamen skilled and exercised in the Trade of Whale-Fishing, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel truly belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and whereof the Master shall be an English-man, and Inhabiting within the Places aforesaid, from and after the First of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, and until the Five and twentieth of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty and three, employed for the Catching of Whales, during such Voyage to be Navigated with one Moyety of the Harpinieres, and the

Without paying any Custom or Duty for any such Goods brought in by any English or Welsh Vessel.

If by any Shipping of the Kings Colonies & Plantations, then the several Rates mentioned in this Act.

Liberty given to have one Moiety of Harpinieres and

the one moyety of the rest of the Mariners onely English, and yet to pay no further, or other Custom for the Oyl, Blubber, or Finns caught and Imported in such Ship or Vessel, then if such Ship or Vessel had been Navigated with three Fourths of the Mariners English; Any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

one Moiety of English Mariners in an English Vessel, with the same Priviledges as before.

Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no English-built Ship, or other Ship or Vessel belonging to England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, Importing Whale-Oyl, or Blubber, or other Fish, Oyl, or Whale-Finns of Greenland, or those Seas, shall enjoy any benefit or priviledge by this Act, unless such Ship or Vessel did proceed on her Voyage for Greenland and those Seas, from England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and was Victualled for the said Voyage in some of those places, to be Attested by the Collector of the Port where the said Ship or Vessel was Victualled; And whereas by one Act passed in this present Parliament, in the Twelfth year of Your Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation, and by several other Laws passed since that time, it is permitted to Ship, Carry, Convey, and Transport Sugar, Tobacco, Cotton-wooll, Indico, Ginger, Fustick, and all other Dying-Wood, of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of any of Your Majesties Plantations in America, Asia, or Africa, from the places of their Growth, Production, and Manufacture, to any other of Your Majesties Plantations in those parts, (Tangier onely excepted) and that without paying of Custom for the same, either at the Lading or Unlading of the said Commodities, by means whereof the Trade and Navigation in those Commodities, from one Plantation to another, is greatly increased, and the Inhabitants of divers of those Colonies, not contenting themselves with being supplied with those Commodities for their own use, free from all Customs, (while the Subjects of this Your Kingdom of England have paid great Customs and Impositions for what of them hath been spent here) but contrary to the express letter

The English who are to have the benefit of this Act, must proceed from England to Greenland.

of the aforesaid Laws, have brought into divers parts of Europe, great quantities thereof, and do also daily send great quantities thereof to the Shipping of other Nations, who bring them into divers parts of Europe, to the great hurt and diminution of Your Majesties Customs, and of the Trade and Navigation of this Your Kingdom; For the prevention thereof, We Your Majesties Commons in Parliament Assembled, do pray that it may be Enacted, And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the First day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred seventy and three, if any Ship or Vessel which by Law may Trade in any of Your Majesties Plantations, shall come to any of them to Ship and take on Board any of the aforesaid Commodities; and that Bond shall not be first given with one sufficient Surety, to bring the same to England or Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and to no other place; and there to unload and put the same on shore, (the danger of the Seas onely excepted) That there shall be answered and paid to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, for so much of the said Commodities as shall be Laded and put on Board such Ship or Vessel, these following Rates and Duties: That is to say, For Sugar White, the Hundred Weight containing One hundred and twelve pounds, Five shillings; And Brown Sugar, and Muscavadoes, the Hundred Weight containing One hundred and twelve pounds, One shilling and six pence; For Tobacco, the pound One peny; For Cotton-wool, the pound One half-peny; For Indico, the pound Two pence; For Ginger, the Hundred Weight containing One hundred and twelve pounds, One shilling; For Logwood, the Hundred Weight containing One hundred and twelve pounds, Five pounds; For Fustick, and all other Dying-wood, the Hundred Weight containing One hundred and twelve pounds, Six pence: And also for every pound of Ca-

Bonds to be given to bring all Goods of the American Plantations to England.

The Rates for the Customs to be paid.

cao-

cao-Nuts, One penny, to be Levied, Collected, and Paid at such Places, and to such Collectors, and other Officers as shall be appointed in the respective Plantations, to Collect, Levy, and Receive the same before the Lading thereof, and under such Penalties both to the Officers, and upon the Goods, as for Non-payment of, or defrauding His Majesty of His Customs in England. Penalty.

And for the better Collection of the several Rates and Duties aforesaid Imposed by this Act. Be it Enacted, and it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this whole Business shall be ordered and managed, and the several Duties hereby Imposed, shall be caused to be Levied by the Commissioners of the Customs in England, now and for the time being, by and under the Authority and Directions of the Lord Treasurer of England, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being. The Duty to be Levied by the Commissioners of the Customs in England.

And in case any Person or Persons liable by this Law to pay any of the Duties aforementioned, shall not have Moneys wherewith to answer and pay the same, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers appointed to Collect the same, shall accept instead of such Moneys, such a proportion of the Commodities to be Shipped, as shall amount to the Value thereof, according to the current Rate of the said Commodities in such Plantation respectively. If the party shall not have ready money, then the Commissioners to take a proportion of the Commodities.

And for Encouragement of the Eastland Trade, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every Person and Persons, Native or Forreigner, from and after the First day of May, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred seventy and three, at all times to have free Liberty to Trade into, and from Sweden, Denmark, and Norway; Any thing in the Char- It shall be free for all persons to Trade to Sweden, Denmark, and Norway.

ter of the Governor, Assistants, and Fellowship of Merchants of Eastland, or any other Charter, Grant, Act, or any thing else heretofore made or done, or hereafter to be done to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Any person Subject of this Realm shall be admitted into the Eastland Company, paying for his Admittance 40 s.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatsoever person or persons Subjects of this Realm, shall desire to be admitted into the said Fellowship of Merchants of Eastland, That every such person shall be admitted into the said Fellowship, paying for his Admission the sum of Forty shillings, and no more.

Anno

Anno XXV
CAROLI II. Regis.

An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coynage.

FOrasmuch as great Advantage hath accrewed to this Kingdom, by one Act of this present Parliament, passed in the eighteenth year of Your Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for Encouragement of Coynage, for that very great quantities of Gold and Silver have been brought into this Realm, and Converted into the Current Coyne thereof, by reason of the encouragement given thereto by the said Act; And whereas the said Act was to continue until the Twentieth of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred seventy and one, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer, so as that unless the said Act be now renewed, the Encouragement given thereby to Coynage will cease, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of so great a good, as it hath thereby for these years last past enjoyed; We therefore Your Majesties Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do humbly pray that it may be Enacted, And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons now in Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall continue and be in force for the space of Seven years, to commence from and after the determination of this present Session

How long to continue.

of this Parliament, and until the end of the First Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer.

Where the money collected upon the Act of 18 Car. 2. was to be paid.

Provided always, that whereas by the said Act it is Enacted, That the Moneys Levied, Collected, and Paid by vertue thereof, should be Levied, Collected, and Paid at the respective Custom-houses, to the Collectors and other Officers of the Customs for the time being, and be by them respectively Paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, whereby each of the said Collectors are obliged to pass a distinct Accompt in the Exchequer, for the moneys Received by them by virtue of the said Act, although the sums Received by many of them are very small and inconsiderable, and yet no allowance to be made unto them for the doing thereof.

To whom the moneys Collected upon this Act shall be paid.

For the avoiding of this unnecessary trouble and inconvenience to the said Collectors, Be it Enacted, and it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during such time as the Customs shall be in Collection, under the management of Commissioners, the moneys Collected, Levied, and Paid by virtue of this Act, shall be Levied, Collected, and Paid to such Officers, as do or shall from time to time Collect and Receive the Customs in the respective Ports upon the Commodities charged by this Act, and shall be by them respectively answered, and paid to the Receiver-general of the Customs now, and for the time being, whose Acquittance shall be to them and every of them, a sufficient Discharge for the moneys by them Paid to him, and a Certificate by them obtained yearly, or oftner, from the Comptroller-General of the Accompts of the Customs now and for the time being, with the Allowance of the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Three or more of them, of their having so Paid all the moneys by them Received, shall be to them and every of them a Quietus, and free them from all other Accompts, or trouble for the same.

Quietus.

And in case the Customs shall be Farmed, that the Moneys Levied, Collected, and Paid by vertue of this Act during such time, shall be Collected, Levied, and Paid in the respective Ports to such persons as shall be appointed by the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for

for the time being, to Levy, Collect, and Receive the same, and be by them Paid to such person as shall be in like manner appointed to receive the said Moneys from them, whose Acquittance shall be to them and every of them a sufficient Discharge for the moneys by them paid to him; and a Certificate by them obtained yearly, or oftner, from such person or persons as shall be in like manner appointed to give such Certificate of their having so paid all the Moneys by them received, shall be to them and every of them a Quietus, and free them from all other Accounts, or trouble for the said Moneys; Any thing in the said Act for the encouragement of Coynage, or any other Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding. Quietus est.

And it is hereby Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Moneys to be Levied, Collected, and Paid by vertue of this Act, shall be Levied, Collected, and Paid at the Importation of the Commodities charged thereby; and that over and above all other Duties and Sums of Moneys charged and payable upon the same, and under the same Penalties and Forfeitures, as for Non-payment of, or defrauding His Majesty of His Customs upon the said Commodities. To be paid at the Importation of the Commodities. Penalty.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Moneys Collected in the respective Ports by vertue of this Act, shall be by the respective Officers who shall Collect the same, distinguished and kept apart from all other Moneys by them Collected upon the same Commodities, or upon any other Commodity or Merchandize whatsoever, and shall be by them respectively so answered and paid Monethly at least from the Officers of the Port of Lodon, and Quarterly at least from the Officers of the Out-Ports, to the Receiver-General of the Customs for the time being; And when there shall be no such Receiver-General, to such other person as shall be appointed as aforesaid to receive the same from them: And that such Receiver-general, or other person who shall receive the said Moneys from the Officers of the respective Ports, shall also keep the same distinct from all other Moneys whatsoever, and so pay the same once in every Moneth at least into the Receipt of the Exchequer; there also to be kept distinct and apart from all other The money to be kept by it self, and paid Monethly.

Moneys arising by the Customs, or by any other Way or Revenue whatsoever.

Salaries to be allowed to the Officers for Collecting of it.

And lastly, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Encouragement of the respective Officers before mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to allow unto them out of the Moneys arising by this Act for the Services abovementioned, such Salaries and Allowances as to them shall seem meet and reasonable; so as that the said Salaries and Allowances do not exceed in the whole, the Sum of Twelve pence in the Pound of the Moneys Collected by this Act.

A Col-

A Collection of ſeveral Variations from the Book of Rates and Act for Tonnage and Poundage, by ſeveral Laws ſince made and in force 29th of *September*, 1674. as now Practiſed in the Port of *LONDON*.

Inwards.

SAlt Imported from *Scotland* into *England*, to pay to His Majeſty One Half-peny for every Gallon of *Wincheſter* Meaſure. 14 Car. II. page 168.

Vinegar, Perry, Rape, Cider, and Cider-eger, of any ſort or kind whatſoever, Imported, to pay to the Kings Majeſty a Subſidy of Tonnage of 4 *l.* 10 *s.* the Ton by *Engliſh*, and the Sum of 6 *l.* Imported by Strangers, according to the Rates ſet on *French* Wine in *London*, is Nett for the *Engliſh*, deducting 12 *per Cent.* for Leakage 3 *l.* 19 *s.* 2½ *per* Ton, and 5 *l.* 5 *s.* 7¼. for the Stranger. p. 162.

To be repaid upon Exportation, as is directed in the Act for prevention of Frauds, according to the Rules of the Book of Rates.

Wood called Logwood or Blockwood Imported, to pay 5 *l. per* Ton, if Exported, to have repaid 4 *l. per* Ton, p. 164.

All Goods Exported and Imported to and from the *Mediterranean* Sea, beyond *Malaga*, in any Ship not having 2 Decks and 16 pieces of Ordnance mounted, and two men to each p. 167.

Gun, ſhall pay over and above the Rates impoſed by the Book of Rates, 1 *per Cent.* Yet if half her Lading outwards be Fiſh from any of his Majeſties Dominions, any Merchandize may be Imported in the ſaid Ship for that Voyage, without payment of this Duty inwards. But her half-lading of Fiſh doth not excuſe her from the payment of the ſaid 1 *per Cent.* outwards.

12 Car. 2. 14 Car. 2. p. 121. p. 162. Every Ship or Veſſel belonging to the *French* Kings Subjects, which ſhall lade or unlade any Goods, or take in or ſet on Shore any Paſſengers in any Port of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, ſhall pay for every Ton of which the ſaid Ship or Veſſel is of Burden, the ſum of 5 *s.* the Ton.

Which is to continue to be paid for ſuch time as a certain Duty of 50 Sols *per* Ton lately impoſed by the ſaid *French* King, or any part thereof ſhall continue to be Collected on Shipping of *England* lading in *France*, and three Moneths after, and no longer.

25 Car. 2. p. 191. Foreign Fiſhing:

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
Cod-fiſh to pay by way of Cuſtom and Impoſt, the Barrel	00	05	00
The Laſt, cont. 12 Barrels	03	00	00
The Hundred, cont. 120	00	10	00
Cole-fiſh the Hundred, 120	00	05	00
Ling the Hundred, 120	01	00	00
White-Herring the Laſt	01	16	00
Haddock the Barrel	00	02	00
Gull-fiſh the Barrel	00	02	00

18 Car. 2. p. 202. No Ling, Herring, Cod, or Pilcher, freſh or ſalted, dry or bloated, nor any Salmon, Eels, or Congers taken by Foreigners, aliens to this Kingdom, ſhall be Imported, uttered, ſold, or expoſed to ſale in this Kingdom: To continue for

for Seven years, and to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Brandy-Wine and Strongwaters Imported, are to pay for Coynage *per* Ton——— 1 *l.* 18 Car. 2. p. 197.

Wines, Vineger, Sider and Beer——10 *s.*

To be repaid upon Exportation.

Corn Imported, at what Price, and what Duty.

For every Quarter of Wheat not exceeding the price of 2 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof the ſum of 16 *s.* The Act for Tillage 22 Car. 2. p. 211.

When the price ſhall exceed 2 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* the Quarter, and yet not above 4 *l.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof the ſum of 8 *s.*

For every Quarter of Rye not exceeding the price of 40 *s.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof, the ſum of 16 *s.* the Quarter.

For every Quarter of Barley and Malt not exceeding the price of 32 *s.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof, the ſum of 16 *s.* the Quarter.

For every Quarter of Buckwheat not exceeding the price of 32 *s.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof the ſum of 16 *s.* the Quarter.

For every Quarter of Oats not exceeding the price of 16 *s.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom and Poundage thereof, the ſum of 5 *s.* 4 *d.* the Quarter.

For every Quarter of Beans or Peaſe not exceeding the price of 40 *s.* the Quarter, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom

Corn Imported, at what Price, and what Duty.

ſtom and Poundage thereof, the ſum of 16 *s.* the Quarter.

Every Quarter to contain 8 Buſhels, and each Buſhel to contain 8 Gallons, and no more.

p. 211. But when the Prices of the ſeveral ſorts of Corn and Grain aforementioned, ſhall exceed the reſpective Rates aforeſaid at the times and places of Importation, that then, and in every ſuch caſe there ſhall be anſwered and paid for the ſame the Duties in ſuch caſe payable before the making of this Act; *Viz.*

For every Quarter of Wheat—	04 *d.*
For every Quarter of Rye—	03 *d.*
For every Quarter of Beans, Barley and Malt—	03 *d.*
For every Quarter of Oats—	02 *d.* $\frac{2}{5}$

Note, that 5 *per Cent.* is not allowed out of the great Duty.

p. 212. And for every Hundred weight of French or Pearl-Barley, there ſhall be paid for the Cuſtom, the ſum of Five ſhillings.

22 & 23 Car. 2. Act for exporting Beer and Ale. Mum Imported, and again Exported, to have no pare of the Cuſtoms repaid.

This Act to continue for Six years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

The

The Nett Duties of every Ton of Wine, according to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, whether Imported by Engliſh or Aliens; Viz.

			Subſidy.	Additional. Ready money.	Additional. Bond.
London.	French Wine.	By Engliſh unfilled, the Ton	3 19 2½	2 08 10½	2 12 10
		By Aliens unfilled, the Ton	5 05 7¼		
		By Engliſh filled up, the Ton—	4 10 00	2 15 06	3 00 00
		By Aliens filled up, the Ton—	6 00 00		
	Sweet Wine.	By Engliſh unfilled, the Ton	3 19 2½	3 05 01½	3 10 05
		By Aliens unfilled, the Ton	5 05 7¼		
		By Engliſh filled up, the Ton—	4 10 00	3 14 00	4 00 00
		By Aliens filled up, the Ton—	6 00 00		
	Rh. Wine.	By Engliſh, the Awme———	0 17 7¼	0 08 02	
		By Aliens, the Awme———	1 02 00		
Out-Ports.	Fr. & Sweet Wine.	By Engliſh unfilled, the Ton	2 12 10	Additional the ſame with London.	
		By Aliens unfilled, the Ton	3 19 2½		
		By Engliſh filled up, the Ton—	3 00 00		
		By Aliens filled up, the Ton—	4 10 00		
	Rh. Wine.	By Engliſh, the Awme———	0 17 7¼	0 08 02	
		By Aliens, the Awme———	1 02 00		

All

All French and Sweet Wines brought from any of the Out-Ports to *London*, are to pay 1 *l.* 6 *s.* 5 *d. per* Ton Nett, over and above the Duties paid for the ſame at the Out-Ports.

22 Car. 2. *An Impoſition on Wines and Vinegar*; Viz.

P. 215, 216, 217. On every Ton of French Wine and Vinegar Imported, the ſum of 8 *l. per* Ton.

On every Ton of Spaniſh and all other ſorts of Wines, the ſum of 12 *l. per* Ton.

To continue from the 24 of *June*, 1670. to 24 *June*, 1678.

For which Duties the Importer may give Security to pay the ſame at Three three Moneths, and have the Allowances and Abatements of the Act of Tonnage and Poundage for Wines, as alſo 8 *l. per Cent.* for Damage in the Cellar, and if he will pay ready Money, he ſhall be allowed and abated after the rate of 10 *l. per Cent. per annum*; Oath being made, that the ſame are Imported by way of Merchandize, and with intent to ſell again.

But if he be a Vintner, Retailer or Importer for private uſe, he is to pay the whole Duty down, no Security to be accepted for the ſame, or any Abatement or Diſcount to be therefore made, upon any pretence whatſoever.

The Nett Duties payable for each Ton, all Allowances and Abatements being deducted, are as follow.

			Ready money.			By Bond.		
French Wine. For sale	unfilled, the Ton		06	03	0¾	06	09	6½
	filled up, the Ton		06	19	10	07	07	2⅝
French Wine. Prizage Wine	unfilled, the ton		06	13	9¼	07	00	9¾
	filled up, the ton		07	12	00	08	00	00
Sweet Wines, & all other sorts. For sale	unfilled, the ton		09	04	7¼	09	14	3¾
	filled up, the ton		10	09	9¼	11	00	9¾
Sweet Wines, & all other sorts. Prizage Wine	unfilled, the ton		10	00	08	10	11	2½
	filled up, the ton		11	08	00	12	00	00
Vinegar. For sale	unfilled, the ton		06	12	10	06	19	10½
	filled up, the ton		06	19	10½			
French Wines, and Vinegar,	By Vintners, Retailers, or for private use, the ton		08	00	00			
Sweet Wines, & all other sorts.	By Vintners, Retailers, or for private use, the Ton		12	00	00			

No part of this Duty to be repaid upon Exportation. pag. 218.

Train-Oyl, or Blubber-Oyl of *Greenland* and parts adjacent, and those Seas, or of *New-found-land*, or of any other his Majesties Colonies and Plantations, made of Fish 25 Car. 2. page 237. 238, 239.

or

or any other Creature living in the Seas, and Whale-fins, caught in any Ships or Veſſels truly and properly belonging to *England* or *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and Imported in ſuch Ships; No Cuſtom or other Duty to be paid for the ſame, whether Imported by Engliſh or Aliens during the reſidence of the ſaid Aliens in *England*, ; provided the Ship was Victualled in *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, and did thence proceed on her Voyage for *Greenland*, or any the places aforementioned.

And for every Ton of ſuch Oyl taken by any Shipping belonging to any of his Majeſties Colonies and Plantations, and Imported in ſuch Shipping, there ſhall be paid the ſum of 6 *s.*

And for every Ton of Whale-fins taken and Imported in ſuch Shipping, the ſum of 50 *s.*

And for every Ton of ſuch Oyl taken by the ſaid Shipping, but Imported in Shipping belonging to *England*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the ſum of 3 *s.*

And for every Ton of Whale-fins taken and Imported in ſuch Shipping, the ſum of 25 *s.*

And for the Ton of all ſuch Oyl and Blubber of Foreign Fiſhing, the ſum of 9 *l.*

And for every Ton of Whale-fins of Foreign Fiſhing, the ſum of 18 *l.* and no more.

Note, that all Goods Imported liable to pay Aliens Duties, by vertue of the Act of Navigation, and *Charta Mercatoria*, are not to have any abatement of 5 *per Cent.* out of the petty Cuſtom.

A Pro-

A Proclamation

Touching the Free Importation of Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace into this Kingdom.

CHARLES R.

WHereas by an Act made by the Lords and Commons Assembled at Westminster, in the Twelfth year of Our Reign, with Our Consent, Entituled, An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, and after Confirmed by an Act made in this present Parliament, It was Enacted and Declared, That no Goods or Commodities that were of Foreign Growth, Production, or Manufacture, and which were to be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English-built Shipping, or other Shipping belonging to some of the aforesaid places, and Navigated by English Mariners, as in the same Act is particularly mentioned, should be Shipped or brought from any Place or Places, Countrey or Countreys, but only from those of their said Growth, Production or Manufacture, or from those parts where the said Goods and Commodities could only, or were, or usually have been first Shipped for Transportation, and from none other Places or Countreys; under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all such of the aforesaid Goods as should be Imported from any other Place or Countrey, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the same Act, as also of the Ship in which they were Imported, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, as in and by the same Act (amongst other things) may more fully appear: And whereas it is manifest to Us by the Certificate of the late Commissioners of Our Customs, made to Our High-Treasurer and Chancellor of Our Exchequer, after Consultation and Advice with several Merchants, and the chief of the Grocers Company in London, That Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, Imported in England since the Making and Publishing the said Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, have been by stealth only, and without paying any Custom, brought in by the Dutch and Foreign Merchants, and foul Traders at home, and that it must necessarily be so, because the Dutch are Prohibited, (who have for many years had the sole Trade

Trade thereof) and the English cannot Transport them from Holland, because they Import them not from the place of their Growth, and the English East-India-Company themselves having no capacity to do it until they be restored to Poleroon, or gain some of the Spice-Islands; so as neither to them (until such a conjuncture) nor to any other would a general freedom of Importing the same Spices be any prejudice, but would certainly render the Commodity cheaper to Our good Subjects of this Our Kingdom, then now it is, and not only give great content and satisfaction to all Merchants and Traders in Spices, but redound to the universal good of Trade: We taking the same into Our Princely Consideration, and intending the Publick good and benefit of Our loving Subjects herein, Do by this Our Proclamation (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) Publish and Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, That it shall and may be lawful, and We do hereby Give and Grant unto all Merchants and other persons whatsoever, full and free Licence and Liberty from the Publication hereof, to Import Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, in any English Ships from any parts beyond the Seas, into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Isles of Guernsey and Jersey, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, paying the Customs and Duties thereof, according to the Book of Rates in that behalf made and established, until the said East-India-Company can serve this Our Kingdom and the parts aforesaid with the same Commodities from India, and Our Pleasure be thereupon Published to the contrary, and that without any Pain, Penalty, or Forfeiture whatsoever for the same: And We do hereby Will and Command all Our Officers and Subjects whatsoever, That they do not presume to seize or meddle with any Goods or Ship, or any the Tackle thereof, or any ways Molest, Sue, or Question any Merchant, or other person or persons whatsoever, for, or by means or colour of Importation of any the Spices aforesaid, according to the Licence and Liberty therein hereby given and granted as aforesaid; the said Act of Navigation, or any Clause, Matter or thing therein contained, or any other Act, Ordinance, Provision, or Proclamation whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Given at our Court at Whitehall, the Twentieth day of December, 1662. in the Fourteenth year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

A Proclamation.

Concerning the Acts of Navigation and Encouragement of Trade.

CHARLES R.

WE taking into Our Princely consideration, of what import it is to the Trade, Shipping, and Seamen of this Our Kingdom, That an Act Entituled, An Act for the increase of Shipping and Navigation, be in all the matters, clauses, and things therein contained, punctually observed: And an Address having been made unto Us the last Session of Parliament by Our House of Commons, Shewing that several Goods and Merchandizes have been Imported contrary thereunto, to the great discouragement of such Merchants who do honestly and truly observe the same, and Import their Merchandizes in such manner, and from such places as is therein required; And whereas one other Act is passed this last Session of Parliament, Entituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade, wherein are many matters of great advantage to this Our Kingdom, if well observed; We have thought fit, and do hereby with the Advice of Our Council, Publish and Declare, and Our Will and Pleasure is, That both these Acts be punctually observed; And We hereby strictly will and require all Officers of Our Customs, and all others whom it may concern, to imploy their utmost diligence for the due observation and execution of both the said Acts, upon such pains as by Law they shall become liable unto, and the incurring Our utmost displeasure. And whereas by Our Proclamation of the Twentieth of December One thousand six hundred sixty two, We did with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Grant to all Merchants, and other persons whatsoever, full and free Licence and Liberty to Import Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace in any English Ships from any Ports beyond the Seas, into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, Isles of Gueroſey, Jerſey, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, paying the Customs and Duties thereof, according to the Book of Rates in that behalf made and established, until the English East-India-Company can serve this Our Kingdom, and the parts aforesaid, with the same Commodities from India, and Our Pleasure be thereupon published to the contrary, and that without any pain, penalty, or forfeiture whatsoever for the same; Any

thing

thing in the Act for Increase of Shipping and Navigation to the contrary notwithstanding. And whereas one principal motive or reason moving Us thereunto, was the prevention of stealing Custom for the said Commodity; But being informed, That many persons who do Import the same, do continue their undue practises, and still defraud Us of Our Dues, We have thought fit by this Our further Proclamation, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish and Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, That from and after the Twenty ninth of September following, no Merchant, or other person whatsoever shall have any benefit of that Our Proclamation, but such as shall before Lading of any the said Spices in any Ports beyond the Seas, give notice of their intention of Lading the same, unto Our Commissioners or Farmers of Our Customs at the Custom-house in London for the time being, with a particular Invoyce of the several Spices intended by them to be Laden, with their Quantity, Quality, and name of the Ship, and Master or Commander of the Ship on which they intend to lade them, and the place into which they intend to Import the same, and shall have a License under the Hands of Our said Commissioners or Farmers for the time being, or any three of them, for the Importing the same in such Ship, for such Port as aforesaid; Which said License they are hereby authorized and required to grant without any Fee, Gratuity, or other Charge whatsoever, to the person demanding the same.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the Six and Twentieth day of August, 1663. In the Fifteenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

Outwards.

Outwards.

SEa-Coals may be Exported to any of his Majesties Plantations, paying for each Chalder *Newcastle* Measure 1 *s.* 8 *d.* and for each Chalder *London* Measure 1 *s.* and no more. 15 Car. 2. Act of Trade, p. 189.

Provided that such Sea-coals be Shipped in English Shipping Navigated by English, and good Security given to the Officers of the Customs in such Ports where they are Shipt, for the Landing of them in the said Plantations.

Any person may from *England* or *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or from any Port thereof where there is a Customer or Collector, Export all sorts of Foreign Coyn or Bullion, Gold or Silver, first making Entry thereof in the Custom-house belonging to any of the said Ports, without paying any Duty Custom, Poundage, or Fee for the same; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding. p. 189.

All sorts of Leather, Sheep-skins, or Calve-skins, Tanned, Tawed or Dresst, may be Exported, paying for each Hundred weight the sum of 12 *d.* and no more, whether Exported by Native or Foreigner. 20 Car. 2. pag. 203.

To continue from the 25 of *March*, 1668. to 25 *March*, 1675. and thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

Every person, Native or Foreigner, at any time or times, may Ship, Lade, and Transport by way of Merchandize, these sorts of Goods following, paying the Custom and Poundage due for the same; *Viz.* 22 Car. 2. Act of Tillage, p. 212.

For every Barrel of Butter, the sum of one shilling.

For

For every Hundred weight of Cheese, 4 *d.* and no more.

For every Ox or Steer Transported by Native or Foreigner, the sum of 12 *d.* and no more.

pag. 213. For every Cow or Heifer Transported by Native or Foreigner, the sum of 12 *d.* and no more.

For every Hog or Swine Transported, each Swine or Hog 2 *d.* and no more.

For every Horse or Mare Transported by Native or Foreigner into any parts beyond the Seas, in Amity with his Majesty, the sum of 5 *s.* and for each Gelding the sum of 5 *s.* and no more.

pag. 212. Note, that Beef, Pork, Bacon, Butter, Cheese and Candles, may be Transported by Native or Foreigner, though the same do exceed in Price at the Ports from whence they are Laden, and at the time of their Lading the Prices set down and limited in the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, &c. the said Act or any other Law, Statute, Usage or Prohibition to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding, paying for the same the respective Rates appointed by the said Act, except for Butter and Cheese.

22 & 23 Car. 2. Act for Exporting Beer and Ale. Strong Beer, Strong Ale or Mum, may be Exported by any person in any Vessel, paying for every Ton One shilling, and no more.

To continue from the 26 of *June*, 1671. for Six years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

25 Car. 2. All Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the

the Growth, Production or Manufacture of this Nation to be Exported, are taken off, except Sea-coals and Fiſh carried out in Foreign Shipping. pag. 234, 235, 236.

Malt or Barley, *Winchester* Meaſure, being at 24 *s.* the Quarter, Rye at 32 *s.* the Quarter, Wheat at 48 *s.* the Quarter, or under, in any Port of this Kingdom where the Rates ſhall not then be higher then are before expreſſed, every Merchant or other perſon may in Engliſh Shipping, the Maſter and Two thirds of the Mariners being his Majeſties Subjects, Export any ſorts of the Corn aforeſaid, and giving Certificate and Bond as the Act directs, ſhall have and receive from the Farmers, Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other perſons in any Port reſpectively, where the ſaid Corn ſhall be ſo Shipped; *Viz.* 25 Car. 2. p. 231.

For every Quarter of Barley or Malt ground or unground, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

For every Quarter of Rye, ground or unground, 3 *s.* 6 *d.*

For every Quarter of Wheat, ground or unground, 5 *s.*

The Bond given for Exportation, to be diſcharged upon return of the Certificate, as is appointed by the Act; which is to continue for Three years, from the firſt day of this Seſſion of Parliament, and from thence forward to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

See the whole Branch of the Act Printed at large, *page* 231, 232, and 233.

An Abridgment of ſeveral Statutes relating to the Cuſtoms.

9 H.5. 10. KEels that carry Sea-coals at *Newcaſtle*, ſhall be meaſured and marked by Commiſſioners, of what Portage they be, before any Carriage be made by them, upon pain of Forfeiture of the ſaid Keels.

8 H.6. 23. No Thrums, or Woollen-Yarn under colour of Thrums, to be carried out of the Realm, upon pain of forfeiting double the Value.

3 Edw. 4. 4. Certain Merchandize ready wrought not lawful to be brought into the Realm of *England*, Seigniory of *Wales*, from Foreign Parts, to be uttered and ſold, upon forfeiture, as often as they are found in the hands of any perſon to be ſold, the Seizer half; *Viz.* Woollen Caps, Woollen Clothes, Laces, Corſes, Ribbons, Fringes of Silk and Threed, Silk twined, Silk in any wiſe Imbroidered, Laces of Gold, of Silk or Gold, Saddles, Stirrops, or any Harneſs pertaining to Saddles, Spurs, Boſſes for Bridles, Andirons, Gridirons, any manner of Locks, Hammers, Pinſons, Fire-tongs, Dripping-pans, Dice, Tennis-balls, Points, Purſes, Gloves, Girdles, Harneſs for Girdles of Iron, Lattin, Steel, Tin or Alkmine, any thing wrought of any tawed Leather, any tawed Furrs, Buskins, Shoes, Galoches or Corks, Knives, Daggers, Wood-knives, Bodkins,

Bodkins, Sheers for Taylors, Sciſſers, Razors, Cheſs-men, Playing-Cards, Combs, Pattens, Pack-needles, any Painted Ware, Forcers, Caſkets, Rings of Copper, or of Lattin gilt, Chaffing-diſhes, Hanging-candleſticks, Chafing-balls, Sacring-bells, Rings for Curtains, Ladles, Scummers, counterfeit Baſons, Ewers, Hats, Bruſhes, Cards for Wooll, Blank-Iron Thred, commonly called and named White-wire.

Provided, that *Robert Stillington* Dean of St. *Martins le Grand London*, nor his Succeſſors, nor the Inhabitants of St. *Martins* Lane, ſhall be prejudiced by this Act.

Provided alſo, that if any of the ſaid Wares come into this Realm by way of Wreck, they are exempted from forfeiture by this Act, and may be ſold.

No woollen Clothes wrought beyond the Sea, ſhall be brought into *England* to be ſold, upon forfeiture of the ſame. 11 Ed. 3. 3. 4 Edw. 4. 1.

No Merchant-Stranger ſhall Import any manner of Girdles to be ſold, or Harneſs wrought for Girdles, Points, Leather-laces, Purſes, Pouches, Pins, Gloves, Knives, Hangers, Taylors Sheers, Sciſſers, Andirons, Cupboards, Tongs, Fire-forks, Gridirons, Stock-locks, Keys, Hinges, and Garnets, Spurs, painted Glaſſes, painted Paper, painted Forcers, painted Images, painted Clothes, beaten Gold, or beaten Silver wrought in Papers for Painters, Saddles, Saddle-trees, Horſe-harneſs, Boots, Bitts, Stirrups, Buckles, Chains, Lattin-Nails with Iron ſhanks, Turnets, Hanging-candleſticks, Holy-water-ſtops, Chaffing-diſhes, Hanging-lavers, Curtain-rings, Cards for Wooll, *Roan* Cards, (except Claſps for Garments) Sheers, Buckles for Shoes, Broches or Spits, Hawks-bells, Tin and Leaden-ſpoons, Wire of Lattin 1 R. c. 3. 12.

and Iron, Iron Candlesticks, Grates, Horns for Lanthorns, upon forfeiture of the same so brought in, or the value, in whose hands they are found, the Informer half, to be recovered by Bill at Common Law.

1 Hen. 7. 2. 11 H. 7. 14. 21 H. 8. 16. Aliens made Denizens shall pay such Customs and Subsidies as they did before.

22 H. 8. 8. 19 H. 7. 21. Certain things wrought of Silk, not lawful to be brought into this Realm to be sold, forfeit in whose hands they are found, or the Value, the Informer half; *Viz.* All manner of Silk Wrought (by it self, or with any other Stuff) in any place out of this Realm, in Ribbons, Laces, Girdles, Corses, Cauls, Corses of Tissues, or Points; all other Silk wrought, raw, or unwrought, lawful to be brought in.

14 & 15 H. 8. 4. An English-man sworn Subject to a Foreign Prince, shall pay such Strangers Customs, as those other Subjects belonging to the said Prince, as well Inwards as Outwards; but in case he or they return into *England*, and there inhabit and abide, then to pay but English Duties, and to have a Writ out of the Chancery for the same.

25 H. 8. 9. made perpetual. 33 H. 8. 4. No person or persons within the Realm shall buy, or otherwise take by exchange for other Wares, any manner of Wares made, or hereafter to be made out of this Realm, of Tin, or mixt with Tin, as Platters, Dishes, Saucers, Pots, Basons, Ewers, Flaggons, Goblets, Salts, Salt-cellers, Spoons, or any other thing made of Tin or Pewter, upon forfeiture of the said Wares, in whose hands soever found or taken, or the value thereof; one half to the King, and the other half to the Finders of the same.

The

The Penalty of Customing other mens Goods, whereby the King loseth his Duty, is the forfeiture of all the Offenders Goods and Chattels, and Personals for ever, the Informer half, to be prosecuted within three years, else void. 2 & 3 Ed. 6. 22.

No person shall bring into this Realm to be sold, bartered or exchanged, Girdles, Harness for Girdles, Rapiers, Daggers, Knives, Hilts, Pomels, Lockets, Chapes, Dagger-blades, Handles, Scabbards, and Sheaths for Knives, Saddles, Horse-harness, Stirrops, Bitts, Gloves, Points, Leather-laces, or Pins ready made or wrought, upon forfeiture of the same, or the value, in whose hands they are found, the Informer half. 5 Eliz. 7. 3 Car. 4.

Customers and Controllers of every Port have power to take Bond, and to give Oaths to all persons going over Sea to serve other Princes, they may take Six pence *per* Bond, and must keep a Register, and return it yearly to the Exchequer, upon pain of 5 *l.* for every Bond, and 20 *s.* for every Oath not certified. 3 Jac. 4.

No person shall bring from beyond Sea, nor Print, Sell, or Buy any Popish Primers, Ladies Psalters, Manuals, Rosaries, Popish Catechisms, Missals, Breviaries, Portals, Legends, and Lives of Saints, containing Superstitious matter, Printed or Written in any Language whatsoever, nor any other Superstitious books, Printed or Written in *English*, upon forfeiture of Fourty shillings for every such Book, one Third to the King, one Third to the Informer, one Third to the Poor of the Parish, and the Books to be burnt. 3 Jac. 5.

For the better Encouragement of building good and defensible Ships, Any per- 22 & 23 Car. 2. Act to pre-

vent the delivery up of Merchants Ships, &c.

ſon that ſhall within the ſpace of Seven years from and after the Firſt of *May*, 1671, build, or cauſe to be built within any of His Majeſties Dominions, any Ship or Veſſel of three Decks, with a Fore-caſtle, and five Foot between each Deck, mounted with 30 pieces of Ordnance at leaſt, and other Ammunition proportionable, ſhall for the firſt two Voyages which the Ship or Ships make from His Majeſties Dominions, to any Foreign part, have, and receive to his and their own proper uſe and benefit, one Tenth part. And every perſon that ſhall build any Ships of two Decks, above 300 Tuns, and Thirty Guns, ſhall have one Twentieth part of the Cuſtoms that ſhall be paid to His Majeſty for all ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as ſhall be Exported or Imported in the ſaid Ship or Ships, to and from this Kingdom.

A Table of the usual Tares and Allowances now in practice in the Port of London.

A.

Allom in Casks, Tare 12 *l. per Cent.*
Ashes called Pot-ashes, 10 *l. per Cent.*
Argoll in Casks, 14 *l. per Cent.*

B.

Backs for Chimneys of half an hundred weight and downwards, to be accounted small, and all above that weight large.
Basket rods the bundle 3 Foot about at the Band.
Barillia in single Serons, 3 hundred, 14 pound.
Barillia in double Serons, about 3 hundred weight, Tare 28 pound.
Battery in Fatts, Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*
Books unbound, 8 hundred make a Maund.
Brimstone in Casks, Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*
Bristles in Fatts about 5 hundred weight., Tare 84 pound.
Bulrushes the Load, 60 Bundles.

C.

Capers, for Tare one third part.
Chests of Iron { large } { 1 yard $\frac{1}{4}$ long. / middle } { 1 yard long. / small } { $\frac{3}{4}$ of a yard.
Cocheneile in Chests covered with skins, about an hundred and an half, Tare 50 pound.
In barrels, about an hundred and half, 36 pound.
Copper in Fatts, 8 pound *per Cent.* for Tare.
Coperas in Casks, Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

D.

Druggs.

ALoes Socatrina in Cheſts, about three hundred and an half, Tare 80 pound.

—Epatica in gunny, about an hundred, 8 pound; about two hundred weight, and three hundred, 14 pound.

Antimony in Caſks, Tare 6 pound *per Cent.*

Argentum ſublimatum, or Quick-ſilver, in boxes, barrels, and Leather, about an hundred and a quarter, or an hundred and an half, for Tare 36 pound.

—in barrels the ſame weight, 14 pound.

Aſſa fætida in baſkets, about a quarter of an hundred, for Tare 3 pound *per* baſket.

Benjamin in Cheſts, about three hundred and an half, 90 pound; in gunny, about an hundred weight, 8 pound; about two hundred weight and three hundred, 14 pound.

Bole in caſk, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*

Camphire in tubs, about half or three quarters of an hundred, for Tare 18 pound.

Caraway-ſeeds in canvas bales, about three hundred weight, Tare 10 pound.

Cardomomes in bales, about two hundred weight, 14 pound.

Cinabrum, or Vermilion in tubs, about three hundred and an half, Tare 36 pound.

Coloquintida in cheſts, Tare $\frac{1}{5}$.

Cubebs in bags, Tare 4 pound.

Green Ginger in Jarrs, about 100 weight, for Tare 28 pound.

Iſonglaſs in Fatts, about three hundred and an half or four hundred weight, for Tare 84 pound.

Jujubes in Fatts, Tare 16 pound per *Cent.*

Lack gum, and ſeed in gunny, about an hundred, 7 pound; two hundred or three hundred, 14 pound.

Myrrh in cheſts, from three hundred and an half to four hundred weight, for Tare 92 pound.

Olibanum

Druggs.

Olibanum in gunny, two hundred or three hundred weight, for Tare 14 pound; one hundred weight, Tare 8 pound.

Pitch, called Burgundy Pitch in Stands, about two hundred and three quarters, 56 pound.

Prunellaies in boxes, about 14 pound weight, for Tare three pound *per* Box.

Tincall in duppers, about an hundred, or an hundred and a quarter, for Tare 16 pound; about an hundred and a half, Tare 20 pound.

Turmerick in gunny, about an hundred and a half, 14 pound Tare; about an hundred, for Tare 10 pound.

Verdigreese in leather, about one quarter of a hundred and 14 pound, for Tare 3 pound.

Vitriolum Romanum in duppers, about an hundred weight, 14 pound.

F.

FLax, the Last to contain 17 hundred weight.
Feathers, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*
Fruit in baskets, Tare 4 pound *per* basket.

G.

GAuls in double bags from *Aleppo* and *Smyrna*, for Tare 7 pound *per* double bag.

Grocery.

—In single bags, 4 pound *per* bag.

Almonds in casks, Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*

—In bags, Tare 4 pound *per* bag.

—In serons and bags, about two hundred weight, for Tare 18 pound, and so proportionably.

Aniseeds in serons and bags, about three hundred and three quarters, for Tare 18 pound.

—From *Smyrna* with felts, about three hundred and a half, for Tare 20 pound.

—Without felts the same weight, 14 pound.

Cinnamon in gunny, about three quarters or an hundred, for Tare 12 pound; in skins the same weight, 14 pound; in skins and bags, sixteen pound.

Cloves in Caroteels, about four hundred and a half, for Tare 70 pound.

Grocery.

Corrants in Butts and Caroteels, for Tare 16 pound *per Cent.* in Quarteroll, 20 pound *per Cent.* in Bags, about four hundred weight, 10 pound *per* Bag.

Figs in barrels, Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*

Mace in Caroteels, about three hundred weight, for Tare 70 pound.

Nutmegs in Caroteels, about six or seven hundred weight, for Tare 70 pound.

Pepper in bags, for Tare 4 pound *per* bag, about 3 hundred.

Pruons in Puncheons, or uncertain Casks, 14 pound *per Cent.*

Raisins in Frails, Tare 6 pound *per* Frail.

—Of Lippora in barrels, about an hundr. weight, 14 pound Tare.

—Solis in Cask, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*

Sugar in bales from India, 36 pound Tare.
in Chests, for Tare $\frac{1}{5}$ part.
in Casks, $\frac{1}{2}$ part.
in Cask S. Thome, $\frac{1}{5}$ part.

Loaf Sugar in Cask, with Paper, Thred and Straw, for Tare 16 pound *per Cent.*

Sugar in Canesters, for Tare $\frac{1}{8}$.

H.

HArness-plates or brests, to be accounted for Iron doubles.

Hemp, called Steel-hemp, in Fatts, for Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*

Hair called Goats-hair in Canvas, for Tare four pound *per Cent.* in Hair-cloth, 7 pound *per Cent.*

Hops in bags, for Tare 4 pound *per Cent.*

I.

INdico { in Chests covered with skins, about an hundred and three quarters, for Tare 48 pound. / in bales with skins, about an hundred and an half, 16 pound.

K.

KEttle Fatts, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*

L. Lattin,

L.

LAttin, or round bottoms in Fatts, for Tare 8 pound *per Cent.*

Linen Flemiſh and Dutch meaſure, to be allowed 2 *per Cent.* Except *Ghentiſh* meaſure brown, to which add 5 *per Cent.*

Lockerams to be allowed 2 *per Cent.*

M.

MAdder in bales great and ſmall, ſingle and double baggs, for Tare 28 pound.

—In Fatts, for Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

O.

OYls
- In certain Caſk, 1 in 20 allowed for leakage, under 10 none.
- In Candy barrels, Tare 29 *per* barrel.
- In uncertain Caſk, Tare 18 *per Cent.*
- 7 pound and a half make a Gallon.
- 252 Gallons make a Ton.

S.

SAfflore in bales, about ſix hundred weight, for Tare 84 pound.

—in bags, from 2 hundred to 3 hundred, 16 pound *per* bag.

Salt-petre in Caſk, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.* In gunny, about an hundred and a quarter, Tare 16 pound.

Shumack in baggs, about three hundred and a half, 10 pound; from two hundred to three hundred, for Tare 8 pound; about ſeven hundred weight, fourteen pound.

Silk thrown or orgazine
- In ſhort bales of Bologna with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, about two hundred weight, for Tare 28 pound.
- In long bales with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, the ſame weight, 30 pound.
- In Naples bales with Searcloth, about two hundred weight, 18 pound.
- Fangots of Naples, about one hundred and a half with Searcloth, Tare 14 pound; and ſo downwards proportionably.

Silk thrown or orgazine.

In Meſſina bales double Canvas thrown and raw, about two hundred weight, 10 pound; with Searcloth and Cotton-wooll, the ſame weight 22 pound.

Silk raw

In long bales of *Aleppo* with Cotton-wooll, about three hundred and a quarter, and downwards to two hundred and three quarters, for Tare 32 pound.

In Fangots of *Aleppo*, about two hundred and a quarter, or two hundred and a half, with Cotton-wooll, 24 pound.

In Fangots of *Aleppo*, about one hundred and three quarters, or two hundred, Tare 20 pound; about an hundred and a quarter, or an hundred and a half, 18 pound.

Ardars Silk of *Aleppo* in ſhort bales with Cotton-wooll, from three hundred and a quarter, to two hundred and three quarters, for Tare 30 pound.

Of *Smyrna* and *Cyprus*, about three hundred weight and upwards, for Tare 16 pound.

Downwards to two hundred weight, 14 pound.

From two hundred weight downwards, 12 pound.

In bales of *Perſia*, an hundred and a quarter, 20 pound.

Smalts, or Powderblew in Caſks, for Tare 10 pound *per Cent.*

Soap

called Caſtile Soap in double Serons, about three hundred weight, for Tare 30 pound.

—in ſingle Serons the ſame weight 16 pound.

—in Cheſts, about two hundred and a half, or three hundred weight, 40 pound.

Succads in Cheſts, about an hundred and a half, Fourty pound.

T.

TAllow from *Ruſſia* and *Ireland* in Caſks, for Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*

Tazels the half pack contains ten thouſand.

Siſters Threed to have no allowance.

Threed called whited brown, Outnel, and black and brown

brown, or Bruges, to have allowance of 6 *per Cent.* for want of Weight.

Tobacco.
- Spaniſh in barrels, about two hundred and a quarter, for Tare 28 pound.
- —In half barrels about an hundred and a quarter, 18 pound.
- —In Potaccoes without Canvas, 14 pound.
- —In Potaccoes covered with Canvas, 16 pound.
- —In Potaccoes covered with ſkins, 26 pound.
- Virginia in Hogſheads, weighing under three hundred weight, for Tare 70 pound.
- —from three hundred to four hundred, 80 pound.
- —from four hundred to five hundred, 90 pound.
- —five hundred weight and upwards, 100 pound.
- Barbadoes in rolls upon ſticks, about a quarter of an hundred, 6 pound *per* ſtick.
- Bermudaes in Cheſts, 20 pound *per Cent.*
- —in Caſks, about three hundred weight, Tare 60 pound; about two hundred and a half, downwards to two hundred, or one hundred and three quarters, 50 pound.

Turpentine in Caſks, Tare $\frac{1}{5}$ part.

W.

Wire of Lattin and Iron in Caſks, for Tare 6 pound *per Cent.*

Wooll
- called Beaver Wooll, in hogſheads and brizles, for Tare 75 pound.
- —in Crobies, Tare the cover, which is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the whole.
- Cotton-wooll, for Tare 14 pound *per Cent.*
- Spaniſh in bales for Cloth, about two hundred, for Tare 28 pound.
- Spaniſh in bales for Felts, about two hundred and a quarter, for Tare 14 pound.
- Sigovia Spaniſh for Felts, about two hundred, for Tare 15 pound.
- Lambs, Eſtridge, Poliſh, for Tare 4$\frac{1}{2}$ pound *per Cent.*

Wormſeeds in bales with Felts from *Smyrna*, a-

bout three hundred and three quarters, Tare 24 pound.

—from Aleppo with Cotton-wooll, 24 pound.

Y.

Yarn
- called Cable-yarn in winch from Ruſſia, for Tare 28 pound.
- Cotten-yarn in bales from India, about three hundred and a half, for Tare 43 pound.
- —in bags from Turky, for Tare 5 pound *per Cent.*
- Grograin and Mohair-yarn in bales from Aleppo with Cotten-wooll, 28 pound Tare, and ſo downwards proportionably.
- From Smyrna with Felts, about four hundred weight, 28 pound.
- —without Felts, about the ſame weight, for Tare 18 pound.
- —In Fangots without Felts, about one hundred and three quarters, or two hundred, for Tare 14 pound.
- —with Felts, Skins and Cottons, ſixteen pound.
- —without Felts, about an hundred and a half, 12 pound.
- Linen-yarn in Fatts, Tare 12 pound *per Cent.*

The Ports of England *and* Wales, *with their diviſion into Members and Creeks.*

WHerein is to be noted, That by Ports is to be underſtood onely thoſe places to which the Officers of the Cuſtoms are appropriated, and which contain and include all the Priviledges and Guidance of all the Members and Creeks thereunto allotted.

By Members is to be underſtood ſuch places where anciently a Cuſtom-houſe hath been kept, and Officers or their Deputies attending, and are lawful places of Exportation or Importation.

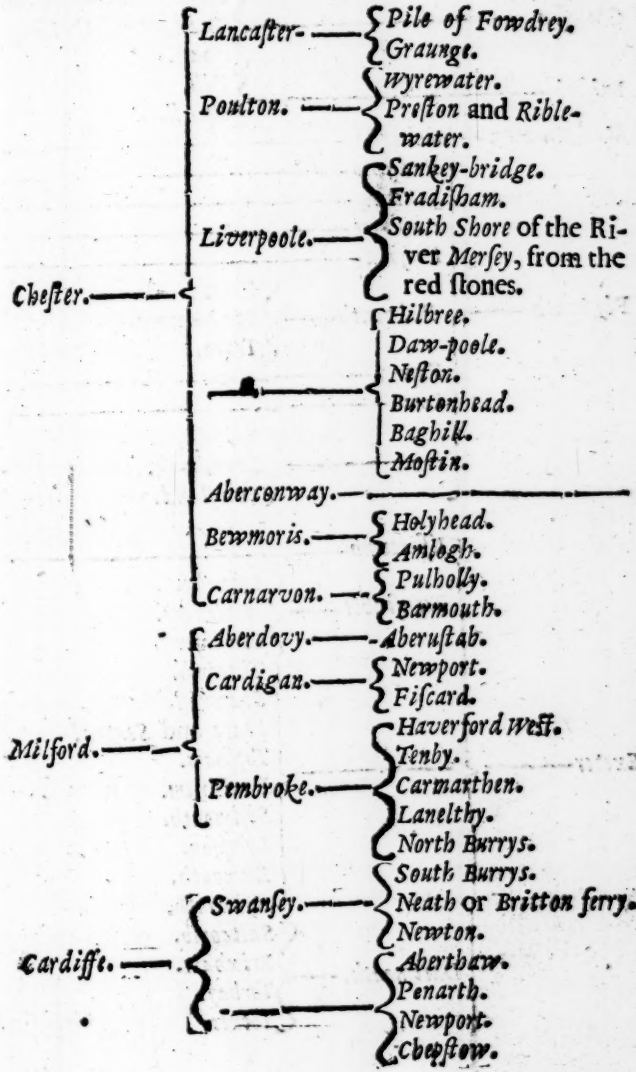
By Creeks is to be underſtood ſuch places where commonly Officers are or have been placed by way of prevention, not out of Duty or right of Attendance. And are not lawful places of Exportation or Importation, without particular Licence or ſufferance from the Port or Member under which it is placed.

All which are branched out in the following deſcription, under the ſeveral Heads as they are now managed and ſupervifed.

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
London.		*Graveſend.*
Ipſwich	*Malden*	*Leigh.*
		Burnham.
		Weſt Merſey.
	Colcheſter	*Eaſt Merſey.*
		Brickleſey.
		Wivenhoe.
		Maintree.
		Harwich.
Yarmouth	*Woodbridge.*	
	Aldeborough	*Orford.*
		Dunwich.
	Sowold	*Walderſwick.*
		Leſtoff.
	Blackney & Cley.	

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
Linn.	Wells.	Burnham.
		Hitcham.
		Croſs Keys.
		Wisbich.
Boſton.		Spalding.
		Foſdick.
		Wainfleet.
		Numby Chappel.
		Thetlethorp.
		Saltfleet.
Hull.	Grimsby.	Gainthrop.
	Bridlington.	
	Scarborough.	
Newcaſtle.	Whitby.	
	Stockton.	Middlesborough.
	Hartlepoole.	
	Sunderland.	
	Sheilds.	
		Seaton de la val.
		Blithenooke.
Berwick.		Aylemouth.
		Warnewater.
		Holy Iſland.
		East Marſhes, containing the Coaſt of Northumberland bordering on Scotland.
Carliſle.		West Marſhes, containing the coaſt of Cumberland, bordering upon Scotland.
	Whitehaven.	Workington.
		Ravinglas.
		Milnthorp.

Ports. Members. Creeks.



Ports.

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
Glocester		River Severn from Bridgenorth to King-road.
Briſtol		Pill. Aphill.
Bridgewater.	Minhead	
Plymouth.	Padſtow	
	St. Ives	
	Penſance	
	Helford	
	Falmouth	Penrin. St. Mawres. Truro.
	Fowey	
	Lowe	
		Saltaſh. Stonehouſe. Cowſland.
Exeter	Ilfracomb	
	Barnſtable	Clovelly. Appledore. Biddiford.
		Tincomb. Starcroſs. Beare and Seaton. Topſham. Pouldram. Sydmouth. Lympſon. Exmouth. Aylmouth.
	Dartmouth.	Saltcomb. Brixham. Torbay. Totnes.

Ports.	Members.	Creeks.
Pool.	Lyme.	Bridport.
		Charmouth.
	Waymouth.	Portland.
		Lulworth.
		Swanidge.
		Wareham.
Southampton.		Chriſt Church.
		Limington.
	Cowes.	Yarmouth.
		Newport.
	Portſmouth	Emſworth.
Chicheſter.	Arundel	Pagham Point.
		Selſey.
	Shoreham.	Brighthemſton.
	Lewis	Newhaven.
		Seaford.
	Pemſey.	
	Haſtings.	
	Rye	Winchelſea.
		Lyd.
		Rumney.
	Hythe.	Folſton.
Sandwich	Dover	
		Deal.
		Rameſgate.
		Margat.
		Whitſtable.
	Feverſham.	
	Milton.	
	Rocheſter.	Quinborough.

The

The Names of the Lawful Keys, Wharfs, &c. for Shipping and Landing of Goods in the Port of London.

IN purſuance of an Act of Parliament, It is Ordained, That the Keys, Wharfs, and Places hereafter named, and no others, be Aſſigned, Appointed, and Allowed by His Majeſty to be lawful Keys, Warfs, or Places for the Shipping, Lading, or Landing of Goods: That is to ſay,

Brewers Key. *Galley-Key.*

Cheſters Key. *Wooll-Dock.*

Cuſtom-houſe-Key. Stone-ſtairs on the Weſt-ſide thereof, is declared not to be a place for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Porters-Key. *Bear-Key.*

Sabs-Dock, Excluding the Stairs there, which are declared no lawful place for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Wiggons-Key. *Youngs-Key.* *Ralphs-Key.*

Dice-Key. The Stairs there declared unlawful for Shipping or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Smarts-Key.

Somers-Key. The Stairs there declared no lawful place for Shipping, or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Lyon-Key. *Buttolph Wharf.* *Hammons-Key.*

Gaunts-Key. The Stairs on the Eaſt-ſide are declared unlawful for Shipping, Lading or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Cocks-Key.

One other place betwixt *Cocks-Key* and *Freſh-wharf*, called part of *Freſh-wharf*, the Stairs are declared unlawful for Shipping, or Landing of Goods or Merchandize.

Freſh-Wharf.

Freſh-wharf.

Billingſgate to be a Common open place for the Landing or bringing in of Fiſh, Salt, Victual, or Fuel of all ſorts, and all Native Materials for Building, and for Fruit (all manner of Grocery excepted) and for carrying out the ſame, and for no other Wares or Merchandize.

Bridge-houſe in *Southwark* may be allowed as a place convenient for the Landing of any kind of Corn, bought or provided for the Proviſion or Victualling of the City, and not upon any private or particular perſons account, and for no other Goods or Merchandize.

It may be lawful for any perſon to Ship or Lade into any Ship or Veſſel on the River of *Thames* bound over Seas, and lying between *London* and *Woolwich*, any of the Goods or Merchandize hereafter mentioned; *Viz.* Horſes, Coals, Beer, ordinary Stones for Building, Fiſh taken by any of His Majeſties Subjects, Corn or Grain: Provided that the Cuſtom and Duties of ſuch Goods be duly paid, and Cocquets or other lawful Warrants paſſed for the ſame.

It may be lawful for any perſon or perſons to unſhip and lay on land Deal-boards, Balks, and all ſorts of Maſts and great Timber, at any place of the River of *Thames*, betwixt *Weſtminſter* and *Limehouſe-dock*: Provided the Owner of ſuch Goods do firſt pay or compound for the Cuſtom and other Duties, and declare the place at which they will land them, before they unſhip any of the Goods, to the Officers or Farmers of the Cuſtoms thereof for the time being, and receive ſufferance or permiſſion from them ſo to do; and that they unſhip none of the ſaid Goods, but in the preſence of a Waiter or Officer appointed thereunto; otherwiſe the ſaid Goods to be liable to forfeiture according to Law.

To prevent all future Differences and Diſputes touching the Extent and Limits of the Port of *London*, the ſaid Port is declared to extend and be accounted from the Promontory or Point called the

North-

Northforland in the Isle of *Thanet*, and from thence Northward in a supposed right Line to the opposite Promontory or Point called the *Nase*, beyond the *Gunfleet*, upon the Coast of *Essex*, and so continued Westward through the River of *Thames*, and the several Channels, Streams and Rivers falling into it, to *London* Bridge; saving the usual and known Right, Liberty and Priviledge to the Ports of *Sandwich* and *Ipswich*, and either of them, and the known Members thereof, and of the Customers, Controllers, Searchers, and their Deputies, of and within the said Ports of *Sandwich* and *Ipswich*, and the several Creeks, Harbours, and Havens to them or either of them respectively belonging, within the Counties of *Kent* or *Essex*. *In Rotulo Scaccarii*, 19 *Caroli* 2.

Fees and Allowances due

and payable to the Officers of His Majesties Customs and Subsidies in the Port of London, *and the Members and Creeks thereunto belonging*, viz.

For the Officers of the Petty Customs Outwards.

	s.	d.
For a Cloth Cocquet by English Freemen of *London*	01	06
For a Strangers Cocquet or Unfreemen	02	02
For a Cloth Certificate by Strangers or English to pass according to the old Rate	01	08
For a Ships Entry crossing the Seas	01	04
For a Ships Entry to the *Straights*, *Canaries*, or Western Islands	04	00
For clearing of Ships, and examining the Books	02	06
For every Endorsment	00	04
For making a Bond to the Kings Majesties use	00	06
For every Entry in the Certificate Book	00	02

To

	s.	d.
To the Customers Clerks. More for a Cloth Cocquet or Certificate	01	00
For a Ships Entry crossing the Seas	00	04

Subsidy Outwards.

For every Ships Entry within the *Levant*, or beyond the *Straights* Mouth	04	00
For every Ships Entry going to any other Foreign parts	01	04
For every Ships Entry going to the Out Ports	00	05
For clearing of every Ship passing to Foreign parts, and examining the Ships Contents	02	06
For every English Cocquet by Freemen	01	08
For every Strangers Cocquet, or Unfreemen of *London*	02	06
For making every Certificate Cocquet, as well English as Strangers, for Goods which paid Subsidy Inwards, and pay not Subsidy Outwards	01	08
For every Certificate upon Warrant from His Majesty or the Lord Treasurer, paying no duties.	03	06
For Indorsment of all Warrants and Licences	00	08
For a Foaring Bill licencing such as bring in Victuals to carry out some Beer as by store	02	00
Coast sufferances to be given without Fees		
For every Coast Cocquet Outwards, and entring in His Majesties Books for a whole Ship or Vessel passing into the open Seas	03	00
For a Bond for the same	00	06
For discharging the same Bond, and filing the Certificate to the Bond	00	04
For making every Certificate of Return	01	06
For making, entring, and keeping an account of every Debenture for repayment of half Subsidy, or other sums of money	02	00
For making and entring a Transire or Let-pass from Port to Port in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*	00	06
To the Clerks for a Cocquet by English or others	00	10

For

	s.	d.
For a Ships Entry crossing the Seas	00	04
To the Clerk of the Coast Cocquets, for making a Bill or Ticket to the Lord Mayor for Corn, Victuals, and other Provisions	00	04

Petty Customs Inwards.

For every Strangers Warrant	00	08
For taking every Bond	00	06
For every Bill at sight	02	00
For discharging every Bond	00	06
For every great Imployment to imploy the proceed of Goods	02	06

Subsidy Inwards.

For every Warrant by English-Freemen of *London.*	01	04
For every Warrant for Strangers or Un-freemen	02	00
To the Clerk for making the Shippers Entry	01	00
For making a Bond to His Majesties use	00	06
For every Oath administred by the Collector	00	02
For a Ships Entry, with the particular Contents, *viz.* from the *East-Indies*	02	06
From the *Streights*	02	06
From *Spain*, *Portugal*, and the *West-Indies*, or *English* Plantations	02	00
From *Dunkirk* or *France*	01	00
From *Flanders*, *Holland*, *Scotland*, *Ireland*, or any Eastern or Northern parts	01	00
For every Ship or Vessel less then 20 Tun	00	08
For every Strangers Ships Entry to pay double Fees		
For every Certificate of Foreign Goods Imported to be Shipped out free of Subsidy, Eighteen pence, which is understood Six pence for the Search, although several Ships, and Twelve pence for the Certificate	01	06
If the Goods be under the value of 20 *l.* according to the Book of Rates, the Merchant is to pay for the Certificate in all but	00	06
For examining and comparing every Debenture with the Original Certificate	00	04

For

	s.	d.
For a Certificate of Foreign Goods coming from any of the Out-ports to *London*, or from any other Port to Port within this Nation	01	00
For Goods ſent by Sea by the Importer thereof to any of the Out-ports from *London*	01	00
For caſting up the Sum and keeping an Account of every Debenture, and paying the money	00	08
For every Bale, Pack, Truſs, Cheſt, Caſe, or other Package brought into the Kings Warehouſe to be allowed to the Officer when the Merchant is ſhort entred above 5 *s.* to be paid to the proper Officer	00	02

Great Cuſtoms.

For a Cocquet for Calves-ſkins	03	00
For a Coaſt Cocquet Outwards of Woolls, Wooll-felis, Leather, Skins, and Hides	03	00
For a Bond for His Majeſties uſe	01	00
For filing the Return	00	06
For a Return and Diſcharge Outwards	02	04
For the Packer, for telling and packing every Dacre of dreſt Calve-ſkins, allowing ten dozen to the Dacre	00	06
For packing every Dacre of undreſt Calves-ſkins, and telling	00	06

Fees concerning ſeveral Officers, as well Inwards as Outwards, to be paid to the Clerks.

For every Bill of Portage	01	00
For a ſecond or parcel Cocquet Outwards	00	06

To the Kings Majeſties Waiters, being in number Eighteen.

Received in the Cuſtom-houſe above ſtairs.	For every Engliſh-mans Foreign Goods or Merchandizes of what nature ſoever, paying Cuſtom or Subſidy Inwards in the Port of *London*, or coming thither from any Place or Port by Cocquet	01	00

Received

		s.	d.
Received in the Custom-house above stairs.	For every Strangers Foreign Goods in like manner paying Custom or Subsidy Inwards in the same Port, or coming thither by Cocquet	01	00
	For certifying every Cocquet of English Goods brought up to *London*	00	06
Received at the Water-side by the said Kings Waiters and others attending, to be divided as formerly.	For a Bill of Store or Portage for any thing above ten shillings Custom	01	00
	For a Bill of Sight, Bill of Sufferance, or any other imperfect Warrant	01	00
	For Woolls, Wooll-fells, Leather, Hides, and prohibited Goods from the Out-ports by Cocquet	01	00

Register of the Kings Majesties Warrants.

For every English Warrant for Goods Inwards		00	02
For every Strangers Warrant		00	04
For every Certificate Foreign		00	04

For all Goods not paying Twenty shillings Custom, whether in or out, there shall be but half Fees taken, whether for Warrants, Cocquets, Transires, Debentures, or Certificates.

To the usher of the Custom-house.

For every Oath administred by the Kings Officers Outwards		00	02

Rules which may serve for the Ports in general.

WHereas some Societies and Companies of Merchants do Trade in a joynt Stock, and enter the whole Lading and Cargo of a Ship Inwards, in one single Entry, when the Adventurers therein concern'd are many, the Officers and Waiters may take and receive such Gratuity as the said Company shall hereafter voluntarily consent to pay unto them; any thing in this Order or Table of Fees,

Fees, or any other Act or Proviſion to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Goods under the value of Five pounds in the Book of Rates, paying Subſidy the ſum of Five ſhillings or leſs, ſhall paſs without payment of any Fees.

No Engliſh Merchant that ſhall have Goods of his own to be Landed out of one Ship or Veſſel at one time, (although the Receipt of the Subſidy be diſtributed into ſeveral Offices) ſhall be charged to pay any more or other Fees then for a ſingle Entry.

Goods in Partnerſhip, to paſs as if the Proprietors were one ſingle perſon.

Fiſh by Engliſh in Engliſh Shipping or Veſſel Inwards or Outwards or alongſt the Coaſt, to pay no Fees.

Foreign Coin and Bullion Inwards may be Landed by any perſon without Warrant or Fee.

Diamonds, precious ſtones, Jewels, and Pearls of all ſorts, to paſs Outwards without Warrant or Fee.

Poſt-entries Inwards to paſs without Fee, under five ſhillings; if above five ſhillings, and under fourty ſhillings, then ſix pence; but if the Cuſtom to be paid exceed fourty ſhillings, then it ſhall pay the full Fees as was paid for the firſt Warrant.

The Merchants ſhall pay for all Goods opening that ſhall be ſhort entred above Ten ſhillings Cuſtom.

The Merchants ſhall pay for weighing of all Goods that ſhall be ſhort entred above Twenty ſhillings Cuſtom.

The Merchant not to be at any charge if duly Entred.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament, Intituled, *An Act for Encouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation*, there is granted unto the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, ſundry Duties upon Strangers Veſſels Importing Commodities not of their growth, and thereby it is Ordered, That ſuch Shipping as pretend

to enjoy the Priviledge of Engliſh Shipping, muſt be mann'd accordingly, whereby there is a neceſſity of an Officer to be imployed every Tide downwards towards *Graveſend*, to viſit all Ships whether they be mann'd according to the ſaid Act: As alſo to Gauge French Ships, and take an account of their Tonnage, and to give Certificates for making of Foreign Ships free, and taking Bonds for ſuch as go to the Plantations; for effecting of which buſineſs the following Fees are ſet and appointed by the Authority aforeſaid, to be paid as well in all Out-ports, as in the Port of *London*, and Creeks thereunto belonging, *viz.*

	s.	d.
For Gauging every French Veſſel in lieu of the like Fee paid in *France* for Gauging Engliſh Veſſels there, as long as they continue this duty.	05	00
For making a Certificate to make a Foreign Ship free, with Sealing and Regiſtring the ſame	10	00
For a Bond for Ships going to the Plantations	00	06
For every Entry of French Veſſels, and for Bills to charge the Five ſhillings *per* Ton on ſuch Veſſel	01	00
For a Certificate of payment of Tonnage	00	06
For every Entry of Goods liable to Duties by the Act of Navigation, which this Collector receives	00	08

The

The Fees of the Chief Searcher, and of His Majesties Five Under-Searchers in the Port of *London*.

Duties between the Chief Searcher and His Majesties Five Under-Searchers that attend at London.

		s.	d.
For every Ship that passeth into Foreign parts.	*Spain, Portugal*, the *Straights*, *West-Indies, Guinny*, or the Western-Islands	06	00
	East-India	10	00
	All other English Ships into Foreign parts	04	00
	For every Strangers Ship or Bottom	06	08

Duties of His Majesties Five Under-Searchers that attend at London.

English and Aliens.	For every Certificate for Shipping out Goods formerly Imported	02	00
	But if the half Subsidy to be received back amounts but to 40 shillings, then	01	00
To be paid by English and Aliens, for Goods that pay Subsidy, and pass out by Cocquet or Warrant.	Pipe, Punchion or Butt	00	04
	Hogshead or Bag	00	02
	Tin the Block or Barrel	00	01
	Beer-eager, Wood of all sorts, Copperas, Allom, and such gross Goods, the Ton	00	04
	Corn the Last, Sea-coal the Chalder, Beer the Ton	00	02
	Lead the Fodder	00	02
	The Maund, Fatt, or Pack	00	06
	The Bundle, Bale, Chest or Case	00	03
	Raisins and Figs, the 20 Frails, or Barrels	00	03

		s.	d.
To be paid by Engliſh and Aliens, for goods that pay Subſidy, and paſs out by Cocquet or Warrant.	Butter, & ſuch goods, the barrel	00	02
	For every Coaſt-Certificate or Cocquet	01	00
	Tranſires for the Coaſt, free		
	For every Horſe, Mare or Gelding	01	00
	For certifying every Debenture for receiving back half Subſidy, *&c.*	00	06
	For every piece of Ordnance	01	00
	For the Endorſment of every Cocquet	01	00
	For every Certificate out of their books of Goods loſt at Sea, taken by Pirates, or returned, whereby ſo much may be Shipped Cuſtom-free	01	00
	For every Bill of Sufferance or ſtore above ten ſhillings in the Book of Rates	01	00
	If under	00	06
	The Fardle or truſs by Engliſh of three hundred weight or upwards	00	06
	Woollen-cloth the Bale, not exceeding 5 Cloths, or three hundred weight, Stuffs, Bays, or Says	00	03
Merchants ſtrangers, unfreemen of London, or ſuch as Ship on Strangers Ships or Veſſels.	The fardle or truſs	01	00
	The Bale	00	06

The Fees of His Majeſties two Searchers at Graveſend.

For every Ship that paſſeth over the Seas for *Spain*, *Portugal*, *Straights*, the *Weſt-Indies*, *Guinny*, or the *Weſtern-Iſlands*	06	00
For every Ship to the *Eaſt-Indies*	10	00
For all other Ships into Foreign parts	04	00
For every Strangers Ship or Bottom	08	00
For every Ship having a Coaſt Cocquet	00	04

For

	s.	d.
For Paſſengers Outwards, not being Merchants nor Mariners	00	06

Signed by vertue of an Order from the Houſe of Commons, Dated the 17th of May, 1662.

E. Turner.

Sabbati 17° Maij xiiij° Caroli Regis ſecundi.

THe General Table of Fees for the Port of *London*, with the Members and Creeks thereunto belonging, being this day read,

The Queſtion being put,

That for all Goods not paying 1 *l.* Cuſtom In or Out, there ſhall be but half Fees taken for all Cocquets, Warrants, Debentures, Tranſires, or Certificates,

It was reſolved in the Affirmative.

Reſolved upon the Queſtion,

THat *the ſaid Table of Fees, as it was Reported and Read with the Alterations aforeſaid, be agreed to, and that the ſame be Engroſſed, and Mr. Speaker is Authorized to Sign the ſame.*

W. Goldsborough.

Cler. Dom. Com.

The SCAVAGE TABLE OF Rates Inwards.

	s.	d.
A.		
Allom the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	02
Annotto the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	00	04
Apples and Pears the little barrel	00	1¼
Aqua-vitæ the Hogſhead	00	06
Argol white or red, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	1½
B.		
Babies heads the dozen	00	½
Bacon the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	03
Bandſtrings the dozen knots	00	0¼
Balks: Great, the hundred cont. ſix-ſcore	01	06
Balks: Middle the hundred cont. ſix-ſcore	00	09
Balks: Small the hundred cont. ſix-ſcore	00	04
Barlings the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	00	04
Barley the quarter cont. 8 buſhels	00	0½
Barillia, or Safora the barrel, cont. 200 weight	00	04
Baſket-rods the dozen bundles	00	04
Baſt-ropes the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	0½
Batary Baſherones or Kettles the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	06
Beef the barrel	00	01
Bell-metal the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	02
Beans the quarter	00	0½
Blacking, or Lamblack, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	03
Bottles of all ſorts the dozen	00	0½
Board: Barrel-boards the thouſand	00	04
Board: Clap-boards the hundred cont 6 ſcore	00	01
Board: Pipe-boards the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	00	01

	s.	d.
Boratoes or Bombasing: Narrow the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	02
Bombasing: Broad the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	03
Books unbound, the Basket or Maund	00	08
Bowstaves the hundred cont. 6 score	00	02
Brass-Andirons, Leaver-cocks, Chaffing-dishes, and all other Brass or Lattin wrought, the hundred pound cont. 5 score	00	03
Brimstone the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	0½
Bristles the dozen pound	00	0½
Buckrams of *Germany* the dozen pieces	00	03
Buckrams of *France* the dozen pieces	00	02
Buffins, Lillies, or Mocadoes: Narrow the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	01
Buffins, Lillies, or Mocadoes: Broad the single piece, not above 15 yards	00	02
Bulrushes the Load	00	01
Burs for Millstones the hundred cont. 5 score	00	03
Butter the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01

C.

CAble-ropes for Cordage the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
Cabinets: Great the piece	00	02
Cabinets: Small the piece	00	01
Caddas, or Cruel Ribbon the dozen pieces, each piece cont. 36 yards	00	01
Candlewick the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
Candles of Tallow the dozen pound	00	0¼
Capers the hundred pound cont. 5 score	00	02
Capravens the hundred cont. 6 score	00	03
Cards: Playing-Cards the small groce cont. 12 dozen pair	00	02
Cards: Wooll-Cards the dozen pair	00	0¼
Carpets: *Turkey*, *Persia*, *East-India*, and *Venice*, long the piece	00	06
Carpets: Of the same or like sort, short the piece	00	04
Carpets of all other sorts the piece	00	0½

		s.	d.
Cases	for Looking-glasses gilt, from No. 3. to No. 10. the Dozen	00	1½
	for Looking-glasses ungilt, the dozen	00	0½
Chamlets, Mohairs, and Turky Grograms, each 15 yards		00	1½
Cheese the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		00	01
Cherries the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*		00	1½
Cloth	French-woollen, each 20 yards	00	08
	Scarlet the yard	00	01
Cochineile	Silvester, or Campecha the pound	00	0½
	of all other sorts the pound	00	01
Combs of Box or Light-wood, the groce cont. 12 dozen		00	0½
Copper Bricks, or Plates round or square, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*		00	04
Copperas, the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*		00	01
Coral rough or polisht, the Mast cont 2 *l.* ½		00	02
Cork the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*		00	01
Cork the dozen pieces for Shomakers		00	0¼

B

D.

		s.	d.
Deal-boards of all sorts, the hundred cont. 6 score		01	00
Dogs of earth, the small groce containing 12 dozen		00	1½
Durance, or Duretties	with thred, each 15 yards	00	1½
	with Silk, each 15 yards	00	02
Druggs.	Amber-greece the ounce	00	1½
	Aloes Cicatrina the pound	00	0½
	Barley huld, the hundred weight containing 112 *l.*	00	01
	Carraway and Cummin-seeds, the hundred weight	00	1½
	China-roots, the hundred pound cont. 5 score	01	06
	Civet the ounce	00	01
	Gum-Armoniack, the hundred containing 5 score	00	06

Druggs.

		s.	d.
Druggs.	Musk the ounce	00	01
	Musk Cods the dozen	00	01
	Senders white or red, the hundred cont. 5 score	00	06
	Treacle Common, the hundred cont. five score	00	02
	Turpentine Common the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	01

F.

	Feathers for Beds, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	02
Fish.	Cod-fish, the hundred cont. 6 score	00	04
	Cole-fish the hundred cont. 6 score	00	01
	Eels the barrel	00	01
	Eels quick the Ships lading	10	00
	Herrings white or red, the Last	00	06
	Lings the hundred cont. 6 score	00	06
	Lob-fish the C. cont. 6 score	00	02
	Croplings the C. cont. 6 score	00	01
	Tetling the C. cont. 6 score	00	0½
	Sturgion the Firkin	00	01
	Sturgion the Keg	00	0½
	Salmon the barrel	00	1½
Flax	undreſt, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	1½
	dreſt or wrought the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	04
	Flox, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	02
	Frankincenſe, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	1½
Fuſtian.	Barmilions the peice, or two half pieces, cont. 15 yards each half piece	00	02
	Naples Fuſtian, Tripp or Velvet the piece cont. 15 yards	00	02
Furr.	Beaver-ſkins the piece	00	0½
	Beaver-bellies or wombs, the dozen	00	04
	Budge tawed or untawed, the C. cont. five-ſcore	00	02

		s.	d.
Furr.	Fox-skins the hundred, containing five score	00	04
	Foynes without Tails, the dozen	00	1½

G.

	Ally-dishes, each 12 dozen	00	01
	Galls the hundred, cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Glass for Windows, the Chest or Case	00	03
	Glass *vocat.* Venice drinking Glasses the dozen	00	0½
Looking-glasses.	Half-peny-ware the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	0¼
	Peny-ware the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	0½
	Of Steel small the dozen	00	0½
	Of Steel large the dozen	00	01
	Of Chrystal small the dozen, under No. 6.	00	01
	Of Chrystal the dozen, No, 7, 8, 9, 10.	00	04
	Of Chrystal middle sort the dozen, No. 6.	00	02
	Of Chrystal the dozen, No. 11, & 12.	01	06
	Glass stone-plates for Spectacles rough, the dozen	00	0½
Glass-plates, or sights for Looking-glasses unfoyled.	Of Chrystal small, under No. 6. the dozen	00	0½
	Of Chrystal, No. 6. the doz.	00	01
	Of Chrystal, No. 7, 8, 9, 10. the dozen	00	02
	Of Chrystal, No. 11, 12. the dozen	01	00
	Gloves of Spanish-leather the dozen pair	00	0½
Grain for Dyers.	Of Scarlet powder the pound	00	0½
	Of Sevil in Berries, and grains of Portugal, or Rotta the pound	00	0¼
Grocery.	Almonds the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	03
	Anniseeds the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Cloves the hundred, cont. 5 score	01	06
	Corrants the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Dates the hundred weight, containing 112 pound	00	04
	Figs the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	01

Grocery.

		s.	d.
Grocery.	Fuſſes of Cloves, the hundred containing 5 ſcore	00	08
	Ginger the hundred pound cont. 5 ſcore	01	00
	Liquorice the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	1½
	Mace the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	02	00
	Nutmegs the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	01	06
	Pepper the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
	Prunes the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	01
	Raiſins great, or Malaga, the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	01
	Raiſins of the Sun, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Cinnamon the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	01	00
Sugar.	Refined, the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	10
	Candy brown or white, the hundred weight	00	08
	Muſcovadoes, and white, the hundred weight	00	04
	Saint Thome, and Paneal the hundred weight	00	02
Goats-hair the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore		00	06
Gunpowder the barrel cont. 112 pound		00	03
Gum-Arabick the hundred weight containing 112 pound		00	02

H.

Hawks of all ſorts, the Hawk		00	02
Hats	Baſt or Straw-hats knotted, the dozen	00	0¼
	Baſt or Straw-hats plain the groce containing 12 dozen	00	1½
	Wooll-felts the dozen	00	01
	Demi-caſtors the piece	00	0½
	Beaver-hats the piece	00	02
Headings for Pipes, Hogſheads or Barrels, the thouſand		00	02
Heath for Bruſhes the hund. weight, containing 112 pound		00	01
Hemp undreſt, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		00	01

	s.	d.
Hemp dreſt the C. weight containing 112 pound	00	02
Hides: Buff-Hides the piece	00	0½
Hides: Cow-Hides or Horſe-hides, the dozen Hides	00	03
Honey the barrel	00	1½
Horſes and Mares, each Horſe or Mare	00	06
Hops the C. weight	00	02

I.

INdico the hundred pound containing five-ſcore	02	00
Indico duſt, the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore	00	08
Incle: Wrought the dozen pound	00	1½
Incle: Roules the dozen pieces, containing 36 yards each piece	00	01
Incle: Unwrought the hundred pound cont. 5 ſcore	00	04
Iron wrought, the hundred containing 112 pound	00	01
Iron unwrought the Ton	00	06
Iron Pots the dozen	00	1½

L.

LAtten: Shaven Latten, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	06
LAtten: Black Latten the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	03
Lace: Bone-lace of thred, the dozen yards	00	0½
Lace: Silk-bone-lace, the pound cont. 16 ounces	00	02
Lace: Silk-lace of all other ſorts, the pound containing 16 ounces	00	01
Lemons: the thouſand	00	01
Lemons: Juice of Lemons the Pipe	00	06
Lemons: Pickled Lemons the Pipe	00	03
Linſeed the quarter	00	01
Leaves of Gold, the C. Leaves containing five-ſcore	00	0½
Lewres for Hawks, the dozen	00	0½

Leather

		s.	d.
Leather	Bazel-Leather, the dozen ſkins	00	0¼
	Hangings gilt, the piece	00	03
	Leather for Maſks, the dozen pound	00	02
Lutes the dozen		00	04
Lute-ſtrings, *vocat.*	Catlings the great groce, cont. 12 ſmall groce of knots	00	01
Minikins, the groce cont. 12 dozen knots		00	0½
Linen Brabant, Flemiſh, Emden	Britiſh-Cloth, the hundred Ells containing 5 ſcore	00	02
	Frieze-Cloth, Gentiſh-Holland, Iſinghams, Overiſly-Cloth, Rouſe-Linen, Cowfield, or Plats-Cloth, each 30 Ells	00	02
	Callicoes or Dutties, the piece	00	0½
	Cambricks the whole piece cont. 13 Ells	00	02
	Damaſk for Tabling. Of Holland making the dozen yards	00	04
	Damaſk for Tabling. Of Sletia making the dozen yards	00	02
	Damaſk for Towelling and Napkening. Of Holland making the dozen yards	00	02
	Damaſk for Towelling and Napkening. Of Sletia making the dozen yards	00	01
	Diaper for Tabling. Of Holland making the dozen yards	00	02
	Diaper for Tabling. Of Sletia making the dozen yards	00	01
	Diaper for Towelling and Napkening. Of Holland making the dozen yards	00	01
	Diaper for Towelling and Napkening. Of Sletia making the dozen yards	00	0½
	French or Normandy Canvas, and Line Narrow, Vandales, or Vittry Canvas, Dutch Barras, and Heſſens Canvas, the hundred Ells, cont. 6 ſcore	00	02
	Gutting, and Spruce Canvas, Drillings pack, Duck-hinderlins, Middle-good, Headlock, Muſco, Line Narrow Hambro Cloth, Narrow Iriſh Cloth the 100 Ells, cont. 6 ſcore	00	01

		s.	d.
Linen Brabant, Flemish, Embden.	Hambro and Sletia Cloth broad, the hundred Ells cont. 6 score	00	03
	Poledavies the Boult	00	01
	French Canvas and Line, Ell and half quarter broad or upwards, 6 score Ells	00	03
	Lawns: The whole piece containing 13 Ells	00	02
	Lawns: Callico Lawns the piece	00	0½
	Lawns: French Lawns the piece	00	0½
	Lockrams the piece of all sorts, cont. 106 Ells	00	1½
	Sowthwich the hundred Ells, cont. six-score	00	1½
	Strasbrough Linen, each 30 Ells	00	01
	Stript or tufted Canvas with thred, the piece cont. 15 yards	00	01
	Stript, tufted, or quilted Canvas with Silk, the piece cont. 15 yards	00	01
Letmus, the hundred weight containing 112 pound		00	01

M.

	MAlt the quarter	00	0½
	Magnus, the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	01
Masks of Velvet or Sattin, the dozen		00	01
Masts	Great the Mast	00	02
Masts	Middle the Mast	00	01
Masts	Small the Mast	00	0½
Maps Printed the Ream		00	01
Mader	Crop Mader, and all other bale Mader the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	02
Mader	Fat Mader the hundred weight, containing 112 pound	00	1½
Mader	Mull Mader the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	0½
Meal the Last cont. 12 barrels		00	04
Mocadoe ends, the dozen pound		00	1½

O. Oars

	s.	d.
O.		
Oars the hundred containing 6 score	00	04
Oats the quarter	00	0½
Oyls. Sevil, Oyl Majorca, Oyl Minorca, Oyl Provence, Portugal Oyl, and Sallet Oyl the Ton	02	08
Oyls. Rape and Linseed Oyl, the Ton	02	06
Oyls. Train Oyl of Greenland, or New-found-land, the Ton	01	04
Olives the Hogshead	00	04
Onions The hundred Bunches	00	01
Onions Seed the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	03
Oranges the thousand	00	01
Orchal the hundred weight, containing 112 pound	00	1½
P.		
Packthred the hundred pound, cont. five-score	00	1½
Pans, *vocat.* Dripping or Frying-pans, the hundr. cont. 112 pound	00	1½
Pans, *vocat.* Warming-pans the dozen	00	1½
Paper Brown the hundred bundles	00	06
Paper Of all other sorts, each fivescore Reams	01	08
Pease the quarter	00	0½
Pitch or Tar the Last	00	03
Plates Single white or black, the hundred plates	00	01
Plates Double white or black, the hundred plates	00	02
Pomegranates the thousand	00	02
Pork the barrel	00	1½
Pots. Of earth or stone covered, the hundred cont. 5 score	00	01
Pots. Of earth or stone uncovered, the hundred Cast cont. a Gallon to every Cast, whether in one pot or no	00	02

Q. Quails

Q.

	s.	d.
Quails the dozen	00	¼
Quickſilver, the hundred containing 5 ſcore	00	10
Quinces the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	½

R.

Rape-ſeed the quarter	00	01
Rozen the Ton	00	08
Rice, the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	01
Rye the quarter	00	½
Ryms for Sives, the groce cont. 12 dozen	00	½

S.

Saffron the pound	00	½
Safloure, the C. pound cont. 5 ſcore	00	4
Salt the Wey	00	02
Salt-petre, the hundred containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	1½
Sayes: Double Sayes, or Flanders Serges the piece	00	03
Sayes: Haunſcot and mild Sayes, the piece	00	02
Shumack the C. cont. 112 l.	00	1½
Silk: Bridges, Granadoes, Naples Organzine, Pole, and Spaniſh Satten Silk, Sleave Silk, fine and throwe Silk, the pound cont. 16 ounces	00	01
Silk: Raw China Silk, the pound containing 24 ounces	00	01
Silk: Ferret or Floret Silk, Fillozel, Sleave Silk courſe, the pound containing 16 ounces	00	½
Silk: Raw long Silk, the pound containing 24 ounces	00	½
Silk: Raw ſhort Silk, and raw Morea Silk, the pound cont. 24 ounces	00	¼
Silk-Stockings the pair	00	½
Silks wrought: Boratoes of ſilk, Catalopher, China Damaſk, ſilk Chamlet, China Grograms, Tabby, Grograms, Philoſelloes, narrow Tabbies of ſilk, Towers Taffaty the dozen yards	00	02

		s.	d.
Silks wrought.	Silk Grograms narrow, silk Say, Calimancoes, and Philoſelloes broad the dozen yards	00	03
	Silk Grograms, broad Caffa or Damaſk, the dozen yards	00	04
	Sattens: Of Bolonia, Lukes, Jeanes, and others of like making, the dozen yards	00	06
	Sattens: Bridges, China, and Turkey Satten, the dozen yards	00	01
	Sarcenets: Of Bolonia or Florence, the dozen Ells	00	1½
	Sarcenets: Of China the dozen Ells	00	01
	Sypers: Of Silk broad, the dozen yards	00	0½
	Sypers: Of Silk narrow, each twenty four yards	00	0¼
	Taffety: Ell-broad, each dozen yards	00	02
	Taffety: China and Levant, each dozen yards	00	0½
	Velvets: China Velvets, each dozen yards	00	01
	Velvets: All other Velvets or Pluſhes, each dozen yards	00	06
Skins	Cordivant-ſkins the dozen	00	02
	Goats-ſkins in the hair, the dozen	00	01
	Kids-ſkins of all ſorts, the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	00	02
Smalts, the hundred containing 5 ſcore		00	04
Spars	Bomſpars, the hundred containing ſix ſcore	00	03
	Cantſpars, the hundred containing ſix ſcore	00	02
	Small Spars, the hundred containing ſix ſcore	00	01
Stones	Dog-ſtones the Laſt	00	06
	Marble-ſtones the Ton	00	08
	Mil-ſtones the piece	00	06
	Quern-ſtones the Laſt	00	03
Sword-blades the dozen		00	01

		s.	d.
Staves	Pipe or Hogſhead-ſtaves, the thouſand	00	06
	Barrel-ſtaves the thouſand	00	03
	Firkin-ſtaves the thouſand	00	1½
Steel	Long-ſteel, Wiſp-ſteel, and ſuch like, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	02
	Gad-ſteel the half barrel	00	04
Succad wet or dry, the hundred containing 5 ſcore		00	10
Syder the Ton		00	04

T.

Tallow, the hundred weight containing 112 pound		00	01
Tapiſtry.	With hair, the hundred Flemiſh Ells, containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	With Wooll the hundred Flemiſh Ells, cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
	With Cadas the hundred Flemiſh Ells, cont. 5 ſcore	01	00
	With Silk the dozen Flemiſh Ells	00	02
Tarras the Barrel		00	0¼
Teazles the thouſand		00	0¼
Tykes Of all ſorts, the Tyke		00	1½
Thred	Bridges-thred, the dozen pound	00	01
	Out-nal-thred, the dozen pound	00	01
	Whited-brown, or piecing-thred, the dozen pound	00	1½
	Siſters thred the pound	00	0½
	Lyons or Paris thred, the bale cont. 100 Bolts	00	08
Tobacco	Spaniſh, Verinus, Brazeile Tobacco, the hundred containing five ſcore	02	00
	Saint Chriſtophers Tobacco, or the like, the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore	00	06

	s.	d.
Tow the hundred, containing an hundred and 12 pound	00	0½
Tiles, *vocat.* Pan-tiles, or Flanders Tyles the thouſand	00	02

W.

WAx the hundred containing 112 pound	00	04
Wainſcots the hundred, containing five ſcore	00	06
Whalefins, the dozen fins	00	01
Wheat the quarter, containing 8 buſhels	00	01
Woad: Iſland Woad the Ton	01	00
Woad: Tholoſo Woad, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	01
Wood: Box-wood the thouſand pieces	00	02
Wood: Brazile, or Farnandobuck-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pound	00	03
Wood: Brazeletto or Jamaica-wood, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	01
Wood: Fuſtick the hundred containing 112 pound	00	0½
Wood: Red or Guinny-wood, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	02
Wood: Sweet-wood of Weſt-India, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	01
Wooll: Beaver-wooll the pound	00	01
Wooll: Cotton-wooll the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore	00	03
Wooll: Iriſh: Combed the hundred, cont. 5 ſcore	00	04
Wooll: Iriſh: Uncombed the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	02
Wooll: Eaſtridge-wooll, the hundredweight cont. 112 pound	00	02
Wooll: Polonia-wooll, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	03
Wooll: French-wooll, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	02

Lambs

		s.	d.
Wooll	Lambs-wooll, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	03
	Spaniſh-wooll, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	04
	Red-wooll the pound	00	0¼
Wire, *vocat.* Latten Wire, and all other Wire the hundred weight cont. 112 pound		00	04
Wine Eager the Ton		00	06
Gaſcoign, French-wine, and all other Wines of the growth of the French Kings Dominion, the Ton		02	00
Rheniſh-wine the Aume		00	06
Muſkadel, and all other Wines of the growth of the Levant, the Butt		01	00
Sacks, Canaries, Malagaes, Maderaes, Romneys, Baſtards, Tents and Alicants, the Butt or Pipe		01	00

Y.

Yarn	Cable Yarn, the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	01
	Camel Grogram, or Mohair yarn the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	01	06
	Cotton yarn, the hundred containing five-ſcore	00	04
	Iriſh yarn the Pack, containing 400 weight, at ſix ſcore pound to the hundred.	00	06
	Raw Linen yarn, Dutch or French, the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	00	04
	Spruce or Muſcovia yarn the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	02

All other Goods not mentioned in this Table, ſhall pay for Scavage Duties Inwards, after the Rate of one Peny in the Pound, according as they are expreſſed or valued in his Majeſties late Book of Rates, and all other not expreſſed therein, ſhall pay the ſame Rates according to the true value.

Guil. London. *H. Mancheſter.*
Jo. Bramſton. *Edw. Littleton.*

Note,

Note, that all great Baulks eight Inches ſquare and upwards, are by the Three and twentieth Article annexed to the Book of Rates, reputed Timber, and valued at 3 *d.* the Foot, 50 Foot making one Load, the value of which is Twelve ſhillings ſix pence. And the Subſidy for one Load is $\frac{5}{8}$ of one Peny, or one half-peny and half one farthing, out of which the 5 *per Cent.* is to be deducted.

THE

THE PACKAGE TABLE OF RATES.

	s.	d.
A.		
Anetto the hundred containing five-score pound	00	03
Aqua vitæ the Hogſhead	00	04
Argol white or red, the hundr. weight cont. 112 pound	00	1½
Aſhes: Pot-aſhes the barrel, containing two hundred weight	00	02
Aſhes: Soap-aſhes the Laſt	01	00
Awl-blades for Shomakers, the thouſand	00	0½
B.		
Barrillia or Saffora, the barrel containing two hundred weight	00	04
Beer the Ton	00	06
Birding ſhot-lead, the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	02
Books the Maund	01	00
Bottles of glaſs covered with leather, the dozen	00	01
Brimſtone the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
Bruſhes the dozen	00	0½
Broken glaſs the Barrel	00	¼
Buttons, *viz.* Braſs, Steel, Copper, or Lattin Buttons, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce	00	01
Buttons, *viz.* Hair Buttons the great groce	00	01
Buttons, *viz.* Silk Buttons the great groce	00	0½
Buttons, *viz.* Thred Buttons the great groce	00	¼

Buckweed

	s.	d.
Buckweed the quarter	00	01
Buckrams of all ſorts, the dozen pieces	00	02

C.

Caps for Sailers, Monmouth, and others, the dozen	00	01
Canary-ſeed the buſhel	00	0½
Cloaks old the piece	00	0½
Copperas the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	1½
Cochineal. Silveſter or Campechia, the pound	00	01
Cochineal. Of all other ſorts, the pound	00	01
Cobweb Lawns, each 12 yards	00	01

D.

Drugs, *vocat.*

Aſafetida, Gum-Armoniack, Gum-lack, Olibanum, and Saſſafras-wood, the C. cont. 5 ſcore pound	00	06
Caſſia fiſtula, the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	08
Caſſia Lignea, the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	08
Cubebs, the C. cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
Rubarb the pound	00	01
Scamony the pound	00	01

E.

Elephants Teeth, the hundred cont. five ſcore pound	00	04
Eaſtridge Feathers undreſt, the pound	00	0½

F.

Filling of Iron, called Swarf, the barrel	00	02
Flaſks of Horn, the dozen	00	01
Flax dreſt the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	04
Flax undreſt the hundred weight cont. 112 pound.	00	02
Frankincenſe the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	1½
Fiſh Herrings full or ſhotten, the Laſt	00	06
Fiſh Stockfiſh of all ſorts, the Laſt	00	06
Fuſtians Engliſh Millain the piece, cont. two half pieces of 15 yards the piece	00	01
Fuſtians Venetian Engliſh-make, each 15 yards	00	01

G. Galls

	G.	s.	d.
	Galls the C. weight cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Glew the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
	Glovers Clippings, the Maund or Basket	00	1½
Grains	Scarlet-powder, and of Sevil in Berries, & Grain of Portugal, or Rota, the 100 *l.*	02	06
Grains	Grain French, or Guinny, the 100 *l.*	00	04
Garble	Of Cloves the 100 *l.* cont. 5 score	00	04
Garble	Of Almonds the C. weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
Garble	Of Ginger the 100 *l.* cont. 5 score	00	01
Garble	Of Mace the 100 *l.* cont. 5 score	00	09
Garble	Of Pepper the 100 *l.* cont. 5 score	00	03
Gloves.	Bucks-leather the dozen pair	00	01
Gloves.	Gloves with Silk-fringe, and faced with Taffaty, the dozen pair	00	01
Gloves.	Gloves lined with Coney, or Lamb-skin, or plain, the dozen pair	00	0½
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Almonds the hundred weight cont. an hundred and twelve pound	00	02
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Aniseeds the C. weight, cont. an hundred and twelve pound	00	02
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Cloves the hundred pound, containing 5 score	01	00
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Corrants C. weight, containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	03
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Dates the C. weight, cont. an hundred and twelve pound	00	04
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Figgs the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	0½
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Ginger the hundred pound, containing 5 score	00	09
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Liquorice the C. weight, cont. an hundred and twelve pound	00	1½
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Mace the C. pound cont. 5 score	01	06
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Nutmegs the C. cont. 5. score	01	00
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Pepper the C. cont. 5 score	00	06
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Prunes the C. weight cont. an hundred and twelve pound	00	0½
Grocery, *viz.at.*	Raisins great, and Malaga the C. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	01

Raisins

		s.	d.
Grocery voc.	Rayſons of the Sun the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	02
	Sugar-candy the hundr. cont. 112 *l.*	00	08
	Sugar of S. *Thome*, and Paneals the hundr. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	03
	Sugar of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 *l.*	00	06
	Cinamon the 100 *l.* cont. Five ſcore	01	00

H.

	HEmp the hundred weight, containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	1½
Hats.	Beaver Hats the piece	00	02
	Demy-Caſtors the piece	00	01
	Felt-Hats plain the dozen	00	1½
	Felt-hats lined or faced the dozen	00	02
Hair.	Coney-hair the 100 *l.* cont. five ſcore	00	04
	Of Gaots or Kids the hundred, containing five ſcore	00	04
	Ox or Cowtail hair the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	0½
Horns.	Ink-horns the ſmall groce, cont. twelve dozen	00	0½
	Horns of Lanthorns the thouſand leaves	00	02
	Tips of Horns the thouſand	00	01
	Hops the hundred weight, containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	02

I.

	INdico of all ſorts the hundred pound cont. five ſcore	01	00
	Indico-duſt, the 100 containing five ſcore	00	06
	India Hides the hundred, cont. five ſcore	01	06
	Iriſh Rugs the piece	00	01
	Iron the Ton unwrought	00	06
	Iron wrought, the hundred weight containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	01
	Iron Spurs the dozen pair	00	01
	Ivory Combs the dozen pound	00	02

K.

	s.	d.
Knives voc. London Knives ordinary, the ſmall groſs	00	03
Sheffield Knives the ſmall groce	00	1½
Shoe-makers Paring-knives the ſmall groce	00	0½

L.

Lace. Bone-lace of thred, the dozen yards	00	0½
Silk-lace the pound, cont. 16 ounces	00	1½
Lamparns the thouſand	00	1½
Lead the Fother	00	08
Lemons pickled the Pipe	00	03
Lemon Juice the Pipe	00	06
Linſeed the quarter	00	01
Linen vocat. Calico the piece	00	00½
Cambricks two half pieces, cont. 13 Ells	00	01½
Damasks for Tabling of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	02
Damask for Towelling and Napkening of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	01
Diaper for Tabling of all ſorts, the dozen yards	00	01
Diaper for Towelling and Napkening of all other ſorts, the dozen yards	00	0½
Lawns the piece cont. 13 Ells	00	1½
Linen-cloth, called Brabant, Embden, Flemiſh, Freeze, Gentiſh, Holland, Iſinghams, Overiſils, and Rouſe-cloth, each 30 Ells	00	02
French or Normandy Canvas the hundred Ells cont. ſix ſcore	00	03
Dutch, Barras, Heſſens, Vittry Canvas the hundred Ells cont. ſix ſcore	00	03
Canvas tuſted, or quilted with Copper, Silk or Thred, or ſuch like, the piece cont. 15 yards	00	01
Linen ſhreds the Maund	00	02

M.

MAther, all but mull Mather, the hundred weight cont. an hundred and twelve pound.	00	02

Molaſſes

	s.	d.
Molaſſes the Hogſhead	00	04
Muſtard-ſeed the 100 weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	0½

N.

Nails	C Hair Nails, Braſs or Copper the thouſand	00	0½
	Copper Nails, Roſe-nails, and Sadlers Nails, the ſum cont. 10000	00	0½

O.

	Oker red or yellow the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
	Onion-ſeed the hundred weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	04
	Orchal the hund. weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
	Ox-bones the thouſand	00	01
	Ox-guts the barrel	00	02
Oyl.	Sevil, Majorca, Minorca-oyl, Provence, Portugal, Linſeed, or Rape-oyl the Ton	01	04
	Train or Whale-oyl the Ton	00	08

P.

	Paper, Printing and Copy-paper the hundred Reams, cont. five ſcore	01	06
	Pewter the hundred weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	04

R.

	Rapeſeed the quarter	00	01
	Rape Cakes the thouſand	00	0½
	Red-lead the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
	Red-earth the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	0¼
	Rice the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l*	00	01
	Rozen the Ton	00	06

S.

	Saffron the pound	00	01
	Salt the Wey	00	02
	Salt-petre the hund. weight, cont. 112 *l.*	00	02
	Seamorſe-teeth, the hund. pound cont. 5 ſcore	00	10
	Sea-coals the Chalder	00	04
Stockings	Childrens Stockings the dozen pair	00	0½
	Kerſie, or Leather the dozen pair	00	01
	Silk Stockings the pair	00	0½
	Worſted Stockings the dozen pair	00	02
	Wollen knit Stockings, the dozen pair	00	1½

		s.	d.
Shumack the hund. weight, cont. 112 l.		00	02
Skins and Furs	Badger-skins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	06
	Beaver-skins the hund. cont. five ſcore	02	06
	Cat-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	04
	Calve-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	03
	Coney-ſkins gray tawed, ſeaſoned, or Stag the hund. cont. ſix ſcore	00	02
	Coney-ſkins black the hundred cont. ſix ſcore	00	2½
	Elk-ſkins the piece	00	0½
	Fitches the Timber	00	01
	Fox-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	08
	Jennet-ſkins black, ſeaſoned or raw, the ſkin	00	0½
	Kid-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	02
	Lamb-ſkins tawed, or in Oyl, the hund. cont. ſix ſcore	00	06
	Morkins tawed or raw, the hund. cont. ſix ſcore	00	04
	Otter-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	08
	Rabbet-ſkins the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	01
	Sheep-ſkins the hund. cont. ſix ſcore	00	06
	Sheep-pelts the hund. cont. five ſcore	00	03
	Squirrel-ſkins the thouſand	00	03
Silk	Raw of all ſorts the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	00	01
	Nubs or Husks of Silk, the hund. cont. 21 ounces to the pound	00	04
	Engliſh Throwne the pound contain. 16. ounces	00	01
Silver, vocat. Quickſilver, the hund. cont. five ſcore		00	08
Slip the barrel		00	01
Stuffs vocat.	Buffins the piece broad, cont. 14 yards	00	02
	Buffins the piece narrow, cont. 14 yards	00	01
	Bridgewaters the piece	00	02
	Carrels the piece	00	01
	Camelians the piece, cont. 25 yards	00	02

Chamlets

		s.	d.
Stuffs vocat.	Chamlets or Grograms the piece, containing about 14 or 15 yards	00	02
	Dammoſelloes, or Damaſins the piece	00	02
	Durance the piece	00	01
	Dimity each 30 yards	00	01
	Floramedoes the piece	00	01
	Figurettoes the piece	00	02
	Hangings of Briſtol, or Stript Stuff, the piece	00	04
	Linſey-Woolſey the piece	00	1½
	Liles the piece, broad or narrow, not above 15 yards	00	02
	Mocadoes ſingle or tufted, the piece cont. 14 yards	00	01
	Mocadoes double, the piece containing 28 yards	00	02
	Mohairs, the piece, cont. about 15 yards	00	1½
	Meſcelauney, the piece cont. 30 yards	00	01
	Perpetuanoes the yard broad, piece	00	02
	Perpetuanoes, the piece Ell broad	00	2½
	Paragon, or Paropus the piece	00	02
	Pyramides, or Marimuff — the narrow piece	00	01
	Pyramides, or Marimuff — the broad piece	00	02
	Raſhes of all ſorts the piece about twenty four yards	00	04
	Sayes called Hounſcot Sayes, or milled, the piece	00	03
	Sayes of all other ſorts, the piece	00	2½
	Serges the ſingle piece yard-broad, containing 12 yards	00	02
	Serges double, the piece yard-broad, cont. 24 yards	00	03
Soap	Hard Caſtle the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	02
	The Barrel	00	03
Succad wet or dry, the 100 pound containfive ſcore		00	08
Spectacles without Caſes, the 12 dozen		00	0½

		s.	d.
	T.		
T	Allow the hundred weight, containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	01
Tapistry	With hair the hundr. Flemish Ells, cont. five score	00	04
	With Wooll the hund. Flemish Ells, cont. five score	00	06
	With Cadas the hund. Flemish Ells, cont. five score	01	00
	With Silk the dozen Flemish Ells	00	02
Taffety	Ell-broad the dozen yards	00	02
	Silk Tuff-taffety broad, the dozen yards	00	04
	Silk Tuff-taffety narrow, the dozen yards	00	02
Thred whited brown, or coloured, the dozen pound		00	01
Tiffany, each dozen yards		00	01
Tobacco	Spanish the hundred, containing five score	02	00
	Of all other sorts the hundr. cont. five score	00	06
Tin	wrought the hundred, containing an hundred and twelve pound	00	04
	unwrought the hundred weight, containing 112 pound	00	3½
Thred Points the great groce		00	0½
	V.		
V	Elures English the piece single	00	01
	English the double piece	00	02
Vinegar of Wine the Ton		00	2½
	W.		
W	Ax English Wax the hun. weight cont. 112 l.	00	04
	English hard Wax the hundr. cont. 5 score	00	08
Woollen Drapery, &c.	Bays the single piece	00	02
	Bays the double piece	00	04
	Minikin Bays the piece	00	06
	Broad Cloth the short piece, cont. 24 yards	00	06

Woollen

		s.	d.
Woollen Drapery, &c.	Broad Cloath the long piece containing 32 yards.	00	08
	Cottons of all ſorts the hundr. Goads	00	06
	Devonſhire dozens the piece	00	01
	Frizadoes the piece	00	03
	Kerſies of all ſorts the piece	00	02
	Liſts of Cloth the 1000 yards	00	06
	Northern dozens ſingle the piece	00	03
	Northern dozens double the piece	00	05
	Spaniſh Cloth Engliſh making, each 20 yards	00	06
	Peniſtones the piece	00	02
Waſtcoats	of Kerſie, or Flannel the dozen	00	02
	of Wollen knit the dozen	00	04
	of Worſted knit the piece	00	0½
	wrought with Cruel the piece	00	0¼
	wrought with Silk the piece	00	01
Wooll	Cotten Wooll the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore	00	03
	Eſtrich Wooll the hundr. weight containing 112 pound	00	02
	French Wooll the hundred cont. 112 pound	00	02
	Spaniſh wooll the hundred weight, cont. 112 pound	00	04
	Wormſeed the hundred pound containing 5 ſcore	00	06
Wood	Box wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	0½
	Brazile wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	03
	Ebony wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	1½
	Fuſtick wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	0½
	Red wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pounds	00	1½
Wine	French Wines of all ſorts the Ton	00	08
	Muſcadel and Wines of the Levant, the Butt	00	06

		s.	d.
Wine	Sacks, Canaries, Maderaes, Romneys and Hullocks the Butt or Pipe	00	06

Y.

Yarn vocat.	Cotton Yarn the hun. cont. 5 ſcore	00	04
	Grogram, or Mohair Yarn the hund. cont. 5 ſcore	01	06
	Raw Linen Yarn of all ſorts the hundred pound	00	04

All other Goods not mentioned in this Table, ſhall pay for Package Duties, after the rate of One peny in the pound, according as they are expreſſed, or valued in his Majeſties late Book of Rates; and all other not expreſſed therein, ſhall pay the ſame Rate according to their true value.

For every Entry in the Packers Book for writing Bills, to each Entry Outward, as uſually they have done, 12 *d.*

The Strangers ſhall pay the labouring Porters for making up their Goods, at their own charge, as always they have done.

The Strangers ſhall pay the Water-ſide Porters belonging to the Package-Office, ſuch Fees and Duties, for Landing and Shipping their Goods, as they have uſually paid within theſe Ten years laſt paſt.

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THE BALLIAGE DUTIES OUTWARDS.

		s.	d.
Beer the Ton		00	04
Canvas the hundred Ells, containing fix score		00	02
Coals the Chalder		00	01
Drapery of Woollen or Worſted	Broad Cloth the piece	00	1½
	Kerſies of all ſorts the piece	00	½
	Perpetuanoes the piece	00	½
	Stuffs, Woollen or Worſted the ſingle piece	00	½
	Stuffs, Woollen or Worſted the double piece	00	01
Dying Commodities	Cocheneale the hundred cont. 5 ſcore *l.*	01	00
	Indico the hundred containing 5 ſcore	00	04
	Wood of all ſorts for Dyers the hund. weight cont. 112 *l.*	00	01
Fuſtians Engliſh making, each fifteen yards		00	½
Flax or Hemp the hund. weight cont. 112 *l.*		00	01
Grocery	Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, or Sinnamon the hund. cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
	Pepper or Ginger the hundred contain- 5 ſcore	00	02
	Reyſons the piece or frail	00	½
	Rayſons Solis the hundred weight cont. 112 pound.	00	01

		s.	d.
Iron	the Ton unwrought	00	06
	wrought the hundred weight containing 112 pound	00	01
Lamprons the thouſand		00	½
Lead the Fother		00	06
Saffron the pound		00	½
Salt the Wey		00	02
Salt-petre the hundred weight containing 112 pound		00	01
Silk raw, or thrown Silk the pound containing 16 ounces		00	¼
Skins and Furs	Beaver ſkins the hundred containing five ſcore	01	06
	Badger ſkins the hundred containing five ſcore	00	06
	Coney ſkins black the hundr. containing ſix ſcore	00	02
	Cat ſkins the hundred cont. 5 ſcore	00	02
	Calve ſkins the hundr. cont. 5 ſcore	00	02
	Fox ſkins the hundr. cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
	Fitches the Timber	00	01
	Morkins the hundr. cont. 6 ſcore	00	02
	Otter ſkins the hundr. cont. 5 ſcore	00	06
	Sheep or Lamb-ſkins the hundred cont. 6 ſcore	00	02
	Squirrel ſkins the thouſand	00	01
Tin or Pewter the hundred weight containing 112 pound		00	02
Wax the hundred weight, containing 112 pound		00	02
Wooll of all ſorts the hundred containing 112 pound		00	02

Other

Other Merchandizes Liquid or Dry, that are not particularly Rated in this Table, ſhall pay Balliage Duties Outwards by their Bulk, as followeth; *Viz.*

	s.	d.
A Great Packet or Fardle, cont. betwixt 15 or 20 Clothes, or other Goods to that proportion	01	06
An ordinary Pack, Truſſes or Fardle, containing in bigneſs about 10 or 12 Clothes, 12 or 14 Bays, or to the like proportion in Freezes, Cottons, or other Goods	01	00
A Bale cont. 3 or 4 Cloths, 4 or 5 Bays, or the like proportion in other Goods	00	06
For a great Maund, or great Basket	00	08
For a ſmall Maund or Basket, weighing three hundr. weight, or under	00	04
For a Hamper or Coffer, weighing two hundred weight, or under	00	03
For a Butt or Pipe	00	08
For a Hogſhead or Puncheon	00	04
For a Barrel	00	02
For a Firkin	00	01
For a Dry-Fatt	00	08
For a Drum-Fatt	00	04
For a Bale	00	06
For a great Cheſt or great Caſe	00	08
For a ſmall Cheſt or Caſe, cont. three hundred weight, or under	00	04
For a ſmall Box	00	02
For a great Trunk	00	06
For a ſmall Trunk not above 200 weight	00	03
For a Bag or Sack	00	04
For a Seron	00	03

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THE PACKERS WATER-SIDE PORTERS TABLE OF DUTIES,

For Landing Strangers Goods, and of the like Duties or Rates to be paid unto them for Shipping out their Goods.

	s.	d.
For a Butt of Corans	01	04
For a Carateal of Corans	00	08
For a Quarterole of Corans	00	04
For a Bag of Corans	00	04
For pieces of Rayſons the Ton	01	08
For a Barrel of Rayſons	00	04
For all ſorts of Punchions	00	06
For a Barrel of Figs	00	02
For Topnets and Frails of Figs *per* Ton	01	08
For Brazile, or other Wood for Dying, *per* Ton	01	08
For Iron the Ton	01	02

For

	s.	d.
For Copperas the Ton	01	02
For Oyl, Wine, or Vinegar *per* Ton	01	02
For Hemp and Flax the Laſt	01	08
For looſe Flax and Towe the 100 weight	00	02
For a great Bag of Towe	00	08
For a ſmall Bag of Towe	00	04
For a great Bag of Hops	00	08
For a Packet, or little Bag of Hops	00	04
For Packs, Truſſes, Fats, or Maunds *per* piece	00	08
For a great Cheſt	00	08
For a ſmall Cheſt	00	04
For all Caſes, Barrels or Bales, *per* piece	00	04
For a Bale of Mather	00	08
For a Bale of Ginger, or Shumack, containing 400 weight	00	08
For a Fagot of Steel	00	01
For any Serrions the piece	00	04
For a Fatt of Pot-aſhes	00	08
For a Laſt of Soap-aſhes	01	00
For a Laſt of Pitch or Tar	01	00
For a Laſt of Fiſh	01	00
For Wainſcots the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	05	00
For Clap-boards the 100 cont. 6 ſcore	00	06
For Deal-boards the hundred containing ſix ſcore	01	04
For a great Maſt	05	00
For a middle Maſt	02	06
For a ſmall Maſt	01	03
For great Balks the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	05	00
For middle Balks the hundred containing ſix ſcore	02	06
For ſmall Balks the hundred containing ſix ſcore	01	03
For a Milſtone	05	00
For a Dogſtone	02	06
For a Woolfſtone	02	00
For a Yardſtone	00	03

	s.	d.
For a Grindleſtone	01	00
For a Step-ſtone, or Grave-ſtone	00	08
For Quernſtones the Laſt	01	00
For Emery-ſtones the Ton	01	02
For ten hundred weight Holland Cheeſe	01	00
For Rozen the Ton	01	02
For Woad the Ton	01	02
For a Cheſt of Sugar	00	06
For half Wainſcots the hundred containing ſix ſcore	02	06
For raw Hides the 100 cont. 5 ſcore	05	00
For Bomſpars the hund. cont. 6 ſcore	00	06
For ſmall Spars the hund. cont. 6 ſcore	00	04
For ends of Bomſpars the 100 cont. 6 ſcore	00	09
For a Horſe, Gelding or Mare	02	06
For Allum the Ton	01	08
For Heath for Bruſhes the hundred weight cont. 112 pound	00	01
For Iron Pots the dozen	00	03
For Rings of Wyer, looſe the Ring	00	0½
For Pipe-ſtaves the thouſand	02	06
For Rheniſh Wine the Aume	00	06
For Burſtones the hundred, containing five ſcore	02	06
For half Packs of Teazels the piece	00	04
For Wicker Bottles the dozen	00	0½
For Stone Pots the hund. cont 5 ſcore	00	01
For looſe Fiſh the hund. Landing	00	03
For a Barrel of Salmon	00	02
For a Barrel of Stub Eels	00	02
For a Bundle of Basket Rods	00	0½
For a Ton of Cork	01	08
For a thouſand of Ox-bones	01	00
For a thouſand Tips of Horns	00	06
For a thouſand Shank-bones	01	00
For Brimſtone the Ton looſe	01	03
For a Fodder of Lead	01	02
For Ryms for Sieves the Load	01	00
For a Load of Fanns	01	00

	s.	d.
For a Load of Bulruſhes	00	08
For a hundred Reams of Paper looſe	01	00
For a Barrel of Tarras	00	02
For a Barrel of Lings	00	02
For a Kegg of Sturgion	00	0½
For Iron Backs for Chimneys the piece	00	01
For one hund. weight of Elephants Teeth	00	01
For Copper and Iron Plates *per* piece	00	0½
For a hund. ſmall Barrels of Blacking	01	00
For a dozen of Scales	00	01
For a hund. of Oars	02	06
For every twenty Sugar Flags	00	04
For a Barrel of Shot	00	04
For a Bundle of Canes	00	01
For a Cage of Quails	00	04
For a Cage of Pheſants	00	04
For a Cage of Hawks	00	04
For a Winch of Cable-yarn	00	04
For a Firkin of Shot	00	02

All other Goods not mentioned in this Table, ſhall pay Portage Duties, as other Goods do of like Bulk, or condition herein expreſſed.

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